St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL XXXII. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, AUGUST 25, 1884. NO. 352.

LEUBRIES

ARMY OF BARGAINS!

At 5c, Yard-Wide Bleached and Unbleached Muslin, heavy Canton Flannel and Standard Fall Dress and Shirting Prints.
At 6c, the best Seersucker, in blue and brown, and genuine Indigo Blue Prints, newest styles.

ALL DAY MONDAY THE LEADING BRANDS

Hill's Semper Idem, 7 1-2c; from 10c.
Fruit of Loom, yard wide, 8c; from 10c.
Lonsdale 4-4 Soft Muslin, 8c; from 10c.
Yard-wide Nainsook Plaids, 7 1-2c; from 12 1-2c.
Yard-wide Lansdowne Cambric, 9c; from 12 1-2c.
10-4 Bleached Sheeting, 20c; worth 30c.
Heavy Feather-proof Ticking, 8c; worth 12 1-2c.
21 pieces Pique, 4c; worth 10c.
At 30c, a Pure Linen Damask Towel, 50 inches long.
At $1 25, a dozen All-Linen Huck Towels.
At 60c and 75c, extra large Honey Comb Spreads.
A lot of 100 dozen All-Linen Napkins at the ridiculous price of 39c per dozen.
Turkey Red Damask, 33c; worth 60c.
Pure Linen Cream Table Damask, 24c, 29c and 35c; were 40c, 50c and 65c.
25 pieces Check Glass Toweling, 5c a yard.
24-inch Cashmere, 10c; all colors.
36-inch Debeige at 15c; from 25c.
30-inch Cashmere, newest shaces, 12 1-2c.
All-Wool Plaids, 22 1-2c, from 35c; newest styles and colorings.
24-inch Imported Black Velveteen, 45c; a bargain at 60c.
At 98c, elegant Black Silks, worth $1 50.
26-inch Rhadames at $1 13; cheap at $1 50; black and all colors.
At 49c, elegant quality Satin, black and colors.
At 45c, a splendid fitting 65c Corset.
350 Odd Children's Merino Vests and Pants at 25c on the dollar.
Ladies' Full Reg. Hose, in Striped, Solid and Balbriggan, 21c; cheap at 39c.
At 6 1-4c, Children's Brown Mixed Ribbed Hose; worth 10c.
At 8 1-3c, Ladies' Black and Colored Half Regular Hose.
At 10c, Ladies' Plain and Striped 20c Hose.
1,000 odd pair Children's Full Regular Hose, 10c, 12 1-2c, 15c, 19c; were 25c to 40c.
100 Mosquito Bars, 33c; from 60c.
Best 5-4 Oil Cloth, 21c; elsewhere 25c.
10 dozen Elegant Twilled Silk Umbrellas, Paragon Frame, $2 48; worth $4.

HEADQUARTERS for LATEST NOVELTIES in JEWELRY.

Lace Pins, 5c, 10c, 12c, 15c, 19c; elsewhere 25c to 50c.
Baby Pins and Cuff Pins, 10c a pair; regular 25c.
Bangle Bracelets, 10c, 19c, 23c, 29c, 33c; sold for double all over the city.
Medallions, 21 different styles, 10c, 15c and 19c; sold universally at 75c and $1.
100 gross Dress Buttons, 5c a card (of 2 dozen); worth 15c a dozen.
150 dozen Colored Border Handkerchiefs, 25c a dozen.
21 pieces Silk Dress Fringe, 15c; worth 50c and 75c yard.
25 dozen Ladies' Canvas and Leather Belts, 14c, 19c, 23c, 25c, 29c.

KID GLOVES! KID GLOVES!

On Monday, and until all are sold, 500 dozen Tried-on Kid Gloves, Genuine Foster and Mousquetaires, all lengths and sizes, in black and colored, at the uniform price of 49 CENTS; all of them worth from $1 50 to $3.
200 pieces assorted Ribbons, Nos. 5 to 30, from 5c, 7 1-2c, 10c, 12 1-2c and up, being about one-fourth of regular price.
For Monday, 25 pieces 7-inch Sash Ribbon, all shades, 29c; regular 60c goods.
Headquarters for Lowest Prices on Blankets, Comforts, Flannels, etc.
Unlaundried Shirts, Scarlet and Merino Underwear, Half Hose, Ties, Suspenders and Gents' Handkerchiefs, at wonderful prices.

Jerseys. Jerseys.

ALL QUALITIES AND PRICES.

Special Sale Plain Jerseys, 79c; worth $1 25.
50 Elegant Silk Wraps, your choice for $5; worth $12 50 and $15.
200 Worsted Dresses from $2 50, $3 50, $5 and $7 50; just to keep our hands busy.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

All the newest FALL SHAPES, together with BIRDS, BREASTS, CORONETS, PLUMES and TIPS, will be displayed this week, at 10 PER CENT ABOVE COST. We shall as heretofore continue the

LEADERS IN LOWEST PRICES.

LEUBRIES

615, 617 and 619 North Fifth Street.

N. B.—Orders from the Country WILL NOT receive attention UNLESS ACCOMPANIED BY THE CASH.

SEE THE INDUCEMENTS WE OFFER

GINGHAMS.

The Most Attractive Stock of Ginghams in this Market.

JEANS.

Full lines of all Colors and Qualities at prices that defy competition.

CLOAKS.

Immense Stock which every buyer should examine before purchasing elsewhere.

J. H. WEAR, BOOGHER & CO.

Wholesale Dry Goods,

SIXTH AND ST. CHARLES STREETS.

LATEST EDITION.

A RED HOT SERMON.

Mr. Thompson, a Baptist Preacher, Discusses Cannibalism.

He Deplores the Revelations in Connection With the Greely Party—But He Describes the Present Presidential Scandals as the Worst Form of That Evil—His Opinion of Ministers Who Lend Themselves to Such Purposes.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, August 25.—The Rev. N. B. Thompson of the First Free Baptist Church in West Twenty-fifth street, preached last evening on "The Cannibalism of the Greely Party." His text was from Proverbs, xv. 28; "The heart of the righteous studieth to answer: but the mouth of the wicked poureth out evil things." He said, "Scarcely had the outbursts of glad excitement given in honor of the rescuers of the Greely expedition and the survivors of that party died away, before the whole world was shocked terribly by reports of a most heartrending nature. Through an injudicious and wholly uncalled for report, it became known that the sufferings of Lieut. Greely and his survivors were intensified by some of the living resorting to the eating of the flesh of their dead companions in order to maintain life. It does not prove that those who did it were cannibals. You and I might do the same thing if brought face to face with the awful necessity. The world-wide report this has attained shows what a mighty agent the modern press is. To my own mind it shows utter disregard for the feelings of others on the part of the one who first published it. When the ear of the editor hearing the report had been pained he would have proven himself a better man had he in return put his finger upon the lips of the man who first told it, and said: 'For the sake of humanity do not so much as whisper this.' But no; rather than this the bloodcurdling report was soon made that cannibalism had been practiced by some of Greely's men, and yet what should have remained a secret having leaked out, the press owes it to the world to do its part in learning the truth of the case in the report, and should there stop. I doubt not that the noble men who died and were eaten by the survivors would willingly have given of their flesh in death if it

WOULD KEEP ALIVE

others to bring back the result of their research in the North. I would that never a word of it had been spoken, but now it will be a work of humanity if those in authority will draw a veil over it and never in the future lift it. Sad as such cannibalism is, if it be such, it does not begin to compare with the social, political and moral cannibalism practiced under our eyes every day. The slander in the air murking the political skies, I care not whether advocation by men filling primaries of such heads the Christian pulpit, is a species of cannibalism a thousand times more horrible than Arctic cannibalism. Look at the facts: Two great political conventions meet. After a thorough canvass has been made and the respective virtues and qualifications of all the nominees are passed upon, two are declared the candidates for the Presidency of the nation. While the common people are looking for honest information how to vote as every voter has a right, there are other men in the pulpit, in the pew and the editorial room who are going down into the past and the cesspools of the lives of the nominees after actions, it matters not how debasing, to show that each is the vilest man the country could produce. Ministers forget themselves and even roll the filthy morsel under their tongue and spit it out like the fires of burning hell, when it would have been a feature of the very God man to have said, 'He that is without sin let him cast the first stone.' There may have been a time when it was

AN HONOR FOR A MAN

to have been a nominee for a National trust. Now it's not. All the crooked past is raked over, even that committed during the life of unskilled youth. Unless some preventive is used men jealous of a good name and reputation will refuse to be considered our nominees for places of high trust. Men will soon refuse to be put into positions where the tongue of slander can wipe its slime upon them, or some exaggerated story blemish their life, and send to their families, if they have one, shame and loathing. Do the moral men gain anything by such exposure? Does it make the picture any better? Call off your dogs, and forever frown upon such cannibalism. I care not how much wrong men have done in the past, and show me one in any position from the pulpit down who is wholly an exception, but to herald such acts is the howling of bloodhounds—an exhibition of cannibalism we should loathe as an intelligent Christian people. I make mention of this because the change has recently been made that men in the pulpit are apt of all others to publish such things in condemnation of the action of candidates. As one fitting, it may be, an humble place in the Christian pulpit, I have my rights as a citizen at the ballot box. But when I have to turn from this bible and prostitute my high calling by making a political ring of the pulpit then I will no longer dishonor it by my presence. Again and again have I seen the severe displeasure of God put upon men who have thus turned from their high calling. And may it ever be thus. I care not how bitterly a man is accused for an act of the past if all possible reparation is made. If that act of the past, regardless of its nature,

BECOMES AN ALARM BELL

for the conscience, a beacon fire for the future, a cause to make the present and future free from the repetition of the same, better praise the good intention of the man rather than forever harp upon his failings. It has been published far and wide that certain men in the pulpit have been responsible for the great political slander of this campaign. How far this is true I am not prepared to state, but I do say most fearlessly this, the man who holds up an indecency, who fondles the possible cause for slander, who becomes a vehicle or vessel for such contents, who fishes up and out of the crooked past such a thing possibly true, need to look well to his own record, for as a rule, it is a low nature grappling amid low natures. And not only so, but I say this only, though I stand alone in it, such a man dishonors the pulpit if he be therein and has yet to learn the earliest rudiments of Christian teaching. Don't repeat the wrong, but now go forth with my good will upon you."

SHOT THROUGH THE HAT.

Second Attempt to Murder a Bloomington Merchant—A Tramp Robbery.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., August 25.—Late last night George Ijams, a young business man, was fired upon from a clump of brush at the side of the road about a mile east of the city. The ball passed through his hat, singing his hair. Mr. Ijams returned the fire with a revolver, but his horse starting up in fright, was prevented from making a second shot. On Thursday night, at about the same spot, Mr. Ijams was attacked in about the same way and presumably by the same person. The affair has occasioned the greatest excitement.

VANDALIA, ILL., August 25.—Rosa Gazelle, a servant of Mr. and Mrs. Barron of this place, was the victim of a daring tramp robbery committed yesterday afternoon. Three of the thieves entered the house on the pretext of begging, and finding the girl alone snatched a gold pin from her collar and fled. Miss Gazelle notified the police, who, with the aid of several citizens, captured the tramps after a short chase.

DECATUR, ILL., August 25.—The Methodist camp meeting at this place yesterday was attended by 10,000 people. Dr. Lowry, New York; J. H. Weber, Ohio; Dr. Fry, St. Louis, and Rev. H. O. Pratt, Iowa, acted as ministers in charge. The campers occupy seventy-five tents, pitched around the great pavilion in which the services are held.

CERRO GORDO, ILL., August 25.—Last Saturday afternoon a five-year-old boy, named Ross, set fire to a bundle of hay in the Dawson House livery stable and started a conflagration which consumed the stable, two horses, John Quinn's livery stable, Harver's ice-house, D. B. Folich's shoe store and William Brandenburg's grocery, before it could be brought under subjection. None of the property destroyed was insured.

CHARLESTON, ILL., August 25.—Yesterday morning a carriage containing Rev. Mr. Turner, his wife and mother and Mr. David Davis was accidentally overturned on the road to Laxa, where Mr. Turner had an engagement to preach. The pastor and his mother received injuries which are probably fatal. The others escaped with slight wounds.

CAIRO, ILL., August 25.—The police are engaged in a search for a 10-year-old girl named Daisy Staughter, who has been missing from her home here since Friday. There is a rumor that the girl has been kidnaped and taken across the river.

EFFINGHAM, ILL., August 25.—An enthusiastic meeting of Democrats held in the Court-House Saturday night resulted in the formation of a Cleveland and Hendricks club with an enrollment of over 100 names.

WHITEHALL, ILL., August 25.—A Cleveland and Hendricks Club was organized here Saturday night, with a large and representative list of names upon its roll.

PEORIA, ILL., August 25.—The handsome store of George Dunbar was entirely destroyed by an incendiary fire early yesterday morning. Loss $4,000; no insurance.

PINCKNEYVILLE, August 25.—A Cleveland and Hendricks club, with nearly 200 names upon its list has been organized at this place. Hon. R. M. Davis addressed the club Saturday evening.

FLORA, ILL., August 25.—The largest mass-meeting ever seen in this county was held here Saturday evening under the auspices of the Cleveland and Hendricks club. Hon. R. W. Townshend and ex-Senators Hanna and Wescott delivered spirited addresses.

MATTOON, ILL., August 25.—A posse of 100 citizens scoured this county all day Saturday in search of a tramp who had stolen a horse from George Ranger, a well-known farmer, and sold it to a livery dealer. Late in the evening the thief was captured and lodged in jail.

THE POLITICAL POT.

It is Boiling Very Warmly in New York City.

Cleveland Assured of a Majority of 50,000 in the State — Political Fables Which Have Had a Very Short Run—A Novel Joint Debate.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, August 25.—The political cauldron is beginning to bubble, and next week it will reach boiling point. The Republicans at the National headquarters have had on their war paint for some time, but they have been making their blow on little skirmishes with small Democratic organizations which now occupy the field. Their guns have all exploded prematurely and have hurt only the gunners. The Cleveland scandal has spent its force and the verdict is that the hole has been made in the Blaine fortress, while the Democratic stronghold is intact. The Morey letter fizzle will likely prove more disastrous, for Hadley has got on his war paint and unless Johnny Davenport brings him before the bar and convicts him it will place another bar sinister in the plumed knight's shield. Worse than all is the tomb defacement which the Tribune is trying to prove, by assertions only, was done by Democrats. No one takes any stock in this,

NOT EVEN ABE BAND

headed by Steve Elkins, who thinks it is better to say as little about the matter as possible. With all these things in their favor is it any wonder that the Democrats at the National headquarters are happy? They are not only happy but joyful, for they have made a thorough canvass of the State by election districts, and have assurances that Gov. Cleveland will have at least 50,000 majority on election day. Tammany is about to take the field and Cleveland will be indorsed in the old-fashioned way. This is said on the assurances of such headmen of John Kelly, as Ed. Kearney, Col. Wood and Capt. Rynders. They have all proclaimed for the Governor, which means that Kelly has made known what he intends doing. The boss will be in the city next week and then will speak out.

Bold Ben Butler's nose is out of joint with his organization. His tools in the Central Labor Union have been made to understand that politics and the Union are out, and that the invitation which they engineered has done their man much harm. The Anti-Monopoly District Leagues in this city are divided.

SOME OF THE LEAGUES

are for Butler and others are for Cleveland. There promises to be a lively time of it at the next meeting of the County Committee. F. K. Thurber is a Butler man and Theodore A. Tomlinson a Cleveland man. Ex-Senator John G. Boyd is on the fence. The Tomlinson faction will reject Blaine.

A JOINT DEBATE.

It has been proposed to have a joint debate in this city between ex-Senator Thomas F. Grady and Congressman Patrick A. Collins of Boston, Grady to arraign Cleveland's democracy and Collins to defend it, each side to have the distribution of 1,500 tickets of admission.

How Butler Loves Workingmen.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

SOUTH NORWALK, CONN., August 25.—J. M. Ellendropp, treasurer of the Executive Committee of the united hatters of America, has sent the following letter to a paper in Troy where several large hat factories are situated. "As General Butler has at last declared his intention to run for the Presidency and relies for support almost entirely upon the workingmen, it is only just and proper that workingmen should examine his record in order to see whether the gallant General is entitled to such support. Governor Butler had an excellent chance of showing the working classes what he would do for them if he had power, and strength to say he failed to grasp the chance. The hatters of the old Bay State were suffering terribly from competition of cheap price of labor at the State prison at Concord which had diminished the fall trade at Boston at least one-third, and was making inroads upon the whole industry of the State. The united hatters of America thought Butler being elected there was a fair choice of getting rid of this prison competition which was throwing 3,000 hats on the market every day. The bill

CONFINING CONVICT LABOR

to 5 per cent of the number of men working at the same trade outside the prison had passed the House in the Massachusetts legislature, and two readings in the Senate, when on account of opposition from the shoemakers it was necessary to substitute a new bill which limited the number employed at any trade in prison to 150. This bill was passed by the House, principally in the interest of the hatters, and was near its final passage in the Senate when Gov. Butler, without giving the slightest notice, made a new contract with the Waring Hat Co. for five years, and when, at last, the bill passed limiting the number of convicts who should work on hats to 150, a new contract was made and signed for upward of 300. The bill Gov. Butler would not sign, and when the Governor and council, after hearing the protests of the hatters, voted on the question whether to stand by the contract or not, the vote stood 7 to 1 in favor of the contract, and then

ONE VOTE GIVEN FOR HONEST INDUSTRY

was not that of the Governor, but of Mr. Maguire of Boston, a true and real friend of the workingmen. Gov. Butler again ran for the office of Governor last fall. Four days before election he delivered a speech at Chelsea, in which he promised, if elected, not only to carry out the Waring contract, but to put every unemployed prisoner to work at hatting. He said he had been informed that the kind of hats made by the Waring Company (soft) did not compete at all with the kind made in the factories of the State (stiff), all this was said to truckle and cater to the "conservative tax paying" element of the State. This was Butler's one opportunity to show whether he really was what he pretended to be, that rara avis among politicians, a disinterested champion of the rights of the poor defenceless mechanic against the powerful, influential wealthy capitalist. Gov. Butler gave his decision for the contractor and turned his back upon the honest, long suffering trade that was asking merely for an equal chance. Let the workingmen of the United States ponder well over these facts and turn their backs on election day against Benjamin F. Butler, the latest and greatest humbug of American politics."

Will be All Settled.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Commissioner Fink says the railroad managers will soon settle all differences. A meeting of managers of the roads interested on Pacific coast business will be held at Saratoga on September 2, and then I think the trouble over the tripartite agreement will be settled.

Railroad Opened for Business.

CINCINNATI, August 25.—The Cincinnati and Eastern Railroad was opened for business to-day from here to Portsmouth, Ohio, a distance of a hundred and three miles. The road is now a narrow-gauge, but negotiations are in progress to change it to standard gauge.

A TALKING TRIO.

Madame Theo and Minnie Palmer Back From European Tours.

Maurice Grau Tells How He and Abbey Were Taken in at a New Game—Miss Palmer Mourns Over "Poor Lotta's" Fate—Theo's Season and Repertoire.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Mme. Theo, the opera bouffe artist, who arrived upon the Oregon yesterday, reclined in an easy chair in her boudoir when called upon at the Belvidere yesterday by a reporter. She was attired in a morning gown of pure white, folds of which were caught up here and there with bows of white ribbon. When the visitor entered the room the songstress came tripping up to him with a charming smile upon her face, gave him a most cordial welcome and bade him be seated.

"Oh! I am so glad to get back to America," she said. "If the language of the people were the same I should feel almost as much at home in New York as in Paris."

"Will you tell me something of your future plans?" asked the reporter.

"Oh, I shall remain in New York rehearsing until September 8, when I shall sing in Wallack's in 'Mme. Boniface.' It is a role which I have made my own and on that account, particularly, I suppose, I prefer it to any other. The French people, especially the Parisians, crowded to see me in it, and never have I met with greater success than when I assumed this character. Since I left here, fourteen months ago, I have sung in nearly all the principal cities of France, and my successes in Nice and the chief cities of Italy were almost unprecedented in my career. Only one thing has occurred to mar the pleasure I derived from my successes and that was the death of my husband a short time ago. I expect that if

'MME. BONIFACE'

takes as well here as in Paris it will consume nearly the entire season of five weeks. The other operas will then probably come into play during my transcontinental tour. They include 'Francois Les Bleus,' or 'Fanchon' as I call it; 'Le jour et la nuit' and 'La Jolie Parfumeuse.'"

"You have not acquired a knowledge of the English tongue."

"No, but come and see me in a month, and I will talk English with you. I intend employing an English instructor at once and you need not be surprised if you hear me sing a song or even throughout an entire opera in English before I leave America ten months hence."

MR. MAURICE GRAU,

under whose management Mme. Theo is to appear, after seeing his charge made comfortable in his hotel yesterday, went directly to his residence, No. 233 West Forty-ninth street. There he was found by a reporter a few hours later. He sailed for Europe aboard the Oregon on the 14th of June and returned yesterday upon the Oregon in company with Mme. Theo.

"The principal object of my trip abroad," said he, "was of course to secure Madames Theo and Aimee for the coming season. In addition to this, however, I have secured the great opera bouffe artiste, Mme. Judic, for the season of 1885. She is now playing in London, and has scored immense successes wherever she has appeared. I had great difficulty in securing her, but finally an offer of $1,000 a night for 210 nights was a bait that captured her. She will not, however, appear here until August, 1885, but when she does, you may depend upon it, she will create a great sensation. Thirty members of my present company are now on their way here on the St. Laurent. They will probably reach here Tuesday night. Mme. Aimee is aboard the steamer. The season will last ten months and will begin September 8 and continue five weeks. Then the company, consisting of seventy artists with an orchestra of thirty pieces, will proceed to Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, Chicago, St. Louis and thence to Mexico. On the return the company will appear at New Orleans and after another season in New York and Boston will fill an engagement in San Francisco. The company, in my opinion, is the most complete of the kind I have ever collected. I intend to give the people of this country the best exhibition of opera bouffe that they have ever witnessed."

"What about the story printed in the Paris Figaro that Mr. Abbey and yourself went 'broke' at Boulogne?"

"Oh, that was

A VERY FUNNY EXPERIENCE.

Abbey and myself missed a boat at Boulogne on our way to Liverpool. This necessitated our remaining in that city for several hours. We became hungry, and, finding a cafe convenient, we entered and partook of a light lunch. While we were there we noticed several little games going on. One of them, I believe, was called 'La Mascotte.' Having several hours of time to kill we thought we would endeavor to make them as profitable as possible. We entered the game. We risked only small amounts in the beginning. Our luck seemed extraordinary and we 'raised.' Before we were aware of it our luck changed, and, much to our chagrin, we had to scrape our pockets to pay our losses. Two sad-faced fellows departed from the place as rapidly as their legs could carry them. Luckily we had our tickets with us and they carried us through to Liverpool, where friends kindly accommodated us. I shall give 'La Mascotte' the grand shake hereafter, and so will Abbey if I am not greatly mistaken."

MINNIE PALMER.

A bit of feminine grace with a mass of golden hair that strayed from beneath a Tam O'Shanter cap, was perched upon a pile of baggage upon the deck of the Oregon as she made fast to her wharf yesterday. It was Minnie Palmer, the American actress, returning after a fourteen months professional tour through England and the Continent, where she captured the English sympathies and a goodly share of their wealth. "You want to know something of my tour through England, don't you?" she asked. "Well, to begin with, I do love the English people. They were so kind to me that I can never forget them. Oh, you should have seen how they applauded and waved their handkerchiefs every time I played, and then, oh I almost forgot the presents they showered on me—diamonds, souvenirs and trinkets—ever so many, and from the most prominent of the nobility. There were in all, let me see, running her fingers over. Yes, there were 350 of the gifts."

"So you fared better than Lotta?"

"Lotta! Poor Lotta. Every time I hear her name it makes me sad," she interrupted, without waiting to hear the conclusion of the remark. "It was very wrong on the part of the American press to say that I was trying to crush her. I did not meet Lotta while in England, and on the evening when I opened in the Strand in London, on my return from the provincial tour, I was surprised to hear that Lotta was playing at the Opera Comique, directly across the street. I really did not know anything about it until my manager told me. Poor, dear Lotta. I do admire her so much, and I assure you no one felt more keenly for her than I. She played to wretched houses and the few that went to see her hissed all, because her manager—Jackson—represented her as young and vivacious on the play bills, and you know English audiences are very particular about that. If the play bill is not carried out to the letter they openly show their disapproval by branding the player as a fraud. Such, I am told, was the fate of Lotta. My manager wrote friendly letters to her pointing out her manager's mistake, but she continued in her course. Then again she was handicaped by heavy expenses; she had to hire the theater herself while I played on a good percentage."

BROTHERS IN BATTLE.

A Paris Man Stabbed by His Brother—Political Meetings in Missouri—Minor Matters.

PARIS, MO., August 25.—A serious stabbing affray occurred at Medina, this county, Saturday, between George and Charles Lenhart, brothers, and both men of family. George attempted to administer a reproof to his brother, and the latter retorted hotly Blows followed hot words, until George received a cut in the back fully three inches long.

CARROLLTON, MO., August 25.—Herbert Lett, a notorious character hereabouts, was arrested here Saturday evening on a charge of making a murderous assault on Jacob Kountz, a respectable German, during the Democratic meeting held Friday night. Kountz is a man of 66 and the nature of his wound, which amounts practically to complete disemboweling ment, makes it more than probable that Lett's offense will be no less than murder.

BOONVILLE, MO., August 25.—It is announced that the Advertiser will soon become the property of Speed and Lou Stephens, members of the family to which the paper has belonged for years. The change will result in the establishment of a new paper, under the management of Capt. Rasanel, late of the Advertiser. An indictment for murder in the first degree was returned to-day against Joseph Schoel of Pisgah, who, with one Palmer, was concerned in the killing of Jerry Edwards at that place last February. Palmer broke jail and is still at large.

LEXINGTON, MO., August 25.—The color line has been sharply drawn at this place in the organization of three Blaine and Logan clubs, one for the "poor trash," one for the better class of whites and a third for the intelligent negro voter. G. B. Cook of Odessa will appear before the Grand Jury to-day in answer to the charge of accidentally shooting with a target gun Miss Eliza Koger. The accident occurred at the Lone Jack picnic. Cook surrendered himself to the authorities.

MEXICO, MO., August 25.—Stock and other attractions are constantly arriving from all parts of the State for the Audrain County Fair, which begins to-morrow. An unusually attractive programme is announced. The Eastern Division of the North Missouri, Colored Baptist Association adjourned Saturday night for one year, after the election of officers and the transaction of routine business.

RICHMOND, MO., August 25.—The Republicans of Ray County convened in the city Saturday and named delegates to the State and Congressional conventions. It is expected that these delegations will fuse with the Greenbackers and nominate Hon. Nick. Ford to run against Dockery from this district.

BONNE TERRE, MO., August 25.—B. B. Cahoon addressed a small meeting of Republicans at this place Saturday evening. The audience was made up largely of negroes, and little enthusiasm prevailed.

WARRENSBURG, MO., August 25.—The Johnson County Democratic Executive Committee met here to-day and elected delegates to the county convention to be held September 6. Resolutions were passed indorsing the action of the State and Congressional conventions.

ROLLA, MO., August 25.—Hon Chauncey I. Filley addressed a parti-colored gathering of Republicans at this place Saturday evening, having come over for the purpose from Cuba, where a similar meeting was held in the morning.

JOPLIN, MO., August 25.—Wallace Eggleston, a boy of 18, fell between two moving cars in the Pacific Company's yard early yesterday morning and barely escaped instant death. As it was, his left foot was badly crushed and he received several bruises about the body.

A COLLAPSE, AFTER ALL.

The Ambs Distilling Company Forced to Close its Doors in a Sensational Manner.

The troubles of the Jacob Ambs Distilling Company culminated on Saturday afternoon, when the Continental Bank sued the Distilling Company by attachment for $21,000 overdraft, and took possession of the entire property. The grounds alleged in the petition for an attachment were that the firm had made or was about to make a secret assignment for the benefit of certain creditors to the detriment of others. As a matter of fact, at the time the attachment was served a meeting of creditors was in progress at the company's office, at which the subject as to what the firm should do was being discussed. It was this meeting, in which the Bank was represented, that gave the cue which led to the attachment proceedings. In view of the firm's representation on Friday that it was all right, this development created something of a sensation. It is represented that for several days before this seizure the company had been realizing on its all possible assets and paying certain friendly creditors in full, till at last nearly everything available had been disposed of. The liabilities of the concern amounted to about $110,000, and the firm's counsel, Judge Rombauer, justified the proceeding of paying off certain creditors in the manner stated, on the ground that people who loaned their credit to the firm as an accommodation, were entitled to more consideration than banks or other institutions which dealt with the firm, merely to make money out of it. He stated that although a large lot of goods were seized, most of them had been apportioned up to certain creditors and the title had passed, hence the attachment would not hold them. The firm was running on a very small capital of its own, and its stock shrunk so badly that it had nothing left but but "accommodation" capital.

A BIG FIRE.

Large Numbers of Blooded Horses Burned to Death—The Losses.

CYNTHIANA, KY., August 25.—Besides the loss of property by fire at the Abdallah Park Stables yesterday James Horan, employed in the stables, lost his life. W. H. Wilson, owner of the stables, lost his residence. The following is a full list of the animals burned: Triumvir, stallion, 5 years, valued at $10,000; Long Branch, a stallion, valued at $5,000; Huron Brown, a stallion; Chestnut Wilkes, two years, valued at $5,000; Norman Sprague, two years old, stallion, Jersey Lily, two years old; a mare owned by J. H. Allen, Darbyville, Ohio, valued at $15,000; Ink, two years old mare, also owned by Allen, valued at $2,000; Tom Coons, a gelding, record 2:22, the property of P. P. Johnson, Lexington, killed himself after getting out of stable; brood mare by Smuggler; Minneapolis, a two-year-old filly, valued at $3,000; Secrest, a mare owned by J. A. Secrest, and valued at $1,500; Almont, a gelding owned by C. Carson, valued at $5,000; Tom Bogby, bay gelding, owned by M. McCandless, Berry, Ky., valued at $2,500, and the brood mare Corinne. There is no insurance on the horses. Wilson had but $4,000 on his buildings.

THE TALLAPOOSA ACCIDENT.

Additional Details of the Wreck of the United States Steamer.

SAVANNAH, August 25.—The steamer Gate City arrived here last night. She reports that she saw the Tallapoosa's signals at 11:15 p. m., and being a short distance off bore up at once. At 12:10 a. m. she had on board the entire number of survivors so far as she was able to pick them up. The night was clear and there was not a sign of fog. The next morning the survivors landed, but were not mustered owing to the loss of the ship's papers. The Gate City resumed her voyage, supposing all had been sent ashore. It was discovered later that Seaman W. E. Jones had gone among the steerage and fallen asleep. In the landing of his companions he was overlooked and was brought to Savannah.

TROUBLE FEARED.

Threatened Lynching of a Young Farmer Who Killed a Negress.

LYNCHBURG, VA., August 25.—The Lynchburg Home Guard are under arms awaiting orders from the sheriff of Amherst County, to resist a threatened attack on the jail. Under great exasperation Eldridge Morris, a prominent young farmer of that county, on Saturday, threw a boot-jack at Lou Green, a negro woman, and broke her skull. She died. The assault was provoked by gross insults to his mother. A posse of citizens guarded the jail last night. A body of negroes assembled near the Court House, but no demonstration was made. Trouble is feared to-night.

NOT TRUE.

Hurst, the English Sprinter, Has Not Died of His Injuries.

WILKESBARRE, August 25.—The special from here last night announcing the death of Fred Hurst, the English runner who was stabbed at Hazleton, Friday, is not true. He is alive this morning and is doing well. His physician thinks he will recover. Tom Simpson, the assassin, is in jail. There is not the slightest feeling on the part of Hurst's friends towards lynching him. All is quiet.

A TERRIBLE RIOT.

Three Men Fatally Injured and Several Others Severely Hurt.

DIXON, ILL., August 25.—A riot broke out yesterday among Italian laborers near here. Over thirty men engaged in the melee. Knives, clubs and shovels were freely used. Three men were probably fatally injured and one was stabbed five times. Another had his arm and jaw broken. The cause of the trouble is unknown.

Burned to the Water's Edge.

NEW ORLEANS, August 25.—At Shreveport this morning the wharfboat Maria Louise and the steamboat Shields, owned by the Red River Coast Line, were burned to the water's edge in front of this city. Everything on the two boats was destroyed. Loss, $35,000. There was no loss of life.

A Sprinting Challenge.

PITTSBURG, PA., August 25.—John Cranmer, the sprinter, of this city, challenged Fred Stone of New York, W. Boyd of New York or James Quirk of Brantford, Ont., to run a hundred and twenty-five yards for from $500 to $1,000 a side.

Damaged by Frost.

TROY, N. Y., August 25.—The frost damaged the corn and buckwheat last night.

CHINESE AHEAD.

The French Fleet Retires To-Day After an Hour's Bombardment.

Chance of a Misunderstanding Between England and Germany—Zorillas' Rebellion—The Cholera—Foreign News.

LONDON, August 25.—The Times dispatch from Foo Chow this afternoon, says: "The French iron-clads entered the mouth of the river this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The White Fort opened fire with Krupp cannon while the ships were three miles away. After an hour's engagement the French retired. The Chinese fire was good."

THE CHINESE LEADER.

PARIS, August 25.—A dispatch from Tien Tsin of yesterday says: The charge d'affaires has left there, but the acting consul remains. The Republique Francaise says: "France will soon seize and retain such territory in China as is useful to her." Chang Pei Lun will lead Chinese troops against the French.

England.

LONDON, August 25.—There is another chance for a misunderstanding between England and Germany in regard to West African territory. On July 12 the Germans took formal possession of the Cameroons River, in Upper Guinea, and the adjoining country. This roused general dissatisfaction among the English traders who think England should have taken the river years ago. On July 25 Mr. Hewitt, the British Consul, held a meeting of British merchants and local kings and chiefs at Old Calabar. As a result of this the kings and chiefs signed a treaty, placing themselves and their dominions under British protection.

Italy.

ROME, August 25.—The bulletin of cholera in Italy is as follows since last reports: Bergamo—11 deaths; Cuneo—11 deaths, and 10 fresh cases; Carrarra—14 deaths, and 11 fresh cases.

France.

PARIS, August 25.—Two deaths from cholera occurred at Marseilles last night and fire at Toulon. The panic at Toulon is revived and the return of the fugitives checked.

THE CHOLERA.

MARSEILLES, August 25.—The report of the cholera from the southern departments of France for the past twenty-four hours is as follows: Herault—seven deaths; Aude—one; Eastern Pyrenees—twenty-one.

Egypt.

CAIRO, August 25.—Soldiers from Berber report 636 Egyptian officers and soldiers in the hands of the rebels, who treat them as slaves. The rebels pray for the Mahdi instead of the Sultan and declare that the Turks are heathens, who are to be killed or expelled.

REINFORCEMENTS.

LONDON, August 25.—Reinforcements of 700 men sail for Egypt this week.

Spain.

MADRID, August 25.—Rumors are gaining currency here that Senor Zerilla, the radical agitator, is preparing to raise a rebellion. The Government is taking precautions.

Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 25.—Russia will establish a sanitary cordon on the western frontier to prevent the people from France and Italy from entering the country. Travelers who left the infected district of France and Italy three weeks before reaching Russian frontiers will be allowed to proceed. The importation of rags from countries where cholera is prevailing is forbidden.

WEEPING FOR THEIR DEAD.

Memorial Services in Utah Towns Over the Mormon Elders Killed in Tennessee.

SALT LAKE, UTAH, August 25.—Memorial services in respect to the memory of the Mormon Elders assassinated in Tennessee were held yesterday in all the large and many of the smaller towns of Utah. A congregation of about 7,000 attended services in the Tabernacle in this city. The remarks of speakers which echoed the sentiments of the congregation were conciliatory and consoling, reflecting in no way on the people of Tennessee generally, but attributing the murders to result of bigoted prejudice on the part of the ignorant and misinformed individuals. The prevailing sentiment among leading Mormons, and the Mormon people generally is that such acts are the outgrowth of the flood of misrepresentation and falsehood, chiefly emanating from this city, and continually kept before the country at large by their enemies.

A MINISTER IN TROUBLE.

Rev. W. W. Wilson, a Colored Preacher, Suspended by His Brethren.

BALTIMORE, August 25.—In the Baltimore Conference of the colored Methodist Protestant Church, the committee appointed Saturday to report upon the eligibility of Rev. W. W. Wilson to the office of president reported in favor of his suspension, which was adopted. Charges of immorality, mal-administration and other charges were then preferred against him, which were referred to the district committee.

A MURDERER CAPTURED.

Jim Stubbs Taken Back to Answer for a Grave Crime.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., August 25.—Sheriff Toy and a posse from Benton, Saline County, Arkansas, shot and captured a man by the name of Jim Stubbs five miles west of Caddo Gap, Montgomery County, who in company with his confederate, J. H. Osborne, who escaped, robbed and then murdered a prominent merchant of Benton by the name of Siddell on the 10th instant. Stubbs was taken by this morning's train to Benton.

THE ALBION BANK

A Receiver Asked For To-Day—Value of the Burrows Estate.

ROCHESTER, August 25.—A schedule of the Burrows estate, at Albion, as it existed in 1879, the date of Burrows' death, shows the estate to be worth $1,250,000. The safe at the bank was opened to-day. Examiner Williams refuses to reveal the contents. Eliza Glenn has commenced an action in the Supreme Court for the appointment of a receiver for the First National Bank.

Shot by the Sheriff.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., August 25.—Last night, as the sheriff, S. W. Golden and Deputy Sheriff Edwards were approaching Hot Springs, with a horse-thief named Levinson, on the way to the Penitentiary, under seven years sentence, the convict made a desperate attempt to escape, when the deputy sheriff fired and killed him instantly. Deputy Sheriff Torry of Saline County has arrived with John Stubbs, one of the Siddell assassins, whom he captured after a chase of over 200 miles.

Hatch & Foote's Statement.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Schedules in the assignment of Hatch & Foote, filed August 8, but to-day made public, show liabilities amounting to $4,497,-815, of which debts to the value of $3,548,900 are secured. Nominal assets, $1,132,295; actual assets, $298,871. The assets consist entirely in railroad stocks and bonds, mining and other securities, including a small amount of Government bonds. The greater portion of these securities is pledged as collateral security for various loans.

Time to Shut Up.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., August 25.—W. R. Penick, wholesale druggist, closed his doors this morning. His liabilities are estimated at $75,000, and his assets will probably be equal to the liabilities.

At the State Capital.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., August 25.—The Gorth Land and Cattle Company of Jackson County filed articles to-day. Capital, $160,000.

The Governor accepted the resignation of J. Zeisler, presiding Judge of the St. Charles County Court, to take effect December 31. The vacancy will be filled by election in November.

The appropriation of $2,000 for the payment of wolf scalp certificates for the two years 1883 and 1884 is exhausted so that no more could be paid until another appropriation has been made.

Judge Henry of the Supreme Court has just returned from a tour through North Missouri. He reports both the State and National tickets as being highly satisfactory, and predicts increased majorities in November throughout the State.

H. H. Crittenden and Hon. E. B. Ewing leave today for a week's hunt in Minnesota and Dakota.

SHOT TWENTY-THREE TIMES.

A Crossing Watchman Found Murdered on the Track To-Day.

PENSACOLA, August 25.—A train stopped at the drawbridge on the Pensacola and Atlantic Railroad, and finding no signals to move forward, the conductor went forward. He found the watchman murdered with twenty-three balls in his body which laid on the track.

DARK AND BLOODY.

The Prospect of This Morning in Terrell County, Georgia.

Revolt of the Negroes Against the Law Which Seeks to Hang a Colored Man Who Makes a Dastardly Assault Upon a White Woman — A Town in the Hands of the Mob.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

ATLANTA, GA., August 25.—Nearly six weeks ago a colored man named George Clarke assaulted Mrs. Jennings, wife of a prominent citizen of Terrell County, in her house, and after beating her in a brutal manner, ravished her. He was pursued by farmers soon afterward, was overtaken, and the mob refused to surrender him to the law except on promise from the officials that a special term of court should be called immediately to try him. It was called and he was convicted and sentenced to be hanged. The negroes in the vicinity of Dawson, Terrell County, became much interested in his behalf and threatened to burn the town if he were hanged. Yesterday, seeing the hanging was sure to take place, they organized, and, with show of muskets and small arms, took possession of the town. The militia were telegraped for, and then the negroes captured the telegraph station and sent a squad out to wreck the train which was to bring the soldiery. The train was wrecked, it is reported, several miles before reaching Dawson, and the troops are continuing the trip on foot. Clark was to be hanged at 10 o'clock to-day.

THE CRIME.

On the afternoon of the 20th of July two horrible outrages were perpetrated upon white ladies in this section by negroes, in which both were so similar in detail as to read like the story of the same crime with the names changed. Early in the afternoon of that day news reached the city of an assault by Aaron Coachman upon his young mistress, who was only saved from further outrage by the appearance of a servant, when the wretch escaped. Later in the day news came in of another case, located but a few miles out of town. Mrs. Jennings was the wife of one of the most respectable farmers of Terrell County. They had employed George Clarke to work around the house. Entering the house on the day in question, he said:

"Missus, does you know Abe Sammons is stealing sugar from you?"

Going to investigate the matter, as indicated, he caught hold of her from behind, and after a desperate struggle, in which the lady scratched him severely, he accomplished his purpose. When the husband returned home and found out what had happened chase was at once made for the criminal.

While all this was going on Aaron Coachman had been run down in Early County, and the citizens, unable to restrain their indignation, took him out and riddled him with bullets while his body was swinging in the air. The day following this lynching Clarke was run down in Muckalee Swamp. The desire to lynch was infectious, and for two or three days it was with the greatest effort that George Clarke was saved from the hands of the people. Cool citizens, however, put themselves in the breach, and by promising that the prisoner should not only have a fair trial, but a speedy one, lynching was avoided. The Solicitor-General represented the state of public feeling to Judge Clark, who was in Cuthbert. It was represented to the Judge that the great number of outrages of this character had justly incensed the people, and that the only way to defeat Judge Lynch was by making the law of the land equally as efficacious. A special term of the court was called, the prisoner was given able counsel; he was tried, found guilty, and sentenced to be executed in two weeks, and to-day the verdict of the law was executed.

Since the first of April there have been eighteen rape attacks upon white women in Georgia by negro men. Two of them have been lynched, one executed by process of law, three are awaiting trial and the others have escaped.

CHARGED WITH SLANDER.

Counsellor Joe Furling's Serious Complaint Against Statesman Billy Baggot.

Counsellor Joseph Furling appeared before the Assistant-Prosecuting Attorney in the Court of Criminal Correction this afternoon, and, unfoiding a long document, began to read. It was a complaint of the great State of Missouri acting for Mr. Furling, and demanding the arrest of Mr. William, better known as "Billy," Baggot at the Democratic primaries for the selection of delegates to the State Convention Mr. Furling was judge, and Mr. Baggott's friends were "downed" in the Fourth Ward. These are independent facts, but out of this grew a dispute, in which Billy, according to "the Judge's" affidavit, called complainant a thief and a forger, reflecting at the same time on the stature of the lank lawyer, and blasting with one breath the claims of Lawyer Furling to beauties of form or mind. Billy is called on to answer a charge of slander.

FEMALE WALKERS.

A Big Attendance at the Pedestrian Contest—The Scores.

PITTSBURG, PA., August 25.—There was a good attendance this morning at the female six days go-as-you-please walking contest at the Coliseum. The score at 1:30 p. m. to-day, thirteen hours and a half after the start, was as follows: Anderson, 54 miles 5 laps; Douglass, 52 miles 6 laps; Tobias, 51 miles 14 laps; Kilburry, 49 miles 19 laps; Cleveland, 47 miles 3 laps; Morton, 39 miles 15 laps.

A Disastrous Storm.

ST. JOHNS, August 25.—In the recent storm at Carbonear two houses were destroyed, and trees were uprooted. At Outer Cove, fifteen fishing smacks were lost. The schooners Petrel and Elizabeth were lost in White Bay and a fishing smack with four men and two lady passengers was lost off Cape Broyl. It is reported that a large number of ships were lost in St. George's Bay, but no particulars have been received.

Seven Dollars.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 25,—The issue of silver dollars for the week ended August 23, was 401,496. For the corresponding period last year to the number was, 496,498. The payments from the treasury for the present month to date were $23,000,000. This incindes $10,000,000 on account of pensions and $2,-500,000 on account of Alabama claims. Over $10,-000,000 in three per cents will be called this afternoon.

A Missionary Yacht in Danger.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., August 15.—Orangeman numbering several hundred attacked the Roman Catholic Church yacht at Henley Harbor and threatened the missionary, Father Lynch, with death. They tore down the papal flag and tarred the yacht.

Blaine is Sick.

BAR HARBOR, MAINE, August 25.—Blaine acting under advice of a physician will remain here during the coming week. He is suffering from a cold and a sore throat. He intended to visit Northern Maine.

The Crops Damaged.

BOSTON, August 22.—Dispatches received from various parts in New Hampshire, Vermont and Connecticut report heavy frosts last night. The crops are damaged in many places.

If you are going to Chicago or Kansas City, take the Wabash and try the splendid Mann Boudoir Cars, to be attached in a day or two to all night trains. No other line but the Wabash runs them, and the cost is but the same as the ordinary sleeper.

WON'T TAKE THE RISK.

The Hoodlum Republicans do Not Like to Trust Silk Stocking Judges.

An Interesting Meeting to be Held at Turner Hall To-Night—To-Morrow's Convention at Ironton—The Ninth District Fight.

The most important topic in to-day's political discussion is the meeting of the precinct committeemen of the Republican party, which is to be held to-night at Central Turner Hall. There is a prospect that nearly all of the wards in the city will be represented, in which event the meeting will be a large one. As an overwhelming majority of the precinct men are of the hoodlum type, there is no probability of any sharp fight, but the Silk Stocking Committee will be doubtless very freely condemned for its inharmonious policy.

"I'll tell you," said a Court House official this morning, who is an ex-member of the hoodlum committee, "we are not disposed to make war just for the sake of fighting, but just look at the position the Silk Stocking Committee has placed us in. In the first place, they cannot successfully controvert the fact that the Foerstel Committee is the only really authorized organization, and yet they refused it even a voice in determining about the primaries or the city convention. Not only that, but look at the arrangements they have made for primaries. At the meeting when they appointed the judges of election only nine members were present and nineteen wards were unrepresented. Of course the few who were present did not know enough men in each of those nineteen wards to name for judges and clerks, therefore, as I am informed, they took last year's advertisement of judges and polling places and made up their list by copying it. And some of the judges are beautiful specimens of reform Republicans. One of the Tenth Ward men appointed by Bulkley & Co. has been in the Work House time after time, and if the average holds out he will be there the day of the primaries. Moreover, he is a confessed stuffer of ballots. A large number of the judges are of the same general character, and Mr. Bulkley and his very honest friends adopted a rule excluding everybody from the polls during the count except such as the Judges choose to admit."

"But what do you care if you have the majority of votes in the city?"

"A majority's no good without you can get it counted. These men know we can beat them in nearly every ward of the city, and they want to get us to join in their primaries by admitting that fact. But suppose we do take part in the primaries, and then the judges declare whoever they please elected. What show will we have in a convention constituted that way?"

"So you won't submit?"

"I don't know what we will do yet. To-night's meeting will determine that."

"But the present committeemen have no voice in that matter."

"No, except as a sort of advisory bord. The subject will be fully discussed in to-night's meeting, and the sense of the meeting will probably be taken. Then the general meeting will adjourn, and the Central Committee will meet and determine either to issue a call for primaries and a convention, or abide by the call of Bulkley's committee. I can't, of course, speak authoritatively, but you can say it—reasonably certain that the committee will determine to hold an election of its own, independent of the Silk Stocking call. We will then be sure of getting a fair count, at least, and the Silk Stocking reign will be over."

This prophecy concerning to-night's action is fully borne out in other quarters. Another subject to be discussed to-night, is the question as to whether Hon. Nic Ford, the Greenback nominee for Governor, should be indorsed by the State convention. There seems to be but one view on this subject, and if any action is taken at all to-night in that regard, it will be favorable to fusion. There is some talk of inducing Mr. Ford to attend the meeting, but he will probably decline.

LINDLEY STILL IN DOUBT.

The Ninth District contest presents no new features this morning. One friend of Judge Lindley's declares that he will certainly run, but will withhold an announcement of his candidacy until the committee has fixed the date of the primaries, and then he will make a sharp and active canvass. The Judge is to-day at Sweet Springs, but will probably return to-morrow. If Mr. Glover has any opponent for the nomination it will very probably be either Lindley, Donaldson or Francis.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The Greenbackers will rally and toot to-morrow night in Lucas Market Square, and Mr. Ford will address them. Among other things they will probably ratify the action of the Greenback Congressional Convention, which meets to-morrow at Bismarck, and which will probably nominate George M. Jackson, as usual.

The Fourth Ward boasts of a brand new Blaine and Logan Club.

The Democrats of the Fifth, Ninth and Eleventh Wards held mass-meetings on Saturday evening to elect delegates to the Tenth Congressional District Convention, which meets to-morrow at Ironton. The following were elected: Fifth Ward, Frank Varrelman, Peter Schnaider, E. S. Diovanoni, J. Ind. Seventh Ward, John Fauly and H. Sieckhaus. Ninth Ward, Fred Habers and Jos. Ganahl. Eleventh Ward, Alex. N. Demenil. All are for Clardy.

In the Eighth district Mr. Sessinghaus is beginning to feel that he will not have done his duty by his fellow-citizens should he allow the Republican party to suffer for want of a candidate, and it is now probable that he will give John J. O'Neill "one more whirl."

John G. Priest is the Missouri member of the advisory board appointed by the National Democratic committee, and is in the East attending its session. The indications are that the advisory board will have nearly the entire management of the campaign. In appointing the board the chairman seems to have endeavored to make it almost an exact duplicate of the National Committee which handled the winning campaign of 1876.

UNCANNY OCCUPANTS.

A Country Residence Which is Visited by a Man's Hand.

The majority of people are inclined to make sport of the supernatural, and to cough at stories of ghostly visitants, accounting for such phenomena when narrated by one who has been there as the phantoms of a disordered imagination or as caused by natural means which are not known at the time. Now and then, however, a skeptic can be found whose belief in the falseness of ghosts is badly shaken by experience. "Wat" Reynolds, who lives near Laclede station on the Missouri Pacific, has heretofore been a skeptic in matters supernatural, but he came to the city Saturday, with a story which made the hair on the friends' heads stand on end and opened their eyes as wide as saucers. He narrated it to Captain Brown and a group of friends at the Hotel Brown, and "Wat's" ghost has been the topic of conversation ever since among them. The house where the uncanny occupants are said to be is the old Charles Reynolds' residence, which, although furnished throughout, has not been regularly tenanted for some time. Mr. Reynolds, with Mr. and Mrs. Darby, spent last week in the house, and it was during this time that the occurrence he tells about were noted.

MR. REYNOLDS SAYS

he was sleeping in a large room in the house one night and had retired, leaving a lamp burning dimly. He had fallen into a doze and was awakened by a rapping at one of the windows. He called out, but received no answer, although the rapping ceased. Presently he heard it again, and while he was watching the window he saw a man's hand slowly pass inside the window, and following the wall and ceiling come over toward the bed, where he sat upright. The hand was open, with the palm towards himself, and he saw it distinctly. He was naturally in some trepidation, but when the hand had nearly reached him he jumped out of bed and rushed to the window to intercept it and solve the mystery, but before he could close the window the hand glided rapidly back and out into the darkness. Mr. Reynolds made a careful search, but nothing could be found in the room and he retired again, only to be aroused by a repetition of the same noise and vision. This time he left the room to its singular occupant and made his bed in another part of the house among pleasanter companions.

Mr. Reynolds does not drink, does not believe in ghosts and never saw anything of the kind before, but he might have passed this over as an imagination of his own, but on the following night while the whole party were having a social game of cards in another room

THE RAPPING AND THE HAND

returned again. This time they were considerably excited over the matter, and sent over to a gardener, who lives a short distance away, to borrow a revolver. When the gardener was told about the occurrence, he showed more fright than the others, because he said his little boy, who had gone to the cistern of the Reynolds' place to get a bucket of water, had returned and said he wondered what the people in the house were doing, as he saw lights dancing about in the cellar and garret and at all of the windows. The gardener also said that he had noticed the same thing before when there was no one in the house.

Nothing further was noticed that night and no explanation of the affair could be discovered. Not caring to be scalped by a supernatural hand, the party moved out of the house, and it is now left deserted for the hand and its companions to hold high carnival in the rooms, uninterrupted by human inhabitants.

The Weather.

"Threatening weather and local rains" is the prediction. The rain to-day made the air muggy and close, the readings by Aloe, optician, being as follows:

8 a. m.	74
9 a. m.	75
10 a. m.	75
11 a. m.	78
12 m.	74
1 p. m.	78
2 p. m.	78
3 p. m.	80

AFTER THE EXPOSITION.

The Presbyterian Ministers Denounce Sunday Work at the Building.

A Scathing Resolution Passed at To-Day's Meeting—Several of the Clergymen Express Their Views—What the Methodists Think—Other Views.

The meeting of the Presbyterian pastors this morning was of an informal nature, but that did not prevent them from taking some very important action on a matter of deepest interest to the public. More than the usual number of those who have been holding these informal meetings during the summer was present, the following being in attendance: Revs. Thomas Marshall, J. R. Warner, S. M. Ware, Wm. Porteus, Edward Cooper, J. W. Allen, J. Van der Lippe, F. Jus der Heide, George M. Bonner.

The following resolution was presented to the meeting: Resolved, That we learn with pain that the work on the Exposition Building has been continued on the Lord's Day, and we do hereby solemnly protest against such desecration.

There was not much discussion on the motion to pass it, and after some remarks, expressing concurrence, it was unanimously passed. At the close of the meeting a POST-DISPATCH reporter found

REV. THOMAS MARSHALL,

gynodical missionary of the State of Missouri, busily engaged in putting the motion in proper literary form. He seemed to be quite worked up over the matter, and expressed himself like one who had taken an active interest in arousing the preachers' condemnation. He said he was at a loss to understand why such a move was taken by the Exposition management. He could not see the necessity of any such desecration. Cases of dire hunger, etc., are evidences of necessity, but in this instance there was no similarity. "Why," said he, "we want the character of a public building like that to be such that we can recommend it to all our friends, and we could not do that if this want of reverent observance of the Sabbath is persisted in. Public property was donated in aid of it, and I insist that the rights of Christian tax payers should be respected. Besides what makes the thing inexplicably irreverent is that a large number of the stockholders in the concern are Christian gentlemen whose feeling should not thus have been defied."

REV. WM. PORTEUS

of the Kossuth Avenue Church was rather reticent and didn't feel like expressing himself one way or the other. He finally said he agreed with the resolution, not, however, before admitting that there were circumstances about the alleged desecration that he didn't fully understand. The fact that contracts had been drawn up to give so many days of display to the exhibition in his opinion should be considered in all its bearings. Rev. S. M. Ware of Ferguson didn't see that there was any necessity for such an outrage on religious proprieties, and he believed that the contracts were made with exhibitors with the understanding that work should be done on Sundays. Several outsiders, however, took up the reverend gentleman, and stated that no such thing had been done.

DR. COOPER,

editor of the Evangelist, gave an equally decided expression, and said, even if the contracts did guarantee so many days of display, that the secretary knew his business when they were drawn, and if he made the mistake of fixing the opening date too early, some sacrifice for the sake of religious decency should be made. The weather had been fine and there was no excuse for the sacrilege.

REV. J. W. ALLEN

of the Presbyterian Board of Publication, didn't approve such methods on a public building. It was expected to be sustained by a Christian public but this mistake of Sunday work would militate against it. Among the Methodist brethren, sitting solemnly right next door, the thought of the desecration that had raised the religious wrath of the Presbyterians, had not come, and a reporter of the POST-DISPATCH was the first one to bring the information of the action of their Calvinistic colleagues.

REV. ALBERT JUMP

of St. Luke's was unable to see any necessity for Sunday work and was in perfect harmony with the resolution. The building could be fully completed, without such work, by putting off the opening day.

Revs. Cartwright and Crow held the same idea, and the former said he was very much pained yesterday on going by the building and seeing the laborers at work.

THE METHODIST MINISTERS

in their meeting this morning listened to an essay by Rev. Albert Jump, on "The Proportional Increase of the Church and the Population." The essayist traced the growth from its beginning, and spoke of the encouraging signs for the future. The subject was discussed in a lively manner by Revs. Fry, Hallock, McIntyre, Beggs, Cartwright, and Crow, some of the speakers taking the ground that there is more piety than formerly, but less spirituality, drawing some pretty fine distinction against the modern church, and splitting several metaphysical hairs.

The visitors were Rev. Robt. McIntyre of Charleston, Ill., and Rev. Mr. Gardenhire of Crystal City.

THE BAPTISTS

did not get together to-day, but the headquarters were visited by Rev. Dr. Marcenas Stone of Omaha, Neb., father of Mrs. Pavy, wife of the deceased explorer, and Rev. H. M. Richardson of Maryville, Mo., uncle of the same lady. Both divines were in the city in connection with the memorial services held yesterday.

Suit on Account.

John Lohoefner brought suit to-day for $457 39 against Frederick Schwartz & Bro., due on an account for a quantity of wheat sold and delivered to defendants.

ABOUT TOWN.

The Crystal Blues defeated the Sunflowers yesterday. Score, 50 to 18.

THE Florine Social Circle picnic at Rinkel's Grove on yesterday proved a grand success.

A BAY horse and spring wagon were stolen last night from Herman Schwentler at Cheltenham.

THIRTY feet of hose was stolen yesterday from H. A. Shuerman's house, No. 2715 Franklin avenue.

THE Colored Trades School Association was granted articles of incorporation in Judge Thayer's court to-day.

AN English hunting case gold watch, taken from Ben Hood, a suspect, is awaiting a claimant at the Four Courts.

A YELLOW satchel containing several suits of clothing were stolen yesterday from William Darby at Bartolds Grove.

TO-DAY a warrant issued against Mrs. Owens, who was brought back here from Chamois, Mo., for abandoning her infant at the Union Depot.

AT 2:30 o'clock this afternoon Coroner Neidlet began an inquest on the body of Christ Barner who was killed at Fifteenth and O'Fallon street, by Wm. Kessler.

LETTERS of administration were granted to-day to Julia Baumker on the estate of Conrad Baumker, valued at $800, and to the public administrator on the estate of Dolan Rose.

THE Missouri Pacific System will sell to-morrow round trip tickets for one fare to all land points in Kansas and Nebraska over all lines in the system leading to this territory.

THOMAS OWENS, a smooth talker, tried to escape punishment on a charge of abandoning his wife today, but was fined $100 by Judge Laughlin. After the case was disposed of a stay of execution was granted.

PETER KOBUSH and wife and Frank Koers were thrown from a buggy on the Manchester road yesterday. The vehicle was upset by a rock in the road. Kobush was badly cut about the face, while his wife was seriously injured internally. Koers escaped.

THE uniform division, Knights of Pythias, have engaged the Fair Grounds for a series of prize and exhibition drills, to be given during the coming session of the grand division of the order to be held in St. Louis.

THE will of the late John M. McGuffin, publisher of the New York WORLD, and formerly business manager of the POST-DISPATCH, was admitted to probate to-day. He leaves all his property to his wife and appoints Mastrom D. Lewis executor of the will.

THE Finance Committee of the Supreme Lodge, Knights and Ladies of Honor, completed their examination this morning of the books of the supreme secretary and treasurer and found them in first-class order. The three officials constituting the committee leave for home to-night.

KILLED BY ABUSE.

A Project Which Came to St. Louis From Moberly and Met With Its Death.

The Directors of the Exposition Have no Use for Frank James as an Attraction—No Room for Him at the Fair, Either — A Chapter of Interviews.

A Moberly dispatch printed in Sunday's papers contains a letter from Frank James addressed to the gentleman in charge of the Fair to be held at that place in which the accomodating bandit accepts an invitation to be present with his family at the opening and to assist with his "magnificent horses" at the starting of the races. The same authority proclaims that the dead-walls of Moberly are placarded with flaming posters announcing the treat that is in store for the visitors at the Fair. Knowing the anxiety of the Board of Directors in charge of the Exposition to do everything possible to make the opening a success, and recognizing their well-known character for enterprise, a tour was made this morning to obtain the views of several of the directors on the idea of getting Mr. James here after the Moberly people are through with him. The idea was accordingly wrapped in a gossamer cloak, and taken around to

MR. SAM. KENNARD,

president of the Board.

What do I think of it? Why I think it's —Well, you may say, sir, that it's entirely out of the question. The Board of Directors never thought of such a thing, and never will think of it. The thing is—;" but here the the speaker made use of a word, which at his own request, is suppressed.

"Yes; but you don't want to be outdone by a little country town like Moberly, do you?"

"Yes, I do. That's just what I want. If we can't get a crowd here without resorting to such means as this we'd better fail; that's all."

And Mr. Kennard went back to sell a dining-room carpet to a lady from Alton.

MR. R. S. SCRUGGS

was another director who conldn't be made to view the Idea favorably. He contemplated it calmly, even severely, over the tops of his spectacles as he turned away from a huge hump-backed ledger and then shook his head—shook it several times in fact.

"That sort of thing wont do, you know. You don't mean to say you are going to recommend it in the POST-DISPATCH? Why not? Why—yes, I am willing to be outdone by Moberly, before I'd have a fellow like that here as a part of our Exposition."

The Idea wandered out into the rain and stood on the corner to reflect. This thing was getting serious. Here were two progressive, go-a-head business men in charge of a great enterprise, who were completely blind to their own interests. Thank heaven, there were some directors left, among whom might be some reasonable men. There was

MR. JOHN T. DAVIS,

for example. The Idea would converse with him and get his intelligent opinion as a fulcrum with which to move the obstinate majority. But Mr. Davis was not in. Would he be in soon? No; not for some minutes. In fact, he was in Europe. When would a cablegram reach him. That the obliging gentleman didn't know for sure, but he thought that Mr. Davis' cable address was "Europe," ——yes, just common, cooking, "Europe," cablegram was accordingly sent forthwith and the Idea immediately grew expectant of a reply. Meanwhile, there was Mr. Rainwater.

But Mr. Rainwater was out, too. Not so far out as Mr. Davis, but still, out. Out at lunch in fact. "Happy Mr. Rainwater!" mused the Idea. "He hath wherewithal to make it an object to go out to lunch, while I am hungering after even so much as a crust of encouragement. Speaking of hunger, though, there is Mr. Freeman Barnum." That gentleman was beaming effulgence over the register of his hotel. No; Mr. Barnum didn't think Mr. James would draw. "He always has drawn well," the Idea interposed.

"Drawn what?"

"His revolver"——here! no violence; I am unarmed.

Mr. Barnum renewed the broken thread of his discourse. "This exposition is intended as a display of arts and manufactures and to draw people into St. Louis to spend their money. What good would such a scheme derive from the presence of gentlemen who have been mixed up in—well in legal-affairs. No, I think that Mr. Cleveland or Senator Edmunds would draw better than Mr. James, or Mr. P. T. Barnum."

In the bitterness of his heart the Idea ascribed the suggestion of this last name to purse clannishness. He said nothing however, but went out again into the pitiless storm.

At the corner the Idea met a Mythical Personage who stands high in the councils of the Exposition board. The Mythical Personage seized the trembling and debilitated Idea by the nape of the neck and rushed down to the Levee. Within the twinkling of an eye the wretched victim was impaled on the prongs of a snag that floated down the seething Mississippi.

At Carondelet the snag ran aground and stuck fast. The wretched Idea crawled ashore and stretched out on the bank to die. "I am not long for this world," he gasped, "but I could die happy if I knew that

CHARLES GREEN

would take my remains and exhibit them at the Fair."

"What, exhibit you at the Fair? Not much!" It was Mr. Green himself that spoke, as he came up from the inspection of some building sites in the suburb. "No, sir; no Frank James in ours. That sort of thing might do for Moberly, but our tastes don't run that way. We don't need you."

The last hope was dead, and so was the Idea.

THE only line running the famous Mann Boudoir cars between St. Louis and Chicago or Kansas City is the great Wabash route. Cost the same as ordinary sleepers.

NOT SO EXPERT.

How District Attorney Drummond Passed a Counterfeit Dollar.

Assistant United States District Attorney Drummond is an expert on counterfeit coins. He can tell one as far as he can see it, and it has been the pride of his later years no spurious piece has ever passed into his pocket. This morning he came into the United States Circuit Clerk's office and asked Mr. Selby to change a dollar for him. Mr. Selby hadn't the change but a gentleman in the office at the time accommodated him, and Mr. Drummond gave him a silver dollar in return and left. As soon as he was gone the gentleman held up the coin and said "Was that a sharper? He has passed off a counterfeit dollar on me." Mr. Drummond was called back, and, amid the roars of every one in the office, was compelled to give back the change he had received. In consideration of liquid refreshments for the crowd, the gentleman consented not to prosecute Mr. Drummond. Judge Treat will not place much faith hereafter in Mr. Drummond's arguments in counterfeit coin cases.

DR. TUTHILL, having returned from New York, can, as usual, be consulted free of charge, and the most obstinate and intricate diseases successfully treated by the most harmless and simple remedies ever discovered. The National Radicater and Resolvent, for the safe removal and cure of *Urethral Obstructions, Cancerous Sores, Ulcers, Skin Diseases etc.* Office 918 South Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo., rooms No. 1 and 2.

RAPE OF A TRUNK.

An Actress Complains of a Burglarious Attack on Her Wardrobe.

Sallie Shernes, an actress living at 114 South Sixth street, complained at Police Headquarters to-day that her trunk had been broken open and rifled at the theatrical pavilion corner of Tenth and Chestnut streets. She complains that her Saratoga contained fourteen pairs of theatrical stockings, several pairs of slippers and shoes, some bangs, several types of complexion of varied tint and other articles of use and ornament, which she puts on and off for use or adornment. The mind-reading detective to whom the case was referred suggested the difficulties attending any attempt to recover the property, arguing that it would be next to impossible to identify the hosiery if worn by the thieves on the street.

Incorporated.

Articles of incorporation were granted the following associations by Judge Thayer to-day: The Associated Wholesale Grocers, the Second German Presbyterian Church and the St. Pauli's Evangelical Fridens Gemeinde.

Injured at the Exposition.

Robert Greenleaf, a young man employed as a wire man at the Exposition building by the Edison Electric Light Company, was badly injured while at work about noon to-day. He was on a scaffolding engaged in putting up a wire on the ceiling of the basement when he lost his balance and fell to the floor. An ambulance was sent for and he was taken in an unconscious condition to the City Dispensary. Greenleaf is an unmarried man and lives with his mother in Carondelet.

Four Courts Findings.

Ben Hood and Thomas Gallagher were fined $200 each on charges of vagrancy, in the First District Police Court to-day.

A stem-winding Rockford watch and gold guard chain found in the possession of John Kelley, when arrested by Detectives Lawler and Desmond, await a claimant at the Four Courts.

Willia mMcGeoghegan writes Chief Harrigan from Hot Springs, Ark., asking for information about his brother James aged 49 years and supposed to be in this city.

Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were issued today: Wilhelm Dawitter, South St. Louis, to Auguste Blanonenkamp, South St. Louis; John Langhauser, Prairie avenue, to Christina Jourdan, Prairie avenue; George Garrecht, 110 North Market street, to Maria Schoergen, North Market street; August Feldotto, 161 Cass avenue, to Mrs. Maria Vollme, Twelfth and O'Fallon streets; Clarence C. Taylor, Salem, Mo., to Julia H. Thompson, 1537 Washington avenue.

That Sub Station.

Hon. W. B. Thompson, Superintendent of Railway Mail Service, did not arrive in the city to-day as expected, but will be on hand to-morrow and confer with Gen. Edgarton as to the advisability of establishing a sub-station of the Post Office at this side of the bridge on Washington avenue. Gen. Edgarton thinks the matter can be settled in a day.

Ready to Testify.

Mrs. Elizabeth Dunning, the lady from Texas, whose pension money it is alleged was appropriated by Sam R. Taylor, an attorney of Oram, Mo., arrived in the city to-day and will give her testimony at the preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner Morgan to-morrow morning.

Got Her Injunction.

A temporary injunction was granted Wilhelmina Schumacher by Judge Thayer, to-day, restraining John C. Lohman from quarrying rock on certain premises alleged to belong to her.

BELLEVILLE.

The Daily Times, a Republican paper, made its first appearance to-day.

The Belleville Club beat the St. Louis Pinafores yesterday, the score being 9 to 2.

Louis Stoltz and Moritz Kauler furnished bond to answer the charge of fighting and disturbing the peace.

Mr. Moser attended the convention on Saturday, and was worked by two pickpockets for $270. Mr. Moser reported his loss to the police but failed to recover his wallet.

A coal train on the Illinois and St. Louis Road jumped the track at Pittsburg station at noon today, delaying the passenger train for St. Louis about forty minutes.

George Gleason, Emil Schneider and Wm. Smith were tried before Judge Phillips this afternoon for being drunk and disorderly. Emil Schneider also had a hearing for carrying concealed weapons.

James Higgins and Edward Agnon, delegates from Monroe County, indulged too freely and were jailed. Agnon claims that some unscrupulous politician stole his hat. Higgins was tried this afternoon.

The Teachers' Institute commenced the second week of its session at Liederkranz Hall this morning about a hundred teachers being present. Prof. Cook of St. Louis and Prof. Parker of Chicago conducted the exercises. The Institute will remain in session the remainder of this week.

The residence of Mrs. James Donnelly, situated about three miles from Belleville, was discovered on fire at three o'clock this morning. The flames had gained considerable headway before being discovered, and the family with difficulty escaped from the house. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary. The building was owned by M. Meillier. The building and contents were completely destroyed, entailing a loss of $2,500, with $1,400 insurance.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

The Unions defeated the Franklins yesterday by a score of 16 to 15.

The Ivory Avennes defeated the Res

A COMBAT ABOVE THE SKIES.

How Two Prospectors Fought Fierce Foes Far Up on the Roof of the World.

Charles F. Blackburn, a famous prospector, who, incidentally in his travels among the Rockies, has killed forty-three full-grown bears, furnishes the Tribune with the following narrative: We were on a prospecting tour. "Ranger Hank" (Hank Wormwood(, a Texas ranger, and myself left camp one morning just at daybreak. We were out to examine the country for quartz lodes above timber line. It was during August. We reached the snow about 10 o'clock. We were bound for that famous peak known as the "Russian Crown." The Crown is the highest mountain between Clark's Fork and the Yellow stone River. We reached the summit about 2 o'clock. It was a tiresome journey; still, we never regretted climbing such mountains. The Russian Crown is nearly 14,000 feet high. I will not attempt a description of the scenery, but tell about the bear.

While looking carefully over the snow fields we discovered eighteen full-grown bears and ten cubs. Leveling the telescope on them we could see the monsters in all their glory, lying lazily around in the snow, some asleep, some playing and some feeding on grasshoppers; these insects flying over the range get chilled when near the snow and those that fall on the snow fields never get away. All the bears except two were several miles from us. Nearly a mile down the slope, on the mountain that we were on, we observed two large bears and resolved on attacking them. Looking at them through the glass we soon found that they had no knowledge of our presence. We were within a hundreds yards of them and then standing, we both shouted—to rouse the bear. The grizzly observed us first (the other was a cinnamon). Immediately after seeing us the grizzly jumped up from the snow and came charging—growling at every step.

Hank had a Sharp's rifle and a good six-shooter; I had a Winchester and a full belt of cartridges. We let the bear come within fifty paces; he commenced snorting and began to show his teeth; his long shaggy hair began to stand up, and he was a mad grizzly. We felt safe and kept cool; having good breech-loaders, we were brave. Bruin was brave, too; he came right along, evidently bent on having a square meal from an individual of the genus homo. We let Mr. Grizzly come within thirty paces and now he began to loom up like a Mississippi steamboat. Hank says: "Let me crease him?" I said: "Give it to him!" Hank shot bruin through the top of the neck; he was not hurt, but he growled loud with rage. We both opened fire and the bear would fall at every shot. Seeing that the other bear had started for us I took careful aim at the grizzly's head and fired, killing him instantly; he went rolling down the snowy slope and did not stop until he had rolled out on the ice of a frozen lake 2,000 feet below.

As the dead grizzly rolled away the live cinnamon moved bravely up. When within a hundred yards we commenced on him. We could not shoot fast enough. The bear was soon between us and it was dangerous to shoot at all. In less than two seconds the bear made for Ranger Hank, knocking him down and instantly jumping on him. Hank lost his rifle, but made good use of his revolver, shooting the bear in the mouth and brain, killing bruin instantly. The bear dropped and, being squarely over Hank, mashed him deep in the snow. It was not long until I rolled the bear off Ranger Hank, and Mr. Bear went tumbling down the snowy slope, and landing alongside the grizzly on the frozen lake Hank and I concluded to kill no more bears that day.

The splendid Mann Boudoir Cars for Kansas City or Chicago on the popular Wabash Road. The rates on the Boudoir Car are the same as on an ordinary sleeper, and the traveler using them enjoys all the privacy and comforts of his own home. The Wabash management have shown great enterprise in securing this novel and popular addition to their already unrivaled car service. It means that nothing will be left undone to make everybody comfortable and happy who rides via that line.

A BRAVE CONVICT.

James Cunningham Pardoned for Bravery in the Convict Outbreak.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal.

James Cunningham, the trusty who was pardoned by Gov. Knott, Tuesday, arrived in the city yesterday on his way home. Mr. Mr. Bacon, one of the prison lessees, is with Cunningham and will accompany him to his home in Hickman County. He has been kept busy since his arrival in town receiving the congratulations of his friends.

Cunningham is a fine looking fellow, full six feet in height. He has a kind face and would never be taken for a man who had shed the blood of his fellowman. He has dark blue eyes and dark hair, and mustache tinged with gray, his manner is polite and taking—one of those persons who make friends at the first meeting. He was found at the jail in conversation with Jacob Graff, to whom he was reciting the details of the outbreak. To a reporter he said:

"The outbreak was well devised and a great surprise to us all. The conduct of Capt. Ed. Johnson is deserving of great praise. He held to the gate after he was knocked senseless, and when we went to lift him off the ground we found he was still clutching the gate. Of course, you all received the full particulars about the affair, and know more than I can tell you."

When asked about the cause of his own trouble his eyes filled with tears, and he replied that it was about as the paper had stated.

"I was kept busy all day yesterday," he said, "receiving the congratulations of my friends in Frankfort. I believe I shook hands with all the children. Everywhere I went people stopped me to tender their congratulations. I have been in prison nine years last March, and have many friends there. I cannot say too much in praise of the officials. They have treated me very good. I will leave here to-night for home. My mother is very old and I am anxious to see her. I have also two sisters whom I have not seen since I went to prison."

Cunningham was arrested at Nashville in 1871 for the murder of George Pendegrast, in Hickman County, two years before. He remained in jail for four years before he was sent to Frankfort on a life sentence. The cause of the murder was a foster sister of Cunningham's. Pendegrast had mistreated her and Cunningham killed him for it. Both men were drunk at the time. He says he will never touch liquor again. He is a native of Hickman County, where his mother and sister now live. Cunningham is a brave fellow, and is credited with having saved the life of ex-Attorney-General Moss, at Dallas, during the war. He picked Moss up after he had been wounded and carried him out of danger at the risk of his own life.

The Nihilist Leo Hartmann Not Dead.

From John Swinton's Paper.

The recent cable despatch from Paris announcing the suicide of Leo Hartmann, the famous Russian revolutionist, was false. He neither perpetrated suicide nor attempted it; he has neither been on the verge of starvation nor in the depths of despair; he has not been in France for years, nor is he in Russia at this time; he is not liable to arrest in Poland; he will not be in the Czar's escort on his western trip, nor has he just been expelled from Germany.

In point of fact, Leo Hartmann is in lively health and spirits, very busy, and always on the lookout for the Czar's spies, to whom he would be worth more than his weight in gold, notwithstanding all the venomous stuff that has been published about him by our Tory papers during the past month.

These statements, which are here made with full and direct knowledge of the facts, will be of interest to the young Russian revolutionist's friends all over the world.

Tree Life in London.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

An interesting competitive examination is being silently conducted in one of the northwestern suburbs of the town. Tree life and what is called arboriculture is a subject of no small importance to the Londoner, but its conditions have strangely changed in the course of the centuries. When William III. bought Lord Nottingham's country villa for 18,000 guineas he followed up the purchase of Kensington House by much planting and landscape gardening. To that period are due many of the groves of oaks and of elms which now flourish in Kensington Gardens. But since the year 1860 we have discovered gas, and we have enormously increased the daily yield of London smoke. London air, sullied by perpetual soot flakes, is not what it used to be. The oak and the ash and the elm do not strike their roots and spread their branches under the old conditions. Familiar trees droop and pine and wither. At the end of last Autumn what Dr. Johnson would call "the considerable protuberance" of Primrose Hill was planted over with more than a thousand young trees. It was a larger experiment following a less important one of the previous autumn Many varieties of trees were tried, from the poplar down to the hawthorn. Londoners may judge of the results for themselves, but it seems pretty clear that exuberant tree life under present conditions is limited to a few varieties.

A man who travels in the Mann Boudoir Car has all the privacy and comforts of his own home. The popular Wabash route is the only line out of St. Louis using these cars. All night trains between St. Louis and Chicago or St. Louis and Kansas City will have a bran-new Boudoir Car attached within a few days.

Why the Knight Was Like an Old Musket.

R. J. Burdett in the Brooklyn Eagle.

The clock on the mantel tolled 1 a. m. and a little past and still the knight lingered, trying to think of something to say, although it was painfully evident that the baron's daughter was just too sleepy for anything.

"I am afraid," he said at last," that I am like an augur."

"Wherefore, sir knight?" she asked, yawning with that high-bred courtesy appertaining to the upper classes.

"Because I bore you," he said, smiling proudly at his good right wit.

"Ah, no," she said; "you remind me of an old flint-lock musket."

"Spoken like a soldier's daughter," quoth he; "and as to how?"

"Takes you so long to go off," she said, kindly.

At 1:15 a. m. the portcullis fell with a clang, the drawbridge was raised and the castle slept.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mrs. George W. Sawins and daughter are at home again, after a sojourn of several months in Florida and Texas.

Col. Norman J. Colman and wife left last night for Kansas to be gone several weeks. They go on a pleasure tour and the Colonel will do some shooting.

USE LEVISON'S INKS!
Levison & Blythe Stationery Co.,
213 AND 215 N. THIRD ST.

E. S. ROWSE,
Successor to Budd & Wade,
Financial correspondent for Eastern capitalists. Money loaned in any amount on city property at lowest rates.
412 OLIVE STREET.

WM. A. RUTLEDGE. W. H. HORTON.
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REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.
No. 707 Olive st. St. Louis, Mo.

MONEY.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Money 2@3. Paper 5 1-2@6½. Bar silver 110 1-8. Exchange firm; 482 3-4 to 483 long, 484 3-4 to 485 short. Governments firm. States quiet; bonds lower. Stocks heavy and lower; decline ranged from ¼ to 2¾; Union Pacific declined 2¾. Kansas & Texas 1¼, remainder list ¼ to 1¾. Threes 100 1-2, 4½s 112 7-8, 4s 120 1-8, Pacific 6s 127.

New York Closing Quotations.

Corrected daily by Tracy & Bell, bankers and brokers, 306 North Third street.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	36¾	36¾	36¼	36¾
Central New Jersey	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾
Central Pacific	40¾	41	40¾	41
Chic., St. P., M. & O.	35¼	35	35¼	35
do pref	97	97	97¼	97
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific	115	115¾	115	115¾
Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul	83¾	85¼	84¾	85¼
Chicago and Northwest	107½	107¾	107¾	107¾
Del., Lack. & W	112¾	113¾	111¾	113¾
Denver & Rio Grande	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
Erie	16¾	17¼	16¾	17¼
Ind., B. & Western	16¼	16¼	16	16
Lake Shore	82¾	83¼	82¾	82¾
Louisville & Nashville	84	84¼	83¾	83¾
Missouri Pacific	92¼	92¾	91¾	92¼
Mo., Kan. & Texas	20¾	20¾	19¾	19¾
New York Central	103¾	104¼	103¾	103¾
Northern Pacific	22	22	21¾	21¾
do pfd	51¾	51¾	50¾	50¾
Oregon Transcontinental	16¼	16¼	15¾	16¼
Pacific Mail	49¾	49¾	49	49¾
Philadelphia and Reading	27¾	28	27¾	28
Pullman Palace Car	114	114	114	114
St. P., M. & Manitoba	96¾	97¼	96¾	96¾
Texas & Pacific	14¾	14¾	14	14¼
Union Pacific	51¾	51¾	48¾	50¾
Wabash, St. L. & P., pfd	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾
Western U. T. Co	66¾	66¾	65¾	67¼
West S. Bonds	42¾	43¼	42¾	42¾

COMMERCE.

Closing Prices—1 P. M.

CHICAGO — Wheat — September 78; October 81¼; November 81¼; December 83¾. Corn—August 41 1-2; September 50 7-8; October 49 3-8; November 45 a.; year 42 a.; May 42¾. Oats—August 24 3-4; September 25; October 25¾; Year 24 3-4. Pork — August $27 50; October $19 asked; year $12 40 asked. Lard —August 7.40; September 7.40; October 7.47½; November 7.45 a.; December —; January —. Short Ribs—August 10 1-4; September 10 30; October 9 1-2.

TOLEDO—Wheat — August 80¾; September 81; October 83; November 84 1-4; year 80 1-4. Corn—August —; September —.

Afternoon Board—2 to 2:30 P. M.

Weak and tendency downward for wheat, corn and oats.

Wheat—August 81¼ b; September 81¾; October 82¾ to 83¼; November 83¼ to 84⅝; December 86½; year 81½; May 94⅝. Corn—August 48 3-4; September 47¾; October 46¾; November 41¾ to 41; year 37¾; May 40 b. Oats—August 25¾ b; September 22¾; October 20 b.; November 20¾ b.; year 25¾ b.; May 29¼ b.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by the Culver Commission Company, rooms 308 and 310 Chamber of Commerce, St Louis.

Grain—CHICAGO—Wheat—September 78; October 79⅝; November 81¼; December 82¾. Corn—August 51¼; September 50⅜; October 49; November 44⅞; year 41⅝; May 42¾. Oats—August 24⅝; September 25; October 25¾; year 24¾; May 29¼.

NEW YORK—Wheat—September 88 1-2; October 90 1-2 asked; November 92¾; December 94; January 95 1-2. Corn—August —; September 60¾; October 59 1-4; November 58 1-8; December 55¼. Oats —August 31 1-2; September 31 1-8; October 32 1-8.

TOLEDO—Wheat—August —; September 80¼ b; October 82 1-4 to 82¾; November 83 3-4 b; year 80. Corn—August —; September —; year.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—September 87¾@88¼; October 89¼@89¾; November 90¾@91. Corn—August —; September —; October —.

Provisions—Chicago — Pork — August $27 50; year $12 37½. Lard—August 7.3-8; September 7.3-8; October 7.47 1-2. Short ribs—August 10.30; September 10.35; October 8.85.

Cotton—New York—Futures quiet and firm at 2:27 p. m. August 10.71; September 10.68; October 10.41; November 10.28; December 10.30; January 10.39; February 10.51; March 10.63; April 10.75; May 10.87. Sales 40,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS—Futures steady at 1:05 p. m. August —; September 10.34; October 10.12; November 10.09; December 10.08; January 10.13; February 10.25; March 10.37; April 10.49. Sales 11,500 bales.

Elgin Butter Market.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

ELGIN, ILL., August 25.—Butter opens weaker than at any other time during the season. Sellers hope to obtain last week's prices, but that seems doubtful. Bids of 20c were made. Cheese dull and nominal.

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—9 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 5 cars No. 3 do, 62 cars and 3,410 sks No. 2 red, 72 cars and 4,738 sks No. 3 red, 28 cars and 1,870 sks No. 4, 21 cars and 1,520 sks rejected, 3 cars and 1,475 sks no-grade; total, 200 cars and 13,013 sks. Corn—5 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 7 cars rejected do, 33 cars No. 2 mixed, 31 cars rejected; total, 76 cars. Oats—5 cars No. 2, 1 car No. 2 white, 10 cars rejected; total, 16 cars. Total in, 292 cars and 13,013 sks.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—4 cars No. 3 Mediterranean, 13 cars No. 2 red, 56 cars and 28,504 bu No. 3 red, 1 car No. 4, 8 cars rejected, 1 car no-grade; total 83 cars and 28,504 bu. Corn—4 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 1 car rejected do, 8 cars No. 2 mixed, 1 car rejected; total, 14 cars. Rye—1 car rejected. Total out, 98 cars and 28,504 bu.

Withdrawals from Elevators.

	To City.	To R. R.	To River.	Total
Wheat	14,441	50,131	—	64,572
Corn	5,565	7,907	—	13,472
Oats	1,760	—	3,275	5,035
Rye	382	—	—	382
Barley	—	—	—	—

Stocks of Grain in Store.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
To-day	1,356,069	139,641	56,339	21,991	2,071
Yesterday	1,350,288	130,736	58,778	22,208	2,071
	BY GRADE.				
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2 Mixed.	No. 2.	No. 2.	
To-day	251,760	51,539	19,007	20,249	—
Yesterday	240,597	43,881	26,741	19,734	—

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	136,573	44,945	156,033	94,527
Chicago	183,919	273,682	198,778	368,275
Milwaukee	35,534	3,360	3,635	2,020
Baltimore	—	—	—	—
Toledo	151,900	1,000	66,540	30,500
New York	240,950	19,350	401,987	602

CHICAGO INSPECTIONS—115 cars spring wheat, 260 cars winter wheat, 423 cars 6,000 bu corn, 192 cars oats, 102 cars rye, 14 cars barley.

Commercial Notes.

In a letter to his father, R. B. Hubbard, of Hubbard & Bartlett, Henry F. Hubbard says: "I have now been over my route through Southern Nebraska and on the St. Joe & Western road, and never since the settlement of Nebraska have the crops been what they are now. Corn simply could not be any better. From, the breaking of the ground in the spring until now the weather has been every thing that could be desired. When rain be needed rain would come, and when dry weather would be necessary dry weather was on hand. I am safe in saying that the entire corn crop of the State will be out of the way of frost."—C. A. King & Co., of Toledo, in their last circular say: "Visible supply wheat, according to the New York report should show about million and half increase, making the total over twenty millions, or larger than any previous year, except 1883, when it was 20,700,000 on August 25."—Some of the leading commission firms here, who rent out sacks to the country, say that a large number of these sacks are being returned empty."—A. O. Grubb, of Cole Bros., said: "We find that the demand for sacks now is not as good as it usually is at this time of the year, and with such a crop as we have. Sacks come in filled with wheat and remain with us. Other years we had orders for these sacks, so that we sent them back just as fast as they came in and were emptied, but this year we have not had to. We have on hand No. 2 corn sacks on hand that have come back from the country. I don't see how it can be otherwise. The average price for the last 3,500 cars wheat sold in this market was only a little over 69c. That price won't pay for production."—New York's stock of grain this morning was 1,675,139 bus. wheat, 163,71l bus corn, 217,755 bus oats and 18,085 bus rye; or a decrease from last week of 181,000 bus in wheat, 105,000 bus in corn and 159,000 bus in oats; total stock of No. 2 red wheat was 702,000 bus (or 134,000 bus decrease) of which 350,000 bus was old, and No. 2 corn 2,433 bus.—Milwaukee's stock of wheat has increased 23,500 bus to 454,292 bus.—River freights—Anchor Line not by barges—were advanced to-day 2½c per 100 lbs. and 5c per barrel to Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.—George H. Small, from the North, having put in seven weeks at different resorts—Wisconsin and Michigan—and Ed Lansing, from the seacoast, have arrived home. The wheels of commerce will now revolve with redoubled velocity.—The week's export (ending August 23) from the seaboard were 77,415 brls. flour, 1,003,330 bus. wheat, 223,791 bus. corn, 1,676 brls. pork, 2,013,306 lbs. lard and 2,413,263 lbs. of meats.—Toledo's stock of wheat has increased 201,000 bus. to 1,065,936 bus. and corn decreased 2,800 bus. to 35,111 bus.—About 50,000 bus. wheat was delivered on contracts this morning, but it was all taken care of, stopping at Cole Bros., Tom Akin and Orthwein Bros. Part of this wheat was started out by J. B. M. Kehlor.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING AT 1 P. M.

Wheat—The same old stereotyped cables came in this morning. Dull and heavy markets on the other side, had 9d to 1s decline in Mark Lane tacked on to them to-day, but these declines have become such a matter of course that the American speculator is getting over his fright of them. So that though the markets of this country showed some weakness early in the day they soon toned up and became stronger. Receipts were large at all markets, though nothing extra for a Monday at this point. But reports from the different markets did not indicate the accumulation in stocks that had been looked for. Though the movement to market has been large and free, and it has been claimed that there was not near enough demand to keep stocks from accumulating largely, yet these stocks fail to pile up as expected. This fact, together with the belief that the first big rush from the country is about over, is strengthening the bullish feeling and checks selling. After the noon call, however, came a change once more to depression and declines in the other markets. This again weakened prices at this point, but did not bring out any more sellers than before. The close was weak and from about the same as Saturday's close to ¼c lower. August and year sold between 81¾ to 81 7-8 until late, when year declined to 81⅝, at which August was offered also. September sold at 82 to 82¼, back to 82, and at close was offered at 81⅞@82. October fluctuated between 83¼ and 83⅜ until after the first call, then improved to 81⅝@81¾, but later eased off to 83¼, now sold at 83 to 83¼ and closed at 85 asked. May brought 94¾. December was offered at 86¾, bid 86 1-2. The cash sample market was again very dull and depressed in price. Offerings were large and there was only a small milling and shipping demand. Grade No. 2 red sold lower, as did all the other grades, except No. 4, which was strong and advanced. No. 2 red 81 1-2 to 81⅝ regular, 81 3-4 in E., 82 in L.; No. 3 red 72 1-4 to 73 this and 72½ E side; No. 4 77 3-4 to 83½ this and 63 1-2 to 64 E side; No. 4 rejected 60 in J. No. 2 red in elevator 80 in St. L., 81 bid E side; No. 3 do 71 1-2 bid for St. L., 73 for Valley.

Corn—Was about as dull as it was possible for it to be, so few orders were here and such little attention given the market by local traders. A decline in Chicago, along with the rains of last night and this forenoon and dull and heavy cables, all tended to depress prices. But there were not many sellers, owing to light receipts and decreasing stocks in all the markets. The year by options suffered most loss in price, as their selling offers exceeded the demand. August sold ½ lower at 49; September declined 34, declining from 48¾ on first call to 48 late in the season; October lost ⅝, bringing 47 early, and later selling at 46 3-4; year was well sustained at 39 until late, when it was offered at 37¾ to 38, and May, which was salable at 40 1-4 early only had 40 bid at close. November was offered at 41 1-2, with 41 3-8 bid early and 41 later. Cash grades were lower and weak with only a moderate demand from millers and for shipment. No. 2 mixed 49 regular, 50 1-3 bid for E. No. 3 white mixed 50 1-2 to 51 in E. 50 bid for St. L. Rejected do. 48 1-2 in St. L. Rejected 47 1-4 in C. 48 E side.

Oats—The first market was again strong, and most orders were at better prices. The demand was steady and there were few sellers. October sold at 26 1-8, which was bid for more; year at 25 3-4 to 25 7-8, and May at 29 1-2; August offered at 27, bid 26 1-4; September at 25 7-8, bid 25 5-8; November at 27, bid 26 1-2; grade No. 2 in St. L. sold lower at 26 1-2, and there was little inquiry for anything, though No. 2 white in A brought 32. Rejected was entirely neglected.

Rye was firm and No. 2 sold higher at 50 3-4 this, and 51 E. side, while for rejected 45 was bid.

Flour—Market quiet, but steady and unchanged, about the only business being to the local trade, to supply immediate wants. Fine superfine and x nominal at $2 to $2 25; xx $2 25 to $2 40; xxx $2 55 to $2 70; family $2 85 to $3 00; choice $2 40 to $3 50; fancy $3 85 to $4 00; extra do $4 10 to $4 35, patent $4 75 to $5 25. These prices are for lots on arrival at depot and Levee; favorite brands 15 to 25c more and order lots higher.

Cornmeal—Quiet at $2 50@2 55 on orders; pearl meal and grits $3 55@3 65.

Rye Flour—Steady at $3 40@3 50 del.

Millfeed strong and higher. Sacked bran $9 this side, 54 f. o. b. this side, 54½ E. track, 55¼ f. o. b. E. track; bulk 48 E. track.

Hay—The rain of this morning made business small. Choice timothy ruled strong, as it is wanted, but everything else dull. Quotations on new are: Prairie $8 to 9 00 for prime to choice; clover mixed $8 to $10; timothy $11 to 12 for prime to choice; $13 to 13 50 for fancy.

Wheat Straw (baled)—Quiet at $6.

Provisions—The starch appears to have been all washed out of this market, and besides being very dull it is weak. In Chicago there was another decline that had an unfavorable effect upon the home market, limiting trade and weakening values. Pork declined 25@50c from the prices asked last week, new selling at $19 and old at $18 75, both in a small way. Prime steam lard was offered at 7¼, but only 7¾ bid for a small amount. In dry salt nothing was done; loose was held on cash orders at 9 1-2 for shoulders (very little here), 10.30 for longs, 10.30 for c'ribs and 10.65 for shorts. Packed bacon sold in a small way at 7 for shoulders, 10 7-8 to 11 for longs, 11¼ for c'ribs and 11 3-8 to 11.40 for shorts. Hams 13¼@15 for good large to fancy medium averages. Breakfast bacon, 12¼@13¾. Country clear sides 10@11 for free of skippers. Beef—Extra mess 10@12 ₱ brl, according to brand; on orders higher $6@7 ₱ ½-brl; dried 18, selected 20; smoked tongues $6@7 ₱ dozen. Tallow—Prime in oil barrels 6½c; do in irregular packages ¼c less; No. 2 5¾@6; tallow grease 5 1-2. Grease—Brown 4½@4¾; yellow 5@5¼; white 5¾@6. Salt—Domestic $1@1 10 per brl, as in size of lot; ground alum 1 10 ₱ sack—small way higher.

Highwines dull and nominal at $1 07; no sales reported. Cincinnati $1 07; Chicago $1 10; Peoria $1 05.

Lead seems to be going to the "demition bowwows." Offerings are largely in excess of the very limited demand, which calls for only an occasional car or so for shipment; local corroders will not pay anywhere near what is asked, and are generally pretty well supplied with stock, besides having bought some for future delivery. Eastern advices are bad, New York quoting common domestic as nominal at $3 50. Sales in the home market were reported of 2 cars refined this side, and 1 car common E. track at $3 85, but while there were free offerings at this rate, no more could be placed.

Grass Seeds—Good demand for clover $5 25 to 5 75; red top at 30c to 40c, and timothy at $1 20 to 1 40. Others neglected. German millet 45c to 55c; common do 35c to 45c; Hungarian 35 to 50c. Sales: 41 sks red top at 30c.

Flaxseed—Inspections 5 cars and 200 sks prime and 1 car rejected. Market steady; 2 cars prime selling at $1 39.

Castor Beans—Weak, at $1 90 for prime.

Cotton.

The market for spots was dull, without change in quotations. No sales were reported. New York spots were firm at 10 3-4 for middling with fair sales. New Orleans quiet at 10 1-2. The future markets showed more strength and improved some in price, though showing no signs of what could be construed into a boom. Liverpool spots were steady, though rather inactive, and futures advanced and were firm.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary 7¼; ordinary 8¼; good ordinary 9⅝; low middling 10¼; middling 10⅝; good middling 10¾; middling fair 11⅛. Stained—Low middling 9; good ordinary 8⅝. Tinges—Low middling 9⅛; middling 9⅝.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.—Gross receipts to-day 10 bales, against 211 bales last year; since September, 1883, 800,577 bales, against 462,489 bales same time last year; shipments to-day 47 bales, against 164 bales last year; since September 1, 1883, 303,509 bales, against 458,026 bales same time last year; stocks in compresses and warehouses to-day 1,656 against 5,302 bales.

NET RECEIPTS EXPORTS AND STOCKS—Net receipts at United States ports for 2 days 1,790 bales; same time last week, 870 same time last year, 7,943; exports 14,367; same time last year 5,750; stock 137,578; same time last year 234,227; net receipts since September 1, 4,816,051.

LIVERPOOL—Uplands 6d; Orleans 6 3-16d. Sales 7,000 bales. Futures closed firm. August and September 6 1-64d bid; September and October 6 2-64d; October and November 5 61-64d bid; November and December 5 58-64d s; December and January 5 57-64d bid; January and February 5 56-64d.

Cotton-Belt Bulletin (Latest).

WAR DEPARTMENT SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMY, ST. LOUIS, August 24, 1884, 5 P. M.

Division of telegrams and reports for the benefit of Commerce and Agriculture.

DISTRICT	AVERAGE. Max. Temp.	Min. Temp.	Rain Fall.
1 Wilmington	91	68	.05
2 Charleston	91	67	.15
3 Augusta	93	70	.18
4 Savannah	93	71	.17
5 Atlanta	90	67	—
6 Montgomery	92	70	—
7 Mobile	93	66	—
8 New Orleans	93	73	—
10 Vicksburg	96	73	—
9 Galveston	94	73	—
11 Little Rock	92	62	—
12 Memphis	91	65	—
	92.4	68.8	00.4

Posted in St. Louis, Mo., at 9 a. m. August 25, 1884.
G. A. WEBER,
Corporal Signal Service, U. S. A.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Demand was good for fine, large, well-packed fruit, of which there was but little on sale; common fruit continues dull and dragging. We quote: Common, small, and inferior 75 to $1 ₱ bbl; fair to good $1 50 to $1 75, and fancy $1 85 to $2.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples steady and fairly active at 4c for common, 4½ for good and 5c for choice quarters. No peaches on sale, but new fruit could be disposed of at 6¼ to 7 for choice halves and 4½ to 5 for prime do, and 4 to 5½ for quarters. Blackberries scarce and salable at 7 to 8

PEACHES—Receipts light, and quality very poo r Common, small and otherwise poor at 20 to 30; fair to good 40 to 50, and choice to fancy 60 to 75 ₱ 1-3-bu box.

PEARS—Unchanged, with offerings ample to demand. Bartlett sold at 50 to 75 ₱ 1-3-bu box, and other varieties at 30 to 60.

PLUMS—Damsons sell steadily at $2 00 to $2 50 ₱ bu.

GRAPES—Supply liberal, and demand fair. Concord 4 to 5c, Hartford 3 to 4c and Ives' seedling 4c ₱ lb.

HUCKLEBERRIES—Steady at $2 50 to $2 75 ₱ 6-gal case.

WATERMELONS—Dull. Market overstocked and no demand. They will not bring freight charges

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—Grapes $5 40 ₱ 40-lb crate; Bartlett pears $5 50 ₱ 50-lb box; plums and prunes $2 50 per 20-lb box.

CRAB APPLES—Siberian selling at 75c ₱ bu.

ORANGES—Rodi dull at $7@8 per bob.

LEMONS—Messina and Palermo $4 50 to 5 50 per box repacked.

BANANAS—On orders $2 50 to 3 50 per bunch.

POTATOES—Firm and in demand at 35 to 45 per bu.

ONIONS—Firm at 95 per brl. for choice red, 40 per bu.

CABBAGE—Choice home-grown $1 50 to $1 75 per crate on orders.

BUTTER—In liberal supply; light demand, and market quiet and easy. Local dealers about the only purchasers, and they takinghold in a small way, and only of the choice and fancy qualities. All else dull and nominal. We quote: Creamery—Choice to fancy 20 to 22; seconds 18 to 20; off stock at dairy rates. Dairy—Choice and fancy 16@17; prime 14 to 15; fair 12 to 13; low 6 to 8. Near-by make in a small way at 8 to 10 for choice, and 4 to 6 for low.

EGGS—Firm; fresh stock scarce and in good request. Choice marks sold at 10½ to 11. Southern and freight stock will not command above prices.

LIVE POULTRY—Offerings were light, and as the demand was moderate the market ruled steady. Sales ranged: Springs—Small at $1 to 1 25, fair to good sized at $1 50 to $1 75, and choice large at $2; old hens at $3, mixed $2 50 to 2 75, and cocks at $2 to 2 25; young turkeys at $2 50 to $3; young ducks at $2 to 2 50.

GAME—Quiet and unchanged. Grouse in good supply and slow sale at $3 per dozen for selected young and $2 for old. Small sales of other game were at $4 for woodcock; $2 50 for mallard ducks; $1 50 for wood ducks; $2 for snipe; live pigeons wanted at $1 50.

WOOL—Unchanged. Demand good and value; steady; offerings very light. We quote: Tub—Choice 30@31c; fair 27 to 29; dingy and low 25 to 26. Unwashed—Choice medium 21 a 22; medium 19 to 20; selected light fine 15 to 19; good 16 to 17; heavy 14 to 16; choice combing 21 to 22; combing, lower grades, 16 to 19. Kansas—Choice bright medium 17 to 18; good do 14 to 16; light fine 15 to 16; heavy 13 to 14; low and coarse 11 to 12; black 2 to 5c less, and burry, cotted, etc., 3 to 10c less.

HIDES—Quiet, but steady and unchanged. We quote: Dry flint 15½ (choice Western 1-2c higher); damaged 12½; bulls or stags 10; dry salted 12; do damaged 10; glue stock 5; skip and calf classed as damaged. Green—Salted 8 1-2 to 9¾; damaged 6¼; veal calf skins 11 1-2; damaged 10; bulls or stags 5 3-4; green (uncured) 7 1-2; damaged 5 3-4; glue 3.

DEER SKINS—Quiet and steady at 18 for prime dry.

FEATHERS—Steady. We quote: Prime live geese at 50 in large and 51 in small sks; unripe, quilly, etc., 38 to 43; mixed 10 to 35; tare 3 and 10 ₱ cent. Wet or damp stock half price.

SHEEP PELTS—Dull. We quote: Green 70 to 80; dry 40 to 70, as to amount and quality of wool; green shearlings 15 to 30; dry do 10 to 15; green lamb skins 20 to 25.

HOPS—Choice in a small way 30 to 35; prime 25 to 28.

BEESWAX—Steady at 25 to 26 for choice.

ROOTS—Ginseng $1 50 to $1 65; Seneca 35; snake 15; blood 2½. May apple 3; golden seal 13; black 6; angelica 4; pink 14.

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses & Mules.
Receipts	1,564	4,091	1654	473
Shipments	1,191	4,802	1,862	68

CATTLE—The market opened very quietly and without marked improvement. The receipts were small, and more than two-thirds consisted of through cattle, the few offered here being generally of a poor quality, which sold in a small way to city dealers, and the demand was very light and the movement was of short duration, buyers having pretty well satisfied themselves at an early hour. The feeling was still weak, and price unsettled and in buyers favor more or less.

RULING QUOTATIONS—Exporters $6 20@6 50; good to heavy steers $5 00@6 25; light to fair steers $5@5 75; common to medium native steers $4 25@5 25; fair to good Colorado steers $5 00@5 85; southwes steers $3 75@5 00; light to good stockers $3 25@4 00; fair to good feeders $4 25@4 50; native cows and heifers, common to choice $2 65@4 00; grass Texas steers $2 65@4 25; Indian steers $3 00@4 40; scalawags of any kind $2 40@3 00; milch cows and calves $35@45; veal calves $6@12

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.
National Yards.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price
61	196	$6 55	72	208	$6 35
110	114	4 50	74	221	6 60
66	182	6 35	61	247	6 65
69	183	6 15	67	194	6 40
86	151	5 25	60	209	6 35
47	203	6 45	93	218	6 50
16	147	5 75	62	228	6 60
61	236	6 60	62	246	6 60
76	196	6 55	40	198	6 50
57	254	6 62½	13	253	6 50
74	200	6 55	31	236	6 50

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.
Union Stock Yards.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price
59	174	$6 50	67	200	$6 25
55	256	6 65	72	201	6 50
61	241	6 65	30	198	6 50
57	207	6 70	31	204	6 50
11	207	6 50	11	197	6 50
59	250	6 62½	35	197	6 65
65	220	6 62½	48	211	6

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month	85
One month (delivered by carrier.)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor on us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed: POST-DISPATCH, 513 and 517 Market street.

MONDAY, AUGUST 25, 1884.

Subscribers leaving the city during the summer months, can have the Post-Dispatch mailed to them regularly at the usual rates, by leaving their address at the counting-room, No. 515-17, Market street.

IT would require two c's, three r's and a whole font of w's to spell the kind of crow which the *Sun* wrapped its digestive organs about when it swallowed BUTLER.

A GLOOM thick enough to use as wagon grease has been cast over the whole State of Kentucky by the burning of the Abdallah Park stables, with seventeen horses, yesterday.

EMMA ABBOTT, just arrived from Paris, says she has a new opera building for which she is to pay 200,000 francs, or $40,000. "Whoa, EMMA!" Don't draw on your fancy for your facts.

BETWEEN the pauper immigration from England and the bank-official emigration to Canada, these United States are being, to use a term belonging to the carnal game of poker, whipsawed.

MISS IDA CUMMINGS must be about as sensitive to popular censure as CHAUNCEY I. FILLEY. She was hissed at one of the St. Louis variety theaters the other night and promptly attempted suicide.

BY the shirring, basting and careful adjusting of a job lot of politics BEN BUTLER has produced a letter of acceptance which will be invaluable to the ladies of this country as a crazy work pattern.

WHILE playing robbers, at Longmont, Col., yesterday, WILLIE HART, aged thirteen, was shot and killed by a companion. What a pity it is that this game was not one of the pastimes of BEN BUTLER'S youth.

REPUBLICAN papers nowadays are as fastidiously moral as the English lady who kept her male and female authors on separate shelves, because, as Lord Lyndhurst said, "she did not want to increase her library."

ENGLAND cannot be accused of undue alacrity in rescuing Gordon. His last dispatch received by the Government was dated in April, and the relief expedition is not expected to reach Khartoum before November.

WHY could not BREWSTER, Attorney-General, be secured by some enterprising firm of publishers to write a companion volume to Count MUNSTER'S cookery, in the shape of a book on fancy needlework and knitting?

A CHASTE Latin aphorism, which will appeal with especial force to Mr. SHOEMAKER of the Indianapolis *Sentinel* is "*ne sutor ultra crepidam.*" This is translated freely by our college graduate, "let the shoemaker stick to his libel suit."

WHEN that French flying machine is perfected we demand in the name of our common humanity that THOMAS T. CRITTENDEN be rescued from his perilous and uncomfortable position on the tail of Gilderoy's kite, where he has been swinging since Tuesday, June 24, 1884.

GEN. LOGAN is to address the Concord School of Philosophy on the Whichness of the However. In spite of our cheap diatribes about LOGAN'S ignorance with which a partisan press bubbles over, it remains the fact that he is admitted to be one of the deepest students of KANT in America.

MISS KATE FIELD'S lecture on Mormonism will probably settle the twin relic in one time and two motions, as we military men say. If it were not that cruel and unusual punishments are forbidden by the Constitution we would suggest that the Mormons be compelled to listen to the fair lecturess themselves.

THE Electric Arms Company has been incorporated in New York to make weapons whereby people can be struck by lightning. Just across the New York frontier they have had corporations of this sort for a long time, and the Gothamites are familiar with the effects of "Jersey lightning."

A LOCAL divine lectured yesterday on the theology of POE'S "Raven." It is a singular fact that while POE confessed that he built the poem as a literary scaffolding to support the word "nevermore," his own explanation is about the only one of the many afloat which is generally disbelieved.

AGAINST the opinion and advice of his two assistant editors, both clergymen—one of whom personally investigated the Buffalo scandals and exploded them—BOWEN has withdrawn the support of the *Independent* from CLEVELAND. BOWEN has private as well as public reasons for not sailing in the same political boat with BEECHER.

HENRY G. BOHN, whose death occurred in London yesterday, will be sincerely mourned by the whole English-reading world, to whose instruction he has contributed more than any other publisher, living or dead. He was the originator of the well-known "Bohn's Library," the "Standard," "Scientific," "Antiquarian," "Classical," "Ecclesiastical," "Historical," "Illustrated" and "Shilling" series of which have brought within the reach of all many of the choicest specimens of ancient, mediæval and modern literature. A large portion of the best translations of the best Greek and Latin authors are due to Mr. BOHN'S sagacity and enterprise; and not a few valuable works in English, French, German and Italian, temporarily gone out of fashion, would have perished utterly, so far as the general public is concerned, but for their resurrection in his noble "Library." He will be gratefully remembered by thousands and tens of thousands in every land to which books have penetrated.

WALLACE AND GRAVES.

The old reliable Democratic organ of Mr. GRAVES' own city and county, the Lexington *Intelligencer*, agrees with the POST-DISPATCH in the conclusion that neither GRAVES nor WALLACE is the nominee of the Democratic party for Congress in the Fifth District, and that the proper, fairest and most practical solution of the difficulty would be reached, as Mr. WALLACE proposes, by referring the nomination to the Democrats of the district at a primary election. After a thorough, fair and elaborate review of all the proceedings, the *Intelligencer* concludes as follows:

> We conclude, therefore, that neither body was a lawfully constituted and lawfully conducted Congressional Convention worthy of the respect and support of the Democrats of the Fifth Congressional District. We regard the present situation, with two candidates in the field, as intolerable and as a concession of the district to the Republicans. At such a time as this, when Democratic dissensions threaten to hand back the House of Representatives to the Republican party, the great body of the people, who are more interested in the success of the party than in the ambition of men, should rise in their might and take the management into their own hands. The factional proceedings of this week should be ignored and partisan committees should be asked to give way. This is a question for the Democrats of the district to settle. There is ample time to do it by a primary election in the entire district. Settled by the voice of the Democratic voters, it will be settled indeed. Arranged in any other way, there will still be room for carping and dissensions. Let the Democrats of the district vote on it, and to their voice every true man will say amen.

The Kansas City *Times*, however, insists that the rump convention, which was constituted by a minority representing only Lafayette and Johnson counties, was regular, and that "Mr. GRAVES has been nominated regularly, and by all precedents and party usages and parliamentary rulings is entitled to the support of the Democrats of the district."

If this is true, it is true only because it is an expression of the fact that no fairly constituted Democratic convention, or one whose nomination reflected any fair expression of the people's choice, has been permitted in that district since 1876, if before. The whole cause of the present trouble is to be sought in the long continued efforts of Jackson County factions and juggling committees to control Congressional nominations regardless of the preferences of the majority of Democratic voters. The men who were engaged in that work are the men who now oppose a primary election and insist on running GRAVES as the nominee of a rump convention organized by a minority of the accredited delegates against WALLACE, who was nominated by a majority of the regularly accredited delegates, but in an irregular convention.

The *Times* asserts that GRAVES can beat the Republican candidate with WALLACE in the field, although WALLACE carried Jackson County and Kansas City by a majority of 887 and received 4,671 votes, 2,000 more than any competitor, at the primaries in Lafayette and Jackson Counties. This is the same song that was sung by the Democratic minority which supported CRISP against ALLEN and thereby elected VAN HORN in 1880. With the Democratic organ of his own county denying that he is the Democratic nominee, Mr. GRAVES should recall his letter rejecting WALLACE'S proposition and join him in a reference of the nomination to a free for all primary election by the Democratic voters of the entire district.

VIRGINIA REPUDIATION.

Ever since the Republicans took up with MAHONE, and the powerful aid of a Republican administration at Washington, with all the Federal patronage at its command, enabled him to commit Virginia to a policy of partial repudiation, it has been evident that all the rest of her debt would, in the end, be repudiated in the same way. The Democratic party of Virginia fought till it fell overpowered on the field of battle in defense of the honor and credit of the State. Then it accepted, under compulsion, the "Readjuster" policy as the declared will of the people, and on the platform of submission it once more recovered power in the Legislature.

Now, however, in the desperate effort to carry the State for BLAINE, the Mahonites are offering to relieve the people of all debt tax by scaling away what remains unscaled of the State debt, or by repudiation in some juggling form. This movement has its inspiration in BLAINE'S book, wherein he justified the partial repudiation already consummated, and argued that both on sentimental grounds and as a compensation for the territory taken from Virginia during the war, the United States should pay a third of the debt of that State. "I will be liberal and throw off half of your bill," said the tavern-keeper to the philosopher J. N. "Not to be outdone in liberality," said J. N., "I will throw off the other half and we'll call it square." That is the spirit in which the poor tax-payers of Virginia naturally respond to Mr. BLAINE'S liberal proposition. The candidate who can by such a summary process of reasoning charge 33 per cent of their debt to Uncle Sam, can just as easily charge the balance to the same great capitalist and grant them an honorable discharge from all their obligations.

This is the bid with which the Democrats now in the Virginia Legislature must compete to carry that State. If they are again forced to yield to the tide of repudiation sentiment, the Republican organs will of course make a great fuss about it. But the fact will remain, and should never be forgotten, that the repudiation sentiment in Virginia has derived its triumphant power from the teachings of Mr. BLAINE, and from the countenance, encouragement and material aid with which the National Republican party and a Republican administration at Washington have sustained it in all local contests for four years past.

DANA ON BUTLER.

OF all the crow eaters in this contest Mr. DANA of the New York *Sun* has undertaken the biggest contract. He is supporting General BUTLER, whose character he thus portrayed in the *Sun* of June 26, 1873:

> Hated by some, contemned by many, and distrusted by all, this bad man with his crooked ways, foul methods, distorted mind and wicked heart, glories in these moral deformities, flaunts them constantly before the public eye and traffics in them as political merchandise. The notoriety which decency shrinks from as a degradation he seeks at any sacrifice. He treats the reproach which follows such exhibitions as so much capital added to the stock of ill-fame that had already made his name odiously conspicuous in and out of Congress. Rejoicing in his own shame and coining money from open venality, discarding any pretense of principle, bound by no ties of honor, scoffing at religion, making politics a trade, despotic when clothed with authority, cowardly by nature, mercenary from habit and destitute of one ennobling quality or manly attribute to lift him up above these wretched characteristics, he is to-day the leading candidate for the highest honor in enlightened and moral Massachusetts. To this complexion have we come at last.

To eat his own words—and such words!—as sauce for such a tough and "gamy" old bird as BUTLER, is now the unhappy doom of Mr. DANA'S old age. DANA doing this and MURAT HALSTEAD running a "Penny Dreadful" on a dole from BLAINE'S campaign fund—how have the mighty fallen!

THE MASSACRE AT FOO CHOO.

The details that we now hear of the bombardment of Foo Choo by the French, while not complete, are enough to prove this massacre simply a national crime. The French ironclads, equipped with all the resources of modern war, have heroically destroyed a Chinese fleet of toy gunboats and thinned out the surplus population of a Chinese city by a general *battue*. Opposed to rifled cannon and arms of precision, was a Mongolian rabble for the greater part armed with lances and shields which they brandished in the air bravely, while the French gunners shelled them at a safe distance, unhurt by their spears and not frightened by the noises of the tom-toms beaten in the stricken city. After the bombardment, the dead began floating out the river on the tide, only Chinamen of course, stamped out of life like so much vermin. The junks were destroyed, the old-fashioned fortresses knocked down, and a great victory gained by the fleet. Later, to complete the glorious work, the villages on the hills about Foo Choo were shelled and a number of additional men, women and children slaughtered.

The common sense of the world must reject such an arbitrament of a vexed question as this. This is not war—it is murder. The wretches whose bodies are rotting to-day about Foo Choo were men a few days ago, with the right to live and to enjoy life after their barbarous fashion. These dead understood no more about the international question on which their lives were taken than they did about the Calculus of Quaternions.

There has been no luster added to the tricolor in the China Seas. That flag has no business in Asiatic waters. It would be more chivalrous to unfurl it in Alsace and Lorraine confronting an armed foe, not covering with its folds the capture of a rabbit warren.

THERE is little to make a fuss about in the invitation to FRANK JAMES to put himself on free exhibition as one of the attractions of the Moberly fair. His presence would draw a crowd at any agricultural fair, and the managers thereof would make as much out of it as from a gratis display of BUFFALO BILL'S and Dr. CARVER'S Wild West shows aggregated. The invitation to FRANK is but a pandering to that humane weakness that would bring crowds to see SITTING BULL or to witness the execution of any notorious criminal. The *Globe-Democrat* dwells on this incident as a means of creating a false impression abroad in regard to the feelings of the masses in this State toward FRANK JAMES. But a far worse exhibition, one for which officials and not the masses are responsible, the *Globe-Democrat* passes over without censure. It has uttered no remonstrance against the official conspiracy to shield FRANK JAMES from Minnesota justice by protracting the farce of a pretended prosecution under that old indictment for the Otterville robbery. That proceeding is as foul a libel on the public sentiment and public justice of this State as her bitterest enemy could utter.

DEMOCRATS can now see and feel the point of WADE HAMPTON'S remark about BUTLER at Chicago: "What business has that fellow in a Democratic Convention? His presence here is an insult and an outrage." BUTLER'S politics are as oblique as his optics. First a Democrat, then a Republican, then a Democrat again, and now a "Workingman," he is liable to be anything and everything else before he dies except an honest man. If political rogues were trumps, it would always be safe to play BUTLER for the ace.

THE French war with China is only another illustration of

> "The good old rule, the simple plan,
> That they should take who have the power,
> And they should keep who can."

France has no more legal or moral right to invade China than she has to invade England or the United States, and if China were as strong as England or the United States, France would let her severely alone. In this case, as in those of Tunis and Madagascar, she takes good care not to "strike one of her size."

IT is now said that the Garfield National Monument at Cleveland will be a neat combination of the architectural peculiarities of a shot-tower, smoke-stack and Chinese pagoda. It will also have an observatory on top, from which the visitor may take a cheerful view of the surrounding cemetery. When it comes to monuments of the grotesque and arabesque variety, America easily beats the world.

"OCHOSE, Widow MAHONE," says he must have more "soap" to carry Virginia for the Republican ticket. MAHONE is pretty well washed out there already, and whatever "soap" he gets will only facilitate and accelerate the process of political obliteration. Among those Virginians whose good opinion is worth having

> "None know him but to curse him,
> None name him but to damn."

Dana vs. Butler Again.

From the New York Sun, May 12, 1873.

It is not generally supposed that Ben Butler is a humbug. According to the popular belief he is distinguished for brutal frankness and a cynical display of rascally qualities, rather than pretending to virtues which he does not possess. Nevertheless we will convict him of such false pretenses. Everybody knows that he was one of the principal agents employed by Gen. Grant to put through the extra-pay swindle. His responsibility for this performance he has admitted, and he proposes to refund to those who demand it the share of every individual citizen in the money thus taken from the Treasury. This share Butler estimates at three cents each. To one gentleman who has complained to him he has remitted the amount in a postage stamp, and he promises to restore the same to everybody else who asks for it. In this Butler is guilty not only of humbug but of extraordinary meanness. The aggregate of the extra-pay robbery is $18,000,000 taken out of the Treasury, because it imposes on the people of the United States the necessity of paying every year, over and above their previous expenditures, a sum equivalent to the interest on that amount. Now, taking 35,000,000 of souls as the population of the country, it is plain that instead of three cents apiece Butler and his confederates, by their extra-pay swindle, plunder half a dollar from every person, black and white, old and young, wise and foolish, rich and poor, big and little. This is exactly what Butler ought to restore, and when he pretends to make any sufferer good by sending him a three-cent postage stamp he is a humbug. Half a dollar is the least that will indemnify each person for loss by this raid upon the Treasury under the inspiration of Grant and through the active management of Butler.

Pecksniffianism.

From the Indianapolis Sentinel.

Since the 15th inst. a specious invocation has gone up from the devout Republican press for the preservation of the sanctity of home. Under the reflection of publications against Gov. Cleveland in the same prints, during the previous thirty days, this pleading is decidedly Pecksniffian. The lusty hypocrite, schemer and slanderer, Pecksniff, whined of ill-treatment when indignant old Martin Chuzzlewitt felled him with a blow of his stout cane for treachery and lies against young Martin. So the Republican press whimpers and cants over a reference to Blaine's private scandal, though having for weeks been printing infamous charges which they knew to be false in distortion against the Democratic candidate. Mr. Cleveland had a home in which affectionate sisters dwell. What regard had the Republican Pecksniffs for the feelings of this household? Did they hesitate, or, hesitating, care for the wounds inflicted upon Cleveland's household? But suppose a wife had been in the home circle: does any one suppose these ghouls would have been any less sparing? Their pious indignation is political affectation, and if no other benefit to American society comes from the Sentinel's inquiry concerning Blaine's private misdoings, we shall be satisfied with having exposed the Pecksniffianism of the Republican press.

Lillian Russell as a Mother.

From a London Letter to the Boston Herald.

There was a group out of the common order at Mme. Tussaud's exhibition the other day. In short, a tableau vivant, composed of Lillian Russell, baby and nurse. The last-named personage evidently does not come under the category of "wet," for, the infant Solomon evincing hunger by a series of shrill lamentations, the ex-sovereign mistress of New York dudedom calmly seated herself, unbared her admirable bosom, and nursed the latest pledge of her love. O, time, O womankind! The bewitching interpreter of "The Silver Line" was somewhat shabbily dressed, poor girl, and the cares of maternity had paled her cheek; but the infant was richly attired, and accompanied by a nurse of eminent respectability. What would "the front row" of infatuated middle-aged brokers and sighing callow youths with immaculate shirt-fronts think of their Lillian if they could see her suckling Solomon junior among the wax works? It was well worth the shilling entrance fee, and, to my mind, the young mother was lovelier thus employed than when she enchanted eye and ear as the heroine of the comic opera.

MEN OF MARK.

JOHN KING, JR., will get $30,000 a year salary as president of Erie Railroad.

BY a powerful current of electricity Mr. Edison kept his dying wife alive for two hours.

ABBE LISZT has been granted an annuity of $1,500 by the Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar.

GARRISON, the living skeleton, is dead. Mr. Garrison, had he lived, would have become a great Arctic explorer.

THE policemen of Montreal, Canada, are hereafter to be required to be able to speak both English and French.

AN exchange says that President Arthur tans easily. This does away with the old story that he is a dude. Dudes always freckle.

MR. VANDERBILT thinks he will not vote at all in the Presidential election. Two dollars is no object to a gentleman of Mr. Vanderbilt's extensive wealth.

BONNIE RUNNELS, the circus clown, who died in Chicago a week ago, was one of the most accomplished men in his line. He was a great linguist, He was only 27

"An ex-editor is now a barber at Saginaw, Mich." writes the Norristown Herald. "He wields the scissors as fluently as ever, but he does more head work now."

"Brick" Pomeroy, who gets a terrible deal this week in his old Denver paper, The Great West, has just entered journalism again in New York with a new paper called the United States Democrat.

LIEUT. GREELY is regaining his accustomed vigor and strength very slowly. It would appear from the extreme physical weakness of the survivors that Arctic sailor is palatable, but not strengthening.

GOV. CLEVELAND'S daily mail includes about fifty demands for autographs and half as many for photographs, with one or two notifications that a promising boy baby has been given the Governor's name.

OWEN STANTON, a citizen of New York, finding his sleeping room too warm, took his blanket and went upon the roof to sleep. He was found in the yard below next morning dead, with every bone in his body broken by the fall.

Mr. Halstead ought never to have embarked in the publication of the campaign flyer of the New York Tribune. It looks as if he had already injured his reputation as an editor much more than he has helped the Republican candidate.

KING LUDWIG, of Bavaria, rises in the night, has a black steed saddled, and dashes off at a whirlwind speed up and down the hill roads—which are well kept for that reason—like a phantom horseman pursued by some relentless decree of the supernatural powers.

HERR VON BORCKE, whom the Virginians and the Marylanders have been ilonizing, will sail to-morrow for his home in Germany. He carries back with him a fine sabre, presented with ceremony and rattling speeches by comrades at Richmond. Von Borcke, who is a count and a Prussian colonel, was one of Stuart's cavalrymen and still carries a lot of Yankee lead beneath his skin.

"SENATOR LOGAN," as the Washington Capital learns, "has evidently made up his mind that he is to be the next presiding officer of the Senate, for after boarding for a number of years he has now determined to go housekeeping. Capitol Hill has been chosen as his future home and he will reside at 'the Maples,' as the property belonging to 'Olivia,' the correspondent, is termed."

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

MATHEW ARNOLD'S daughter is quite a belle in New York.

FIFTEEN young women from Mt. Holyoke, Mass., are taking a tramp in the Adirondacks.

CHOLERA mustaches, perfumed with carbolic acid, are worn by Marseilles women.

THERE is a housekeeper in Salem who is 91 years old and has had her place for sixty-six years.

MRS. HENRY F. WHITING, of Atlanta, Ga., died a few days ago from swallowing tobacco juice.

CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG says this has been the greatest season for the American girl abroad that has ever been known.

THE Boston girl is considered accomplished when she can sneeze without dropping off her eyeglasses.

THE wife of a wealthy Logansport, Ind., jeweller eloped twice in one week, and yet the women ask for more rights.

WOMEN and girls own nearly one-half of the deposits in the savings banks of Massachusetts, having to their credit $117,932,399.

"THE Arctic regions are not without their pleasures. The Esquimaux girls are very pretty; dance, sing and do not care for ice cream." According to the Boston Transcript.

QUEEN VICTORIA eats a saucer of oatmeal in bed every morning. If we were as rich as the Queen we would have somebody else eat the oatmeal for us.

A COLORADO woman has discovered and done the assessment work on fourteen mining claims. In addition to this she has kept a hotel and supported her worthless husband and two children.

"CAPTAIN JOE," the local chief of the Washoe Indians, says that there is a squaw living in the outskirts of Carson, Nev., who is nearly 150 years old. Her grandson, at the age of 90, was one of Gen. Fremont's guides when he crossed the plains.

THE Southern papers report that Miss Maud St. Pierre of Washington City, has bought 14,000 acres of coal and timber lands at Anderson, Tenn., and will at once proceed to build a model town, with all the modern conveniences.

VICTORIA DAVIS is the Abyssinian girl whom, after being taken to England and made accomplished in the ways of civilization under the patronage of the Queen, her savage old father wants returned to his heart and hut. Miss Davis does not want to go, and so looms up another international complication.

THE death is announced at Weimar, in her 90th year, of a lady who had for seventy years been in the service of the Goethe family. She has been in personal attendance upon the poet for the last twenty-five years of his life and up to the time of his death. She was buried in the family vault where Goethe rests.

MRS. DIADEMA CAMP, who died at Winsted, Conn., a few days ago, lacked only about two months of being 100 years old. Plans had been made for celebrating her 100th birthday on October 15, and the event was anticipated with great confidence, as she was apparently well and strong and had never known a serious sickness.

A WHITE MOUNTAIN letter says of the girl waiters of that region, many of whom are school teachers: "As a rule they are very demure and dignified, but equally prompt and attentive. They do not 'carry on,' as I heard a Philadelphia lady remark. One might as well try to flirt with one of the Sisters of Mercy he meets in the New York streets. I saw one young woman politely return a half dollar left for her on the dinner table."

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying To-Day.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, August 25.—The New York WORLD says: "A good deal of excitement was occasioned at Republican headquarters yesterday by the news from Augusta that Blaine did not attend church in the morning. A feverish feeling was observed in the Tribune building and a great deal of anxiety was felt among the Government officials. It was learned later in the day that Mr. Blaine and the rest of the family had appeared at the church service and a better feeling prevailed. In the evening an official statement was obtained, and it was to the effect that Mr. Blaine had been suffering from a slight indigestion in the morning, but would be in his pew next Sunday."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "The revolt against the Democratic candidate is spreading wider and striking deeper as the canvass goes on. The malcontents will be more likely to go to Butler than to Blaine, for it is easy for a Democrat to vote for Butler. A pretty large body of Irish Americans are disposed to give him a helping hand. As fast as the belief gains ground among the Democratic rank and file in the State that Cleveland is destined to be beaten, the revolt will increase and Butler will be the gainer."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "Mr. Blaine's foreign policy was a conspicuous failure for the simple reason that he never thoroughly considered the questions presented, was incapable of seeing two sides to any subject or appreciating the position of those he was dealing with, but simply rushed headlong into controversies of which he could not see the outcome. Moreover, he had such a propensity for jobbery that he was even ready to use the calamities of friendly nations for the promoting of a guano scheme. Such a policy might get us into no end of complications and troubles and get us out of sympathy with every nation on the face of the earth, including those on the Western Continent, but it could by no possibility increase our dignity or influence or promote the friendly alliance of American Republics".

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "It can do no harm to state our conviction that, were the election to be held to-day, Governor Cleveland would not have an even chance of success in any Northern State. What sort of a chance may be secured for him by the scoundrelism of his managers we cannot guess. It depends greatly upon the effort which Republicans make to put their cause before the people so powerfully in each state that it shall be beyond the reach of defeat."

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Will Make the Swap.

ST. LOUIS, August 21, 1884.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I understand that you offerto swap off a common council for a yellow dog. I was about to call upon you this afternoon in regard to this, but found on returning home, that my little dog had run away. May I ask how long your offer will remain open? If I should at any time succeed in getting another little yellow dog shall call upon and make a dicker with you. I will, however, give you notice of my intention so that you will be prepared to trot out your assembly. J. BOUTTER.

Don't Want "The Orange Girl."

ST. LOUIS, August 25, 1884.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you, through your friendly columns, suggest that the farewell opera at the Cave be changed to something pretty. We don't want "The Orange Girl." Why not give us something sparkling and bright and leave a good impression? "The Merry War," "The Princess Trebisonde," or "The Three Black Cloaks." By suggesting this in your paper you will greatly oblige MANY SUBSCRIBERS.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

SUBSCRIBER—Francis, in "Marked for Life," never showed at the People's Theater.

C. R.—According to the latest city maps, Market street does not run directly into the Manchester road. The space between the two is set down as part of Laclede avenue.

A Secret Marriage.

Galt in Cincinnati Enquirer.

The same person told me that there was a rumor among the Stanwood family in England that when Mr. Blaine was first married he did not publish his marriage for reasons of convenience. He and his wife were teaching school, and it was not agreeable to them among their scholars to have a proclamation made. I understand from my informant that a witness to the marriage is still living, and is ready to be produced at any moment.

Culture vs. Poodles.

From the New York Mail and Express.

Boston women at Swampscott take their pet poodles into the surf every day, and then, drying the miserable little beasts on the bench give an exhibition that is not at all consistent with culture or refinement. There is a wonderful amount of nonsense about the alleged Boston culture.

Dining by Square and Compass.

From the New York Tribune.

In middle life Mr. Gladstone formulated to himself rules for chewing food. Thirty-two bites were to be given to each mouthful of meat, certain less numbers to fish, bread, etc., etc. These rules he has since closely adhered to, and he has trained his children to do the same.

Exactly.

From French Fun.

He had just been presented to the stylish Miss X., a majestic woman still attractive by gaslight.

"By Jove," he says, admiringly, "if she was only ten years younger—"

"Yes," says his friend, "but the deuce of it is, that, instead, she is ten years older."

A Good Name for It.

From the St. Paul Herald.

"Ever had a cyclone here?" asked a Kansas man who was visiting a country aunt in the East. "A cyclone? oh, yes," said his aunt. "Deacon Brown's son brought one from Boston a spell ago, but law! he couldn't ride it. Tumbled off every time he tried."

Great Expectations of an Editor.

From the Louisville Times.

It becomes a matter of interest to know what Mr. Dana is to have from Ben Butler. Governor Cleveland bought his enmity by refusing Paul Dana a position on his military staff, and the country knows how Grant lost his favor.

Nice Girls and Green Velvet Lobsters.

From the Boston Transcript.

If you would be in the very latest English fashion make yourself a small red or green velvet lobster and set it at the side of the square opening of your frock waist. The more ferocious the lobster looks the better.

As to Some Petty Charges Now Current.

From the Buffalo Express, (Rep.)

The campaign is not to be won by attacking Cleveland's official character. He has made a better record in office than most men make—much better than most Democrats make.

One Mower Active Centenarian.

From the St. John (N. B.) Telegraph.

William Moody of Gulf Shore, Cumberland, N. S., aged 102, was out last Saturday giving a young man working for him some instructions in mowing.

How They Would Run Bases!

From the New York Tribune.

It is said that a base-ball nine will soon be organized in Canada composed of American bank cashiers now residing in that country.

Figures of Rhetoric from Egypt.

From the Waterbury Republican.

General Logan recently pictured an intellectual feast, sending out its rills and little rivulets and ramifying a republic.

Training a Child.

From the Lowell Times.

Before placing John A., jr., at West Point, General Logan said to him, solemnly: "My son, don't never swear."

The Tots to Buy Out the Candy Shops.

From the Boston Globe.

Little girls on summer resort piazzas are getting rich at killing mosquitos at a cent a hundred.

Pretty Warm Weather Down East.

From the Boston Herald.

When it comes to roasting apples on the trees, there is either a hot sun or a big liar about.

A PHENOMENAL SUCCESS.

How the New York World Is Still Growing.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, August 25.—The constant and rapid increase in the circulation of the WORLD has been often referred to as showing how the masses appreciate a live and progressive newspaper. The increase is not confined to the city and environs, but extends all over the State and country. The WORLD publishes to-day reports from forty-four newsdealers and others within easy mail distance of New York, which show the marvelous growth of the paper since since it passed under its present management. In nearly every instance the statements of sales are accompanied by the name and address of a responsible and well-known person in the locality from whence it comes. In an editorial on "The Growth of the WORLD" is the following: "The achievement of the WORLD in leaping in one year to the very front rank of New York journalism from a third or fourth rate position in point of circulation, is regarded by experienced newspaper people as a marvel. Touching the justness of this unequivocal testimony it does not become our modesty to express an opinion, but we think we can point with pride to the splendid proof of success furnished on our fifth page this morning. We have here reports from forty-four towns and cities within a day's travel of New York relative to the sales of the WORLD, a comparison being made in some instances with other leading New York dailies. We have

THE STATEMENTS OF ONE HUNDRED NEWSDEALERS,

who are impartial in business, and who testify to the unprecendented growth of the WORLD during the past year and the steady demand for it now. In every instance an increase is noted. In most cases the growth represents a ten-fold increase. Wherever the WORLD is sold the dealers attest its popularity. The story told by dealers outside the city of New York is doubly confirmed by dealers inside the city. We have striven to make the WORLD a newspaper of the people—a reflex of the world in which we live. Whatever of vigor we have imparted to its columns has been promptly appreciated, and we thank the public which is ever quick to respond to honest effort. The tone and sentiment of the WORLD we believe to be in accord with the mass of American people. Honesty in dealing with public questions, fairness in presenting the news and faithfulness in all things are demanded of the journal which seeks to be something beyond the mere mouthpiece of a faction or the glove of an idea. In all these the WORLD has been tried and proven during the past year, and great and powerful as it is now, and grounded as it is on public esteem, it is nothing to what we shall see in a year hence, we sincerely believe."

A LIMIT TO THE HEROIC.

A Naval Officer's Opinion of Greely's and Schley's Work.

"I don't like to criticise an officer who is not in my corps," said a naval officer pretty high in command who is at present in the city, "but I must say that the Greely misfortune was entirely unnecessary. Greely could have saved his party easily if he had not been afraid of water. He abandoned his boats and stuck to land, when by taking to the water he might have reached a station, or at any rate gone where there was plenty of game. He was within thirty miles of salvation, and if he had been a seaman he would have saved his men. A stiff current and running ice are nothing to deter men in such straits from attempting a passage. The whole trouble arose from sending army officers on naval expeditions. It is foolish and absurd in the extreme. What they want for such trips are water rats who are not afraid of water and know how to manage boats under difficulties."

"How does it happen that an army man was chosen?"

"Well, the expeditions are under the Signal Service Department and Hazen is an army officer. I think, however, this will be the last time that such a thing will be done. I see, too," continued the officer, "that they are making a hero of Schley. Schley is a fine fellow and deserves credit for the zeal he displayed, but naval officers display zeal every day that is never heard of. With the splendidly equipped boats he had and the support of whalers, he did no more than any other officer could and would have done under the circumstances. I believe in giving a man credit for what he does, but there should be a limit to the heroic. If Schley had been promoted for this service it would have been an act of great injustice to men who have done far greater and more dangerous service in the past."

The Chautauqua Assembly Closes.

CHAUTAUQUA, August 25.—The closing exercises of the Chautauqua Assembly for the year were held this morning. Addresses were made by Chancellor Vincent, President Lewis Miller of Akron, Ohio, Rev. Dr. Eaton of Pennsylvania, Rev. Dr. Adams and Secretary Duncan and others to an immense audience. Mrs. Hull sang "Home, Sweet Home." The Yale College Glee Club sang several selections. The services were very impressive.

MR. W. C. STRIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in the POST-DISPATCH.

A RECORD LOWERED.

Tom Dolan Reduces the Time on Contract Breaking.

And is Received Into the Union Ranks—St. Louis vs. Indianapolis—Games Saturday and Sunday—Sporting Notes, Gossip and Sundries.

The crowd which gathered at the Lucas Park on Saturday afternoon grew restive because the game was not called on time. Soon after there was great astonishment as Tom Dolan was seen to walk into the field with Sweeny, and it became known that he was to catch in the game for St. Louis. Tom received a perfect ovation and it was evident that he was a favorite with the crowd. President Lucas who was seated near a POST-DISPATCH reporter, gave the following explanation of the surprise as they both watched the game: "Dolan came to me this morning and said he was likely to have trouble with the management of the Browns and wanted to know if he could play ball with me. I asked him if he had been expelled or released, and he said he had not. I then told him that I would have nothing to do with a player who is under contract with another club. He went away, and came back again this afternoon. He said he had been expelled from the Browns and wanted to play ball. I told him in case he had been expelled, I had a place for him, and he came in here to catch. I would not have touched him, if he had not told me that he had been expelled or released." After the game Tom Dolan made a statement in which he differs, as will be seen, from that which he made to President Lucas. Tom talked as follows: "I have been catching for the St. Louis Browns just as faithfully and as well as Tom Deasley, I think, although he received double the salary I did. Yet he was shown all the favors. If he did not feel like catching, I was ordered in. Often, when I had been ordered to catch, Tom Deasly would make his mind again, that he wanted to do the work, and I would be set aside in his favor. On the last trip, I think that the record will show that I did as good, if not better work, than he did. To keep in proper practice, a man should catch at least every other game, and I had long demanded this privilege and had been laughed at by the management for so doing. On my return from this trip, I saw my friends, told them what was the matter, and they advised me to leave the club if the matter was not remedied. This morning, I asked Von der Ahe whom he would catch in the game to-day. He said, Deasley. I told him it was my turn and that he must let me catch every other game. He said he would do just as he pleased about it. I told him, I would no longer remain with his club."

Tom said that at 3 o'clock in the afternoon he again went out to Sportman's Park and asked Von der Ahe if he would allow him to catch. The latter said no. "Then," said Tom, "I'll go down and catch for the Unions." "If you do," said Von der Ahe, "I'll put you through for it." Dolan told Von der Ahe to go to——, and came down to Union Park, as related. Mr. Lucas stated that he had not signed Dolan. He left for Pittsburg with his club Saturday night. Dolan remained here and Lucas told him he would sign him on Thursday next, if he still desired to make a contract.

At Sportsman's Park quite a different story was told. Mr. Von der Ahe said that, lately, Dolan has been much off in his work, that his throwing to bases had been execrable, and that, as a consequence, Deasley had been forced to do most of the work. Saturday, he wanted to catch, but it was thought wiser to take no risks, and Deasley was put in. Tom Dolan demanded that he be allowed to catch, and Mr. Von der Ahe paid no attention to such a foolish break. Then Tom declared that he was done with the club, and that he was going to catch for the Unions. He undeniably did so, and in his hurry ran across lots, not waiting for a car to get down, and President Von der Ahe says he has neither been released nor expelled, and that, in fact, the only action taken was by Dolan himself, when he declared unexpectedly that he would catch no more, and started on the run for the Union grounds after using some very ungentlemanly language. Mr. Von der Ahe said he could well get along without Dolan, that he did not need him and that he was as much surprised as anybody at the action Dolan had taken. No action of any kind has been yet taken in Dolan's case.

It will be seen that Dolan's statement as given to Mr. Lucas, and Dolan's statement, as given for publication, differ very materially. In the one he stated, according to Mr. Lucas, that he had been expelled. In his other story, he shows that he had not been. In the latter, he corroborates Mr. Von der Ahe.

As Mr. Lucas stated that he would not touch Dolan, unless he were expelled or released from the other club, it is probable that he will not sign him on Thursday when he learns the real facts. At least that is the logical conclusion to be drawn from his remarks given above. Dolan, however, is reported as saying that he had been signed, and that he gets $400 a month.

St. Louis vs. Indianapolis.

The Indianapolis Club, which came here on Saturday, is not the aggregation which visited us earlier in the season and were comparatively easy victims to be led to the St. Louis "slaughter-house" as the Alleghenies used to have it. McKeon, who is in fine shape, pitched a superb game, and up to the ninth inning it looked as though it would be a shut out for St. Louis. With two runs in and a man at third, St. Louis had a chance of being the scorer, but Quest sent a fly to right field and the Hoosiers were credited with a victory. Davis and Deasley worked remarkably well, Davis striking out eight men. The St. Louis men were evidently depressed and played a very listless and unconfident game at the bat, actually not waking up to their usual sprightliness until the ninth inning. Yesterday the Indianapolis presented five men who are new to our ball patrons in their present connection, these being Robinson, catcher; Morrison, center, and Watkins, third base, from the Bay City; Barr, pitcher, from Washington, and Collins, second base, from the Buffalo League club. Nearly 7,000 spectators witnessed the game, which was one of the most remarkable ever played in St. Louis. The Hoosiers took hold of Davis in the beginning and hit him hard, until his arm got loosened out, and he did some magnificent twirling, keeping them away from the tallying plate from the seventh inning to the close of the twelfth, when game was called on account of darkness. At the end of the first half of the seventh it looked as though St. Louis was destined to sure defeat, and the score was 8 to 4 against them. It was an "up-hill" day, however, and after their own peculiar fashion they pulled themselves together, and after the visitors had scored 8 and placed themselves apparently out of reach, Davis made a safe hit with one man out, and was followed by Gleason on a single. Latham forced Davis at third, and then Lewis sent the two men home with a terrific slash to the fence which yielded him two bases. In the eighth and ninth the visitors got whitewashed, and then in the ninth after Davis had struck out, Gleason trotted to first on called balls; reached second on a passed ball; Latham then hitting a long foul which Peltz got after and captured on a bound, turning a somersault in the operation; Lewis hit safe for the fourth time and joined Gleason, stealing second of course, as Bill was at third —Quest running for him. Comiskey then made a beautiful drive to right and both men tallied; the crowd rising to their feet and cheering and shouting for several minutes at this exciting juncture. Charlie then made some dashing dives for second and third, sliding about ten feet in each instance, and getting both canvasses. Nicol, however, was unfortunate, and struck out. Barr and Daivs both put on speed and in the tenth the only man to reach first was Collins, who hit clean for it, he being left. In the eleventh Kerins went to first on called balls and was well thrown out at second by Deasley, Davis striking out his two successors. For St. Louis it was stair step order and the twelfth opened. Six men went to the bat, the pitching being magnificent and the thirteenth opened. Collins had made a hit, had stolen second, and reached third on a wild throw by Deasley when Watkins struck out. It was quite dark, and after some discussion Mr. Dyler called the game.

The Indianapolis were booked for Cincinnati today, but failing to get their train, remained over to play off the tie to-day—provided rain does not interfere. In that case they will be here Exposition week to finish up their two games with the St. Louis. Manager Gifford has accomplished wonders with his team, and if clubs who have games yet to play with the Hoosiers imagine they have walk-overs, they will be doomed to harrowing convictions to the contrary.

St. Louis Unions vs. Cincinnati.

There were, by official count at Union Park on Saturday, about 3,500 persons present to witness an exhibition game between the St. Louis Unions and the reconstructed Cincinnatis, this unusually great attendance being due chiefly to the appearance of the three ex-Clevelanders, Glasscock, Briody and McCormick, whose secession from the Forest City team has been so extensively advertised. The appearance of the "Maud S." of contract breakers, Tom Dolan, was the afternoon sensation, and he was received with a demonstration of wild delight, which will last just as long as Tom has no great number of wild throws, or bases stolen on him, or he can keep up an average of .400 or .500 at the bat. After that his name is not Tom, but another Hibernian appellation which is well known and aptly applied to gentlemen in his position. The ball playing was of a much higher order than is generally seen at the Union park, and the playing was excellent on both sides, the local team being pushed hard for a long time, the visit of the Omaha team excepted. The batting and fielding was equal, each side making five hits and each side being credited with two errors. Shaffer made three of the hits credited to St. Louis, two being double baggers, McQueny making two for Cincinnati. The final score was 2 to 1 in favor of Cincinnati.

Games on Saturday and Sunday.

The games outside of those in which St. Louis was interested, played Saturday and yesterday were as follows: In the American Association on Saturday, the Cincinnati were beaten by Columbus at Cincinnati by a score of 4 to 3. At New York the Metropolitans took the Athletics into camp by a score of 4 to 1. At Louisville the Toledo shout out the Louisville by a score of 1 to 0. At Baltimore, Barnie's men thrashed the Alleghenies by a score of 7 to 3. Yesterday the Cincinnatis turned the tables on Columbus by a score of 11 to 2; at Louisville Louisville took her revenge on Toledo, beating the Blades by a score of 6 to 1.

In the Union fight the Nationals beat the Wilmingtons on Saturday at Washington by a score of 12 to 10. Yesterday the Kansas City beat the Cincinnati Unions at Kansas City by a score of 4 to 3.

The League results were on Saturday: Philadelphia 5, Cleveland 4, at Philadelphia; Providence 7, Chicago 3, at Providence; Boston 7, Detroit 5, at Boston; Buffalo 5, New York 3, at New York.

St. Louis vs. Toledo.

The St. Louis Browns will meet the Toledos tomorrow at Sportsman's Park, it being the seventh game of the series. Play will begin at 4 p. m., and the nines will be as follows:

St. Louis.	Positions.	Toledo.
Deasley	Catcher	McGuire.
Davis	Pitcher	Mullane.
Comiskey	First base	Lane.
Quest	Second base	Barkley.
Latham	Third base	Meister.
Gleason	Short stop	Miller.
O'Neill	Left field	Olin.
Lewis	Center field	Welch.
Nicol	Right field	Poorman

A Lucky Manager.

Frank Bancroft, the manager of the Providence League Team, is one of the luckiest, as well as one of the shrewdest in the business. He is always on the lookout, and is ready at all times to take advantage of any points that will advance either the financial or playing interests of his club. Frank makes the boast that he was never connected with a club that had a real bad, losing season. To show what he will resort to, it is only necessary to relate a little instance that occurred last year while he was manager of the Cleveland League Club. One day he was scheduled to play the Providence League Team on his home grounds, but owing to the sickness of McCormick and Dunlap, both of whom sent word they could not play, he was in quandary as to what course to pursue. The elements favored him, however, and, while he was thinking, a very slight rain began to fall. In this Bancroft saw his chance. Jumping into a hack he was driven rapidly to the baseball park. In an instant he had issued an order to the ground-keeper to attach the hose (regular fire-engine size) to the hydrant and play the stream on the grounds. He then took a position on the grand stand, where he could command a view of streets leading to the gate. The hose continued to pour bucketful after bucketful of water all over the diamond. This was continued until the whole place was deluged, and then the employe was ordered to desist. About noon Harry Wright, manager of the Providence Club, came out to see the grounds.

"I am afraid we will have to call this game," said Bancroft.

"Why?" inquired Harry.

"Oh, these are the queerest grounds you ever saw. They are flooded over every time it rains."

While they were talking they walked out in the field. Wright had not gone far before he sunk into the soft soil above his shoe tops.

"I guess you are right," said Harry.

So the game was postponed on account of a rain that did not lay the dust in the streets.—[Exchange.

Diamond Chips.

The Lowell Reds beat the Would-Bes on Sunday by a score of 15 to 12.

The Lucas Reds, yesterday, defeated the Little Lindell by a score of 13 to 0.

Miss Hattie Lathy, and Miss Ida Rashcoe, are registered at the Montesano Springs Hotel.

The Deluge Base-Ball Club defeated the O K Base-Ball Club of Belleville by a score of 4 to 3.

The Blue Light defeated the Grace Hill yesterday in a ten innings game by a score of 16 to 13.

The Mascottes defeated a picked nine in East St. Louis yesterday morning by the score of 7 to 2.

Comiskey's base running yesterday was a grand exhibition and has never been equalled in St. Louis.

Burns and Van Court, League umpires, have had their official heads decapitated by the release process.

Foutz is yet too ill to leave Louisville; he will be along in a day or two, however, and will then mend rapidly.

Dolan's appearance with the Unions definitely settles the matter of a local series between the Browns and Unions.

The Mound Coffin Company nine defeated the Knownothings of North Broadway yesterday by a score of 30 to 8.

The Pastime Base-ball Club, after completing arrangements for a game yesterday with the Mutuals of Carondelet, failed to show up.

Fred Lewis' return to the St. Louis team has been marked by some of his remarkable slugging: six hits in two games is clever—rather.

Mr. J. Nagle will receive all challenges of the Penrose Base-Ball Club at Mr. Adolph Noltkamper, corner of Talcott avenue and Beliefontaine road.

One of the finest games of base-ball played on the Christian Brothers' College Grounds was played Sunday between the St. Louis Reds and White Horse nine.

Will Gleason wen tto the base yesterday in good spirits and perfectly qualified. He knocked the big twirler around in a very lively manner, two of his hits being double baggers.

A ridiculous rumor was circulated yesterday to the effect that Foutz had committed suicide in Louisville. The public at present is in a state to believe almost anything.

The Hardly Abies defeated the Lowell crack team yesterday by a score of 13 to 3. The features of the game were the battery work of Wm. Busack and Lee Thebo.

Manager Gifford describes Dundon's (the Columbus deaf mute) kick against Dyler, as of the nature of holding his hands up in that peculiar sweeping movement which signifies: "You are a daisy."

The Mulcahy "Dudes" beat the Muldoon Bloods yesterday morning by a score of 13 to 11 in thirteen innings. The features of the game were Bull Hemp's catching and Nin Boehmann's three home runs.

Big Anson of the Chicagos is the most unpopular man in the League. He takes his medicine daily in the shape of hoots and hisses from spectators. His kicking propensities brought about all the trouble.

George McGinnis indignantly denies the reports as to his jumping his contract with the St. Louis club. George has not descended to morning interviews as yet, followed by trots across lots in the afternoon.

An Eastern Exchange says: The managers of the Ironsides Club are hiring photographers to take pictures of the crowds of well-to-do citizens who climb upon the top of freight cars to see the national game in Lancaster.

The J and L's crossed bats with the Centrals on Seventeenth and Bremen avenue, yesterday. The latter were defeated by a score of 22 to 10. The J and L's would like to hear from any nine under 17 years old, the Summits and Friscos especally.

Welsh, the pitcher of the New York club, was on Saturday hit in the small of the back by a batted ball by Big Bronthers of Buffalo. He was knocked senseless and at first it was presumed that his back was broken. He resumed his position, however, and continued to the end of the game.

Athletes should remember that the entries for the athletic sports to be held at Sportsman's Park, Sunday next, will positively close Wednesday night, August 27. Those intending to compete should enter as early as possible so that the handicaper may give them starts according to their respective merits.

Dan O'Leary was reinstated by the Indianapolis Club last Thursday, and the board of directors of the American Association has been notified to wire its consent to Secretary Wikoff. This it will very likely do, and it is not among the improbabilities for O'Leary to assume the managerial reins of his first love, the Hoosier Capital team.—[Enquirer. The last part is improbable, as Mr. Gifford has done wonders with his new team.

The Flahertys and Our Boys played an interesting and exciting game of base ball at the Our Boys' park. At the end of the thirteenth inning the score stood Flahertys 11, and Our Boys 10. Several hundred dollars changed hands. The Flahertys would like to hear from all amateur clubs. D. Stack, 2116 Division street, will attend to all challenges for the Flahertys.

Very few people are acquainted with the way in which Hugh Daly, the famous one-armed pitcher of the Chicago Unions, lost his arm. He was employed in the Front-street Theater, at Baltimore, and one night, while mixing up some red fire and other fancy lights to be used in a spectacular play, there was a terrible explosion, and poor Hughey was knocked senseless. When he regained consciousness his left hand and forearm were a shapeless mass. He was injured so badly that amputation was necessary.—[Enquirer.

Sporting Sundries.

The latest revolution in the way of a flying target is the new "Peoria black bird." It is claimed by some sportsmen to be superior to anything in that line ever manufactured. When struck one shot will break one in a dozen places.

The well-known shot Gwynne Price of this city says he stands ready to wager any amount from $5 to $100 that no man within fifty miles of St. Louis can beat the record of eighty-five broken clay pigeons out of one hundred under his rules—one barrel only.

The American Field gives the following further details regarding Bow: "The well known pointer dog, champion Bow, died at the kennel of his owner, Mr. Edward Odell. Bow was bred by Mr. Sam Price of Bow, England, was whelped in 1874, and brought to this country by Mr. T. H. Scott in 1878. Mr. Sterling fancied the dog so well that he paid $400 for him, although at the time he was in poor show form. Mr. Sterling sold him to the St. Louis Kennel Club, of which he was president, and the club sold him to Mr. Odell. Bow was in all probability the best representative of old champion Bang, and for field and show purposes one of the best pointers of his day. While he was in the kennels of the St. Louis Kennel Club, it was a special hobby with that club, as it has been with English pointer breeders, to combine the desirable characteristic of the dog Bang and the finer Sefton blood, but for some reason it has been found very difficult to blend the better parts of these two pointer families. Through Bow, whose shoulders were the best we have ever seen on a pointer, it was hoped to lighten the heavy Sefton shoulder, and give the progeny more style, while the finer Seftons were expected to furnish their strong backs and quality to the progeny, but very few of the Sefton-Bang cross have shown the desirable qualities of each strain, while many have inherited the undesirable characteristics of both. Through the good ones of this cross we look for the popular pointer of the future. Those who own dogs or bitches from Bow out of Sefton bitches, that have Bow's shoulders and style, are likely to breed from them something very desirable."

To Kansas and Return at Half Fare.

August 26 the Chicago and Alton sell round trip tickets from St. Louis to Abeline and return $18 40, Baxter Springs and return $9 95, Florence and return $12 50, Independence and return $11 30, Reece and return $12 10. Ticket office No. 117 North Fourth street and at the Union Depot.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Henry George Bohn, the English author and publisher, is dead.

The Russian fleet in Chinese waters is to be heavily re-enforced.

James Pillar was sentenced at Dublin, Saturday, to twenty years' servitude.

The Orchard Grove observatory at Weins, near Concord, N. H., burned Sunday night.

It is reported that Emperor William and the Czar will meet at Stettin early in September.

Fred Hurst, the English runner, who was stabbed by Thomas Simpson, died in New York City.

The survivors of the Greely expedition have passed resolutions of thanks to their rescuers.

One of the alleged Mexican conspirators has been released, there being no evidence against him.

Hannah Stewart, of Houston, Texas, was stabbed and killed by Amanda Hall, in a fit of jealousy.

Joseph Kennedy, an Englishman, was run over by a train of cars and killed near Vincennes, Ind.

Fred White, of Atlanta, Ga., shot and killed Eugene Robinson during a quarrel Saturday night.

Henry Ellars, a 14 year old boy of Dallas, shot and killed his little brother with the usual unloaded gun.

The commercial situation at Vera Cruz is very critical, and several big commercial houses have failed.

A serious uprising has occurred in Armenia, and the leaders refuse to acknowledge the authority of Turkey.

The famous Abdallah stables, at Cynthia, Ky., were destroyed by fire and many fine animals burned.

A Mexican named Suciano Padillo was hanged by a mob at Lincoln, Neb., for an assault on a 13 year old girl.

Memorial services were held in the Mormon Tabernacle at Salt Lake, in honor of the Tennessee "martyrs."

John McConnell, of Hunt County, Texas, committed suicide by taking morphine, apparently without any cause.

The St. Petersburg press says that nothing has been done by Russia to humiliate England, for the benefit of Germany.

Mr. Gladstone's health at his vacation home is remarkably good, and he will take an active part in the Midlolanth campaign.

George Horton, of Denver City, Texas, fell into a well 110 feet deep, breaking every bone in his body. His remains were recovered.

Henry M. Stanley has written a letter, advising Germany to recognize the Congo free states for the benefit of her own commerce.

Thos. Huling, who lives near Nashville, Tenn., mistook his nine year old child for a burglar, and shot and killed her almost instantly.

It is said that 1,500 Italians have left New York within the past month to return to their native land. Failure to obtain employment is the cause.

The leading Spanish papers are clamoring for a conclusion of a Spanish-American treaty to keep England from appropriating the trade of Cuba and Porto Rico.

The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland says that Casey's statement that Crown Solicitor Bolton compelled him to swear falsely in the Maamstrasna murder case, is untrue.

The World's Conference of the Young Men's Christian Association closed in Berlin Sunday night with great enthusiasm. There were 350 delegates, of which sixty were American.

Duluth, Minn., was visited by a fire Saturday night with the following result: Little & Simond's loss $110,000, insurance, $74,000; Cutler & Gibert's loss $30,000, insurance $20,000.

Fenimore Clayton, of Midliefield, N. Y., got an overload of liquor, became temporarily insane, killed his son by shooting him, and made an unsuccessful attempt to murder his wife.

European army circles are all torn up over the results of Capt. Renard's successful trials with a navigable balloon, and frequent conferences are being held with a view to inaugurating a series of experiments.

Rawa, a town of Austrian Gallicia, lost 300 dwellings by fire, 3,000 people being rendered homeless. Rozwadow, another town, was nearly consumed. The recently gathered harvests were totally destroyed.

The jury failed to agree upon a verdict in the case of Cornwall and Capt. Kirwin, and they were liberated on bail to await the second trial. The general Dublin feeling regarding the results of the trials is one of surprise.

The bitterness against the Jews in Russian provinces is on the increase, and further outrages are feared in Southern Russia. At Kutais, Transcaucasia, a mob assaulted the Jewish quarter and threatened a general massacre.

The King of Ashantee recently died and 300 subjects were killed to properly celebrate the funeral. A new king was appointed, but because of his horrible cruelty, the native chiefs are praying for annexation to the English possessions.

An investigation by the commissioner of the general land office has resulted in discovering stupendous land frauds in the Territories, where the great cattle companies have appropriated thousands of acres without the shadow of a title.

The remains of McGahan, the war correspondent, arrived in New York Sunday, and will lie in state in City Hall. Tuesday they will be taken to Columbus, and lie in state until Thursday. Then they will be taken to Zanesville, Ohio, and lie in state until September 11, when they will be buried at New Lexington, Ohio.

There are rumors of a conspiracy existing in Madrid which looks to proclaiming ex-Queen Isabella regent. King Alfonso's lung trouble is growing worse, and in the event of his death it is thought that Zorilla, the Republican leader, now doomed to death, might effect a coup d' etat, overthrow the monarchy and establish a republic.

One Fare Round Trip Kansas and Nebraska Via Missouri Pacific Railway.

On August 26, the Missouri Pacific Railway will sell Round Trip tickets at one fare to the following points: Council Grove, Reese, Independence, Abilene Florence and Baxter Springs, Kansas; Lincoln, Columbus and Grand Island, Nebraska, tickets limited to forty days from date of sale. Don't fail to avail yourself of this rare opportunity to visit the West and Northwest. For tickets and full information call at 102 North 4th Street or Union Depot.

Eastern Star Conclave.

Mrs. Mary Rogers, Worthy Matron; Mrs. Carpenter, Assistant Matron, John R. Parson, Grand Secretary, Mrs. Tommie Pamberty, Mr. F. Pamberty, and fifty other ladies and gentlemen will leave to-night for Hannibal, Mo., to attend the annual conclave of the Grand Chapter order of the Eastern Star, which begins there to-morrow. Delegates will attend from all parts of the State. Extensive arrangements have been made to entertain the visitors.

Ice Pitchers, Lowest Prices.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

NICK FORD.

A Chat With the Greenback Nominee for Governor.

Hon. "Nick" Ford, the Greenback nominee for Governor, came down from St. Joseph yesterday to open his campaign at Lindell Park, and stopped over to-day at Hurst's. Mr. Ford responded readily to the card of a POST-DISPATCH reporter, and consented to be talked to, but on his own side was extremely non-committal. He said he was not at the convention which nominated him, and had formed no plans whatever for the campaign. The nomination, he said, had been a surprise to him and he had not given the situation much consideration. "I think the Greenbackers will show a greater strength this year than ever before in the State," he said in answer to a question of the reporter. "The party, instead of decreasing, is increasing, and shows considerable activity."

"There is some talk of a fusion of Republicans and Greenbackers: what chance is there of it?"

"I really could not say. I have not consulted as yet with any one, in fact, have only corresponded with two Greenbackers and I have no idea of the situation. The Greenbackers fused with the Democrats in Michigan and I see no reason why they should not fuse with the Republicans here. If the Republicans should indorse my nomination I see no reason why we should not, if we cannot defeat Marmaduke, at least make it very lively for him."

"What chance is there to gain any Congressmen?"

"Of course we cannot gain any ourselves, but there may be some gains made by combinations. Concerning these, too, I know very little."

In his own district Mr. Ford had been indorsed by the Greenbackers for Congress and expected the Republican endorsement at the convention which meets on the 26th. This plan is upset by his candidacy for Governor, and he says, although there is good timber in the district, no man has been hit upon as yet. On the Democratic side Col. "Jim" Burns has it all his own way. The Democratic convention meets on the 30th of this month.

Mr. Ford will make a personal canvass, and expects to do some hard work. He will attend the Greenback meeting to-morrow, if he remains in town.

Hats for the Million.

100 dozen splendid wool hats for men and boys will be offered at 50 cents each, to make room for fall stock, at the

GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

Didn't Know What He Did.

Charles Pearson was arraigned to-day before Judge Cady on two charges of disturbing the peace. The first was preferred by Mrs. Pearson, the defendant's wife, whose right eye was blacked, and her face discolored. She related how her husband had come home drunk, and beaten her in the presence of her children.

"Have you anything to say?" asked the Judge.

"Yes, yo' honor;" began the defendant, in a Davy Crockett voice, "I didn't mean to disturb the peace. Now, wife; yo' know I wouldn't a struck ye fo' millions, of I knew what I was a doin'." Pearson was fined $50 for this offense, and $25 for disturbing his neighbors.

THE great $1 boys' suit at the GLOBE.

Missouri Sons of Veterans.

An encampment of Sons of Veterans, held at Independence, last week, resulted in the organization of the Missouri Division of that order. Delegates were present from St. Louis, St. Joseph and Independence camps. A. Salzman of St. Joe occupied the chair, as provisional commander, while the following officers were being elected: Charles Crysler, Independence, commander; Mr. Hiat, St. Louis, lieutenant-colonel; Otto Saltzman, major; W. M. Watson, chaplain and Dr. F. C. Hoyt, chaplain. The next encampment will be held in St. Louis in February.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

DIED.

Marriage and death notices will be inserted at the rate of twenty-five cents for three lines.

CORRIGAN—August 23, MARIA, relic of the late Thomas Corrigan, aged 50 years.

Her funeral will take place Wednesday, the 27th inst., at 1 o'clock, from the family residence, No. 2316 Division street to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Seigerson's cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

LANDERS—Suddenly, Saturday, at 5:30 p. m., SUSAN G., beloved wife of E. D. Landers, aged 42 years.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

O'BROCK—August 23, at 8 p. m., HERMAN O'BROCK, aged 49 years and 5 months.

Funeral will take place from family residence, 3745 North Broadway, Tuesday, August 26, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

WADE—On the 23d of August, 1884, in New York City, in his 39th year, FRANK DAGGETT, only son of the late William Wade of this city.

THE "BIG FOUR" PEERLESS PAPILLON REMEDIES

SKIN CURE,
CATARRH CURE,
COUGH CURE,
BLOOD CURE,

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

For Office Use, For Sale by GLOBE FILES Are the Best. all Stationers.

JOHN MAGUIRE,
REAL ESTATE AGENT
NO. 515 WALNUT ST. BET. 7TH AND 8TH.

ANDREWS

Parlor Folding Bed, 30 Styles
Elegant, Comfortable, Portable
Price $22 & Upward.
1106 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

LESS THAN COST--GENTS' LOW SHOES

French Calf Hand-Sewed Oxfords	$6 50, now $4 50
French Calf Hand-Sewed Oxfords	7 50, now 5 25
French Calf Hand-Sewed Prince Alberts	6 50, now 4 50
French Calf Oxfords	5 00, now 3 50
French Kid Strap	4 50, now 3 00

These goods are new and stylish, which we are selling at less than cost to close out above lines.

ABER'S,
217 N. 5th St.

SANFORD'S GINGER

PREPARED with the utmost skill from IMPORTED GINGER, CHOICE AROMATICS and the purest and best of MEDICINAL FRENCH BRANDY, from the world-renowned vintners, Messrs. OTARD, DUPUY & CO., COGNAC, rendering it vastly superior to all other "Gingers," all of which are made with common alcohol, largely impregnated with poisonous fusil oil and strengthened with cayenne pepper.

UNRIPE FRUIT, Impure Water, Unhealthy Climate, Unwholesome Food, Malaria, Epidemic and Contagious Diseases, Cholera Morbus, Cramps, Pains, Indigestion, Diarrhea, Colds, Chills, Simple Fevers, Exhaustion, Nervousness or loss of Sleep that beset the traveler or household at this season, are nothing to those protected by a timely use of SANFORD'S GINGER, the Delicious Summer Medicine.

The Delicious Summer Medicine

AS A PURE FRUIT STIMULANT for the aged, mentally and physically exhausted, careworn or overworked, for delicate females, especially mothers, for those recovering from debilitating diseases, and as a means of reforming those addicted to an excessive use of alcoholic stimulants, it is unequaled in the whole range of medicines. Beware of imitations. SANFORD'S is the finest ginger in the world; and, notwithstanding the high cost of its ingredients, is the cheapest family medicine. Sold by druggists and grocers everywhere.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

AS A BEVERAGE, with hot or cold water, sweetened, or hot or cold milk, or added to ice water, lemonade, effervescent draughts and mineral waters, SANFORD'S GINGER forms a refreshing and invigorating beverage, unequaled in simplicity and purity by any tonic medicine, while free from alcoholic reaction. Avoid mercenary dealers, who for a few cents' extra profit try to force upon you their own or others when you call for SANFORD'S GINGER. Sold by wholesale and retail druggists, grocers, etc., everywhere.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

Home Comfort Ranges!

The present century is pre-eminently one of practical progress and improvement, yet in no branch of industry have greater gains been made than in that which aids in loading the table with food perfectly prepared, one of the first and most necessary steps toward health, that boon priceless alike to prince or poor man. The brush heap probably cooked the first food, and the huge fireplace, garnished with hooks, cranes and ovens, was a giant stride in progress. It took years of patient toil to bring up to its present grade of utility the cast iron cook stove. It is now conceded by most thoughtful people to have had its day of usefulness, and in every point of superiority Wrought-Iron Rages are superceding them. Investigation, experience and practical tests have demonstrated these to be incontrovertible facts. Practical experience is potent and absolute, and by that severe test we have carefully tried every progressive step and change in the construction of our Ranges. We absolutely guarantee them to work to perfection, and they make friends everywhere. They are marvels of usefulness, and economic no less than sanitary reasons urge that they be used in every family. Wealth without health is adorned poverty, and poverty without health is misery. Good food, properly cooked, is a great factor in health, hence the necessity that all should have one of our matchless "Home Comfort" Ranges, bringing health and comfort; so that "good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both."

WROUGHT-IRON RANGE COMPANY,
1901 WASHINGTON AVENUE.
Simmons Hardware Co., Retail Agents for St. Louis

MUNGER'S
LAUNDRY
2308 and 2310 Washington Av. Down Town Office 314 Olive St.

MITCHELL'S CANDIES,
French Fruits, Chocolates, Ice Creams and Lunch Parlor.
503 N. FOURTH STREET.

AMUSEMENTS.

BASE-BALL.

ST. LOUIS vs. TOLEDO,
(American Association Series.)
Tuesday, Aug. 26,
At Sportsman's Park, Grand Av. Game at 4 P. M. Admission 25c.

THE CASINO.
Fourth and Walnut.
TO-NIGHT AND DURING THE WEEK,
The Bards
KELLY AND RYAN,
ELLA WESNER,
HALLEN AND HART,
BOYD AND SARSFIELD,
CARDELLO AND VAN AUKEN,
DAVENPORT BROS.,
ANNIE HART,
FRITZ FICHTNER,
NELLIE ST. JOHN, and
Donaker's Philharmonic Orchestra.
MATINEES—SUNDAY, TUESDAY and THURSDAY.

POLITICAL.

CLEVELAND & HENDRICKS
AND
BLAINE & LOGAN
Club uniforms made to order at 20 to 30 per cent less than usual prices by the Opposition Campaign Uniform Manufacturing Co., second floor, 517 St. Charles street.

G. F. VOGEL,
MANUFACTURER OF
Platform Wagons, Carriages and Buggies,
Trucks, Stake, Light and Heavy Spring Wagons. Everything on wheels made to order and repaired.
S. W. Cor. Main and Spruce Sts., St. Louis.
Repairing and repainting promptly attended to.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY,
CHESTER. 23d year opens September 10. New buildings, superior equipment, thorough instruction. A MILITARY COLLEGE. Civil Engineering, Chemistry, Classics, English. Catalogues of Thos. H. Larkin, esq., 218 Clark av., city, or of COL. THEO. HYATT, President.

Nervous Debility Circular sent free. Book 25c. Circle Agency, 36 Fulton st., N. Y.

AMUSEMENTS.

CAVE-TO-NIGHT.
Joint Benefit of Blanche Chapman and Geo. W. Denham.
FORD'S OPERA CO. IN 3 BLACK CLOAKS.
An elegant Souvenir Programme, including a Photograph of Miss Chapman, to every Lady Attending To-Night.
Repertoire: Tuesday—3 Black Cloaks; Wednesday and Thursday—Queen's Lace Handkerchief; Friday and Saturday—The Orange Girl.
Secure seats at Balmer and Weber's or Southern Hotel news stand.

MR. XAUPI'S
ACADEMY of DANCING
WALTZING AND PERSONAL DEPORTMENT.
2337 OLIVE ST., will re-open Saturday, Oct. 4, 10 a. m. 12 North St. Louis Turner Hall, Oct. 8, 8:30 p. m.

GRAND OPENING!
PEOPLE'S THEATER,
BY THE
LILLIAN BROWN JOLLITIES,
In their Comic Opera and Musical Absurdity,
"THE ELECTRICAL DOLL."
Commencing Sunday, August 24. One Week. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. Box office now open.

EDWARDS' 4TH STREET THEATER.
606, 608, 610 and 612 S. 4th St.
Commencing Monday, August 25, during the week and Tuesday, Friday and Sunday Matinees,
20 SPECIALTY ARTISTS 20
IN A BRILLIANT OLIO.
Admission 15c. 25c, 35c and 50c.

ST. LOUIS NATATORIUM, SWIMMING SCHOOL & GYMNASIUM,
Cor. Nineteenth and Pine Sts.
The Largest, and in every respect the most perfect Bathing Establishment on the American Continent.
HOURS:
6 to 9 A. M. Gentlemen and Juniors.
10 to 2 P. M. Ladies and Misses.
3 to 6 P. M. Gentlemen and Juniors.
6 to 10 P. M. Gentlemen only.
Every Monday night from 8 to 10 a general swim for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Parties advertising in these Columns and having the answers addressed in care of POST-DISPATCH, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes. Parties answering advertisements must have their replies directed to their own POST OFFICE address.

LODGE NOTICES.

MISSOURI ENCAMPMENT, No. 59, I. O. O.F.—Patriarchs: You are requested to attend our regular meeting Monday evening, the 25th inst, at 8 o'clock sharp. Work in the degree. Members of sister Encampments invited. Hall n. w. cor. 4th st. and Franklin av.
m33 A. H. WORRHEIDE, Scribe.

EXCHANGE COUNCIL, NO. 291, A. L. OF H. COMPANIONS—Regular meeting takes place to-night at 8 o'clock at Masonic Hall, 7th and Market sts.
A. B. ERRING, Com.
W. M. BREWSTER, Sec. m33

ATTENTION SIR KNIGHTS—Officers and members of Star Division, No. 9 U. R. K. of P., will meet at Red Cross Armory, (Stolle's Hall) 14th and Biddle sts., for drill, this, Monday, evening, August 25, 8 o'clock sharp, by invitation—Fatigue uniform. By order of
C. W. ALDRICH, S. K. Com.
L. K. DIEKMANN, S. K. Rec. m33

OFFICERS and Members of Red Cross Lodge, No. 54, Knights of Pythias—You are hereby notified to appear at 1200 Madison st. this (Monday) evening at 6:30 sharp, to escort the remains of our deceased brother S. S. Hersey, to the Union Depot, whence they will be taken to Virginia for interment.
ARTHUR SNUGGS, C. C.
Attest:
EDGAR W. WOODS, K. R. S. m33

GOLDEN CROWN LODGE, No. 62, will hold a stated convention at their Castle Hall, southeast corner Franklin av. and 11th st., on Tuesday evening, August 19th, at 8 o'clock. Work in amplified third rank and election for M. at A. Visitors cordially invited. By order of
W. E. COSGROVE, C. C.
M. H. BECK, K. of R. & S.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—Situation by a young man of 21 years, as bookkeeper or assistant; best of reference given. Ad. M 47, this office. m36

WANTED—Situation as book-keeper, or office work; can command trade in any line of business. Ad. F 48, this office. m36

WANTED—Book-keeper wishes evening employment. Address R 49, this office. 136

WANTED—Position as clerk; who has some knowledge of book-keeping, good penman and figurer; can furnish best of ref. Ad. O 50, this office 136

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Situation by a young man, who speaks German, Scandinavian and English in a business, where he can make himself as clerk generally useful. Ad. Gus. Anderson, 1418 Chestnut st. m37

WANTED—by a competent young man, office work in the evening; best reference. A. K 36, this office. m37

WANTED—Situation by a young man; exp. clothing salesman; speaks German; good ref. W 49, this office. 137

WANTED—Situation in the Exposition to handle light articles and to be otherwise useful; can write a fair hand. K 50, this office. m37

WANTED—Position as salesman or clerk, by a young man of 21 years; not afraid of work; over five years with last employer. Address R 50, this office. 137

WANTED—Situation by a German druggist of two and one-half years' experience; 20 years of age. Address L 50, this office. 137

WANTED—A gentleman, who has sold goods in Illinois Arkansas and Texas for five years, wants a situation to travel for a good house. Address N 50, this office

The Trades.

WANTED—Situation by a first class machinist; good references; speaks English and German. Ad. D 48, this office. 138

WANTED—By an experienced man, church steeples and spires to paint and regild. Ad. R. 44, this office.

WANTED—A good bread and cake baker wants a place in hotel or restaurant. Apply at 1312 N. 11th st. 138

WANTED—Situation to learn the upholstering trade; wages no object. Address 313 Carroll st., city. 138

Coachmen and Drivers.

WANTED—Situation as carriage driver and to make himself useful about the house; good ref.; F 49, this office. m39

Boys.

WANTED—Well educated boy of 18 desires a situation either in office as collector or to drive delivery; has experience. O 46, this office. m42

WANTED.—An intelligent German boy would like a situation in an office. can give good ref. Address T 48, this office. M42

WANTED—A boy of 16 wishes a situation as office boy. Call at Harris Cohn's 1414 Rosatti st., old 13th st.

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 14 as assistant proof reader; has good pronunciation, and can give refs. 1012 N. Market st. 142

WANTED—A boy, aged 16 years, wishes a situation to drive a delivery wagon; willing to work. Address L. H., 1834 Mullanphy st. 142

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A man willing and able to do any service in the Exposition Building; can write a fair hand. K 50, this office. m43

WANTED—By a middle-aged man of good character, a situation as porter or watchman. Ad. M, 1018 Morgan st. 143

WANTED—Situation by man as porter in wholesale grocery or hardware store. A 50, this office. 143

WANTED—Middle-aged man wants a situation to take care of horses or make himself generally useful. S 49, this office. 143

WANTED—Man and wife wants a place; man a good hostler, or to make himself useful; wife a 1st-class cook. J 50, this office. 143

WANTED—Young man of 20 wishes a situation as collector or other work in office. N 49, this office. 143

WANTED—Situation by young man; best city refs. Eugene Hansmann, Golden Eagle, city. m43

WANTED—A situation by a young man of 17, to work in drug-store; has two years experience. Add. A. L., care of L. J. Jost, 13th st. and St. Louis av. M43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

Bryant & Stratton's

BUSINESS AND SHORT-HAND SCHOOL, Corner Broadway and Market sts., St. Louis, Mo. This is undeniably the largest, most thorough, practical and successful school of the kind in the city. Thorough instructions given in book-keeping, Business writing, shorthand business correspondence, arithmetic, type writing, English branches, etc. For circulars address Dr. W. M. Carpenter, president. 56

WANTED—Retail hardware clerk—a young man—single preferred, who is posted in the retail hardware business and willing to do all kinds of work; must come well recommended. Address J. S., 2711½ Cass av. 154

THE COMMERCIAL EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 22 N. 4th st., room 5, is the oldest and most reliable agency of its kind in the city; procures situations for the unemployed—bookkeepers, clerks, engineers, brakemen, conductors, drivers, cooks, porters, salesmen, porters, night watchmen, blacksmiths, painters, mechanics and laborers of every class. Orders from merchants, manufacturers and contractors solicited and promptly filled, free of charge. Send postal. m54

Cooks.

WANTED—White man cook for the country. Call at 812 Chestnut st. m56

The Trades.

WANTED—Drawing for machine shops, also for patent office, with assistance in writing specifications and claims. Geo. Crehore, 22 S. 16th st. 32

WANTED—Two stairbuilders. Ap. at 1852 N. Market, in the rear. m36

WANTED—Paving block dressers; good wages, cheap board, healthy location, steady work, prompt pay. Ap. to Albion-Medina Stone Co., Albion, Orleans Co., N. Y., or Claflen Paving Co., Cleveland, Ohio. 56

WANTED—A first-class broom and brush maker at St. Charles Broom and Brush Factory, St. Charles, Mo. A. M. Miller, proprietor. m36

WANTED—Two printers at 720 Chestnut st. m36

WANTED—Burnisher. Wm. Brewer, 407 N. Levee. m36

WANTED—Carpenter who advertised as C 35 may find work by addressing H 51, this office. m36

WANTED—Wagon-maker. Call at 216 N. Main st. m38

Laborers.

WANTED—Railroad men, wood-choppers, tie-makers and coal-miners, at once. 22 N. 4th st. m59

Boys.

WANTED—A boy to care for horses and cow, and make himself generally useful. Apply at 4309 Washington av. m61

WANTED—Good boy at carriage painting. 1516 St. Louis av. m61

WANTED—A good laundress wishes family or gentlemen's washing to do. 1918 Orange st. 151

Miscellaneous.

100 PERSONS at Galt House, 408 Spruce st., bet. 4th and 5th; single beds, 15c; rooms 30c for two per night; shave, 5c; hair cut, 15c. w62

WANTED—Young man who understands horses and cows; must have reference from last employer; wages, $10 per month and board. Apply at 719 N. Main st. m62

WANTED—A good heeler; must be well acquainted in the city. At the confectionery, 414 Market st. m62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Stenographers.

WANTED—Situation by a competent lady shorthand and typewriter. H 47, this office. m45

WANTED—An expert shorthand and typewriter wishes a position in a mercantile house; unexceptionable refs. W 46, this office. m45

WANTED—Lady stenographer and type-writer, competent and exp., desires a position. Ad. J. J. Morgan, West St. Louis P. O. 145

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Seamstress wants a situation: good cutter and fitter. 906 N. 23d st. 146

Housekeepers.

WANTED—Position as housekeeper to a gentleman of means with or without children. Ad. G 47, this office. m47

WANTED—An educated and respectable widow, good cook, would like a sit. as working housekeeper with some responsible party. L 46, this office. m47

WANTED—A young widow without family wishes to employ her time by taking care of a widower's household or be companion to an elderly lady; only first-class parties need answer. R 47, this office. m47

General Housework.

WANTED—Two girls wish a place to do housework or nurse. K 47, this office. m48

WANTED—Situation by widow with daughter of 10 for general housework; small wages. B 47, this office. m48

WANTED—A German girl of 16 wishes a situation for light housework. Ad. Mary Y., 2540 Dodier st. m48

WANTED—Situation to do general housework. Ad. J 49, this office. m48

WANTED—Situation—German girl wants a place for light housekeeping or general housework; not outside the city. Please call Monday morning at 2030 Clark av. m48

WANTED—A situation as housework in small family. Ad. A. D., 3910 S. Jefferson av. 148

WANTED—A girl wants a situation to do general housework. Call at 1951 O'Fallon st. 148

WANTED—A neat, tidy girl wishes a situation to do light housework in small family; no washing or ironing. T 49, this office. 148

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation by an exp. cook for city or country. 746 S. 7th st. 149

WANTED—Situation to cook and do housework, or general housework in small family. 1029 N. 3d st.

WANTED—Situation by a middle-aged woman to cook, wash and iron. Call at 1234 O'Fallon st. 149

WANTED—Situation by an elderly woman to do plain cooking and assist in housework; no washing. Apply 1407 N. 12th st. 149

Nurses.

WANTED—Situation to nurse sick. 1416 Papin st., 2d floor, front room. m50

WANTED—A middle aged widow wishes a situation as nurse for sick. Address No. 3007 Kosciusko and Lesperance sts. m50

WANTED—Situation as wet nurse. 717 N. 17th st. 150

Laundresses.

WANTED—Washing and ironing to do at home. Ad. Mrs. Hebert, 809 S. 3d st., St. Louis. m51

A FIRST-CLASS laundress wishes to go by the day or week; best of references. 1505 Ridgeley st. 151

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by German woman in small family; city or country. 901 N. 12th st. m52

LADIES can get good German girls and girls good places. Call at Mrs. Scharfenberger, 413 S. 14th st.

WANTED—Situation by a girl to do dishwashing or pantry work in a restaurant. Address M 50, this office. 152

WANTED—Situation to do dining room or chamber work in hotel. 701 Biddle st. 152

WANTED.—An intelligent lady, writing a good hand, desires a position in an office, as copyist or correspondent; thoroughly business like. Add. W 48, this office

WANTED—Situation as dining-room girl in private house. 3315 Menard st. m52

WANTED—For places in the city and country—Fifty good reliable girls as cooks, house-girls, nurses, etc.; good wages. Apply at 812 Chestnut st. m52

WANTED—Some good housekeepers and seamstresses want places; good references given. Apply at 812 Chestnut st. m52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

General Housework.

Order Your Wedding Cakes, Ice-Cream and Ices from
L. MOHR'S
CONFECTIONERY.
Telephone No. 2353,
Corner of Fifteenth st. and Chouteau av. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply at 4015 Olive st., west of Vandeventer av. m66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2924 Lucas av. m66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in small family; no children. Call at 1450 Wright st.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework; must be a good cook and come well recommended; no washing; good wages. 1928 Olive st. 166

WANTED—A good, reliable girl for general housework at 2308 Eugenia st. m66

WANTED—Immediately, a good girl for general housework; no cooking. 2120 Clark av. m66

WANTED—Good steady white girl, or woman, for general housework; a good place for a sensible girl, 2737 Morgan st. m66

Laundresses.

WANTED—Situation by an experienced clothing salesman, who has large city acquaintance. Ad. H 49, this office. m37

WANTED—A good laundry woman at Grand Pacific Hotel, 7th and Poplar sts. w67

Cooks.

WANTED—Good girl for cook and general housework. 2738 Morgan st. m68

WANTED—A neat colored girl to cook, wash and assist with housework for small family; one who can sleep at home; city references required. Apply at 2313 S. Jefferson av. m68

WANTED—A middle aged woman or man to cook and take charge of housework; good chance to right party; good wages. Inquire at 1624 N. Broadway. m68

Miscellaneous.

TAUGHT FREE—Not only one but three beautiful kinds of painting, $100 monthly easily made. Oldest and most reliable studio in St. Louis. Every body come and investigate. No humbug. Lady artist, 1006 Olive st. 871

WANTED—Two girls; one to wait on lunch counter, one for kitchen work. Eagle Bakery, 719 N. 6th st.

WANTED—Ironer on ladies' clothes. Domestic Laundry, 25 S. 6th st. m71

A HOME for a good girl 16 years old (Protestant preferred) and opportunity to learn sewing. Apply in store, 1010 N. 6th st. m71

WANTED—Girl to wash dishes; must have experience; good wages paid. Call at Bridge Restaurant. m71

WANTED—Girls to make lambrequins; work can be taken home. Home Fancy Work, 702 Olive st., 3d floor. 71

DRESSMAKING.

WANTED—Plain sewing to take home, or to go out; will also do general housework. 2018½ Division st.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—Two energetic men on an entirely new line of goods; our men are making $10 per day; we pay commission or weekly salary; steady employment. Call immediately, Collier & Co., 306½ Olive st., rooms 11 and 12, A. B. & C. w58

WANTED—Three good canvassers to sell household article; something new. Syl. Smith, 1440 N. Main st. m38

WANTED—Lady agents for a well-known article; agents making $6 to $10 per day. Apply, to the general agent, 2743 Morgan st. a38

WANTED—Lady agents; positively $300, a month; entirely new under-garments. Something charming, sells in every house as fast as shown. Indispensable to every lady. They must have it. Home Manufacturing Co., Box 443, Chicago, Ill. f73

WANTED—To establish an agency for the sale of lubricating oils in St. Louis; only those who can give good security need apply. E. F. Dieterichs, Cleveland, Ohio. 173

WANTED—LADY AGENTS for the "Queen Protector" (new rubber undergarment for ladies), "Daisy Hose Supporter," "Empress Dress Shield," "Tampico Bosom Form," "Shoulder Brace," etc. We offer better inducements than any house in America. Goods sell in every house as fast as shown. Our agents make $150 monthly. Address with stamp, E. H. Campbell & Co., 9 S. May st., Chicago. 29

ANY man or woman making less than $40 per week should investigate our money-making business; proof sent that either sex clear $20 per week. Our $3 "eye-opener" free to persons seeking permanent business. Papers for stamp. B. F. Merrill & Co., Chicago. 73

THEATRICAL.

WANTED—Two young ladies skilled in variety business as well as piano players for employment at Texarkana, Ark. Ad. Lock Box 178. Must be of good address; state terms, accompanied with photograph. w75

BOOKS.

DO not forget that all kinds of new books are sold at half price at Archer's, 515 Pine st.

WANTED—5,000 standard old books. Drop note to Dan Linahan bookseller, 6th and Washington.

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature five cents a line.

PERSONAL—Montgomery's Oyster Parlors, 7th and Pine sts., is now open; home brew on draught.

PERSONAL—Book-keeper, aged 23, wants to form acquaintance with some young lady aged 18 or 20, with several thousand dollars at her command; object, matrimony. Address N 48, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Wanted, the acquaintance of a handsome, well-formed, brunette lady from 18 to 30, affectionate and full of fun; working girl preferred, by a young man of passing good looks. Ad. by 1st to 5th Sept., G 50, this office. 51

PERSONAL—Wednesday 7:45 p. m. at place you suggested. St. Louis. m1

PERSONAL—Will lady in blue dress who recognized gent on Chestnut street car, got off Market and 21st., please address O 49, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Will lady in doorway on 8. 5th st., Saturday afternoon that promised to allow gent the pleasure of forming her acquaintance, be kind enough to appoint an interview at her earliest convenience. In strict confidence, address B 50, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Will lady at 19th and Olive that recognised tall gent on opposite side of street about 6 p. m. Saturday, grant him the honor of her acquaintance. If agreeable, address C 50, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Two wealthy young men desire meeting immediately two intelligent young ladies, not over 20; must be good-looking and lively; object, social amusement. Address, giving place and time of meeting, P 49, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Nellie C.: I looked for letter from you all last week; please let me hear from you, even if I can not see you. Ad. m1

PERSONAL—Ada W.: All right; lookout for buggy on street you mentioned. 51

PERSONAL—Jessie: Yours too late; will try once more; meet me at the place you named in first note next Tuesday, the 26th, at 6:30 p. m. 51

PERSONAL—Telephone: Would be the happiest of mortals if a meeting were possible. How will a letter reach you? Address P 50, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Followed you from car, Olive and 15th, Saturday night; you agreed to meet me afterwards; disappointed me; must see you again; will be at 12th and Market Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Meet me or write through Post Office. Charles G. Mosca. m1

PERSONAL—Handsome lady, good, honest and upright, wants the acquaintance of a man who will assist her financially; no low down person need answer. A 51, this office. m1

PERSONAL—M: To see you at Schnaider's every Sunday evening then take my "neckties" alone, is simply exasperating; I watched every 8 o'clock Blue Line car last week, but no "sweetheart." When may I expect you? Answer through this paper. J. m1

PERSONAL—A widow lady of 50, unexceptional character, honorable and loving disposition, wishes the acquaintance of a very discreet gent without family; must be over 50. C 51, this office. in1

PERSONAL—Will the lady who got on 4th st. car on Chouteau av. on Sunday, 17th inst., about 8 p. m., and recognized and spoke to gent seated behind her when near theater on 4th and Spruce, and gave her addres, give the same again? If pleasing to renew acquaintance, address, B 51, this office. m1

PERSONAL—J. T. N: If you are in the city please give me your address; want to see you. F, the brunette who met you at C—d. S 50, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Young lady acquaintance wanted by young business gent, whose age is 25 years; is a brunette; medium size; considered handsome; plenty of means; fond of fun; loves ladies' society; in the city every month; object, take the future take care of itself. Address in confidence where can be seen. M 48, this office. w1

GARMENTS dyed, cleaned and repaired; coats and vests rebound. E. Surbled, 215 N. Seventh. 1

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

PERSONAL—Una F. Silva, clairvoyant and clairaudiant medium: ladies 50c; gents $1. 819 Franklin av.

CAST-OFF clothing bought by N. Barnett, 348 Locust st. Send postal card. 74

MRS. LANKTON, Indian fortune teller, 108 N. 18th st. bet. Chestnut and Pine. 74

PROFESSIONAL.

WANTED—Call and examine our immense line of new fall and winter goods at Bauer & Lewis', 213 N. 4th st. 34

MISSOURI SCHOOL OF MIDWIVES begins its regular course the first Monday in September. For information and particulars inquire at College Building, 2022 N. 9th st. s84

DR. J. L. FITZPORTER—Offices Nos. 308 S. 14th st. and 327 S. 7th st. Female complaints a specialty. 34

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—A gentleman wishes a place where he can take dinner; between Market and Washington av., 8th and 14th sts. Ad. K 51, this office. m19

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—By single gent in private family, nicely fur. room; so. ex.; between 15th and 26th, Locust and Chestnut sts. Ad. Box 817, Springfield, Mo., stating terms. w21

WANTED—A fur. room without board; centrally located. Ad., stating price and location, F 51, this office. 121

WANTED—By Sept. 1 a nicely fur. room in quiet local, by a gentleman, for occasional, and may be permanent use. Cash in advance. Ad. H 50, this office. 121

WANTED—Two or more well furnished rooms or half of house, by desirable party of two, in quiet location; accommodations to the value of $15. this office. 121

WANTED—By a widow with two children, 3 or 4 rooms for light housekeeping, in the vicinity of Lafayette Park. Ad. C 47, this office. 121

WANTED—Three or four furnished rooms for light housekeeping; gas, bath, water, etc. Ad. N 47, this office. 121

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A bright bay horse, 16 hands high, bob-tail; both hind feet white; star on forehead and a scar on right hip; 8 or 9 years old. Apply to Thomas P. Miller, Four Mile House, Natural Bridge rd. s30

LOST—Young English setter dog with license. Liberal reward; 1900 Hebert st. 130

LOST—Watch charm; cameo setting. Liberal reward; 1900 Hebert st. 130

LOST—Will the gentleman who took the canary bird from the little boy Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, on 6th st. between Franklin av. and Wash st., please return to the owner 1013 N. 6th st., and receive a reward of $5. m30

LOST—Pocketbook containing $9 in cash and a peddler's license, No. 125. Finder can keep money if he returns license to 1909 Dodier st., up-stairs. 130

STORAGE.

FURNITRE packed and shipped; moving done at low rates. 1005 Morgan st. 82

FURNITURE, pianos etc., stored; money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 84

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. Brolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 84

FINANCIAL.

$25 AND UPWARDS loaned on furniture without removal; lowest rates; business confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 81

WANTED—$300 for three months at 5 per cent a month; well secured. Address M 46, this office. f31

MONEY TO LOAN
$100,000 in sums to suit, at lowest rates of interest, on St. Louis city real estate. Application promptly decided on.
CAVENDER & ROWSE,
218 N. 3d st.

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; lowest rates; business confidential. 817 Franklin av., room 5. 31

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security. Parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1003 Morgan st. 31

MONEY loaned on household goods, pianos, etc., without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. J. H. Vette, Notary Public, 619 Chestnut st. 31

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential: no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 81

MONEY TO LOAN.
$25,000, $10,000, $5,000, $2,000 on City and County real estate.
31 JOHN LADY No. 308 Olive st.

EDUCATIONAL.

Mrs. CUTHBERT'S SEMINARY For Young LADIES.
2234 Olive st. Twentieth year opens Sept. 8.

Johnson's Commercial College,
421 North Third street, St. Louis, Mo. Open all the year. Write for circulars. 29

Shorthand and Business Colleges. **MARTIN'S** 618 and 620 Olive street. Est. 1876. Call or write for Catalogue.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

WANTED—To buy a platform spring wagon. 2014 Walnut st. 11

PERUVIAN Horse Salve cures sore shoulders and saddle galls. Trial size 10c. 111 Pine st. 11

For Sale.

THOROUGHBREDS FOR SALE.

Eight thoroughbred colts and fillies will be sold at public auction, Monday September 1, 1884, at 10 a. m. sharp, at Maxwell Bros.' stable, 1424 Broadway Pedigree given on day of sale. 12

FOR SALE—At Rapp & Long's No. 111 and 113 S. 11th st. Barouches, Lawrence Surreys, Sarah Bernhardts, Park Wagons, Phaetons, Jenny Linds, Buggies and 1 three-spring wagon, at very low figures. 12

FOR SALE—Several blind and stiff horses, some of them well suited for farm work. Apply at Cable stables of St. Louis Transfer Company, below bridge, East St. Louis. m12

FOR SALE—One horse and buggy; cheap for cash. 2318 Dodier st. m13

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

10 S. TWENTY-SECOND ST.—Two or three unfurnished rooms on second floor, hall and bathy parties without children for light housekeeping. w13

10 S. TWENTY-FIRST ST.—Nicely furnished room. 113

114½ N. EIGHTH ST.—One large and one small nicely furnished room on 2d floor; 1 block from Custom House. 113

303 N. TWELFTH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with gas and bath; can board lady. m13

309 S. THIRD ST.—Nicely furnished for housekeeping; also two or three rooms for man and wife or gents; the house is newly refitted; will guarantee perfect order; ref. req. 113

624 N. BEAUMONT ST.—In a private family, 3 rooms, front and back unfurnished for light house keeping. s13

710 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely fur. room, southern exposure, at $8, and front hall room very cheap.

713 N. ELEVENTH ST.—Room and kitchen, 2d floor; rent, $6 50. 113

713 MORGAN ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms up stairs, with privilege of light housekeeping. w13

1008 PINE ST.—Handsomely furnished 2d story front room, single or en suite, also one hall room; gas, bath; terms reasonable. w13

1011 MORTON ST., Opposite Leiderkrantz—September 1; 3 unfurnished rooms, first floor; sink, water-closet, bath; three car lines; laundry; reasonable. m13

1100 N. SIXTH ST.—For rent, for 2 or 3 gents, nicely fur. front room, 2d story. m13

1309 FRANKLIN AV.—Front room, newly papered and whitened; newly furnished; everything convenient and so. exp., clean, cool and cheap.

1422 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms, newly carpeted and furnished throughout. 113

1423 PINE ST.—Desirable furnished rooms in private family. m13

1424 MORGAN ST.—Four large rooms unfur., 2d floor, closets, bath, water closet, front and side veranda; handsome residence. m13

1533 CHOUTEAU AV.—Newly furnished room, front and back parlor in stone front house, surrounded in garden; newly painted. m13

1537 GRATIOT ST.—2d-story, 3 rooms, in good order, to a small family; water in kitchen; south. ex.; possession September 1. 113

1605 CHESTNUT ST—House just furnished; desireable rooms for gentlemen. 113

1606 MARKET ST.—One furnished front room at $10 per month. m13

1613 PINE ST.—Three rooms on 3d, and 3 rooms on 3d floor, unfurnished; reference; no children. m13

1616 PINE ST.—Second floor, unfurnished for light housekeeping; water and all conveniences on same floor. m13

1618 WASHINGTON AV.—Neatly fur. rooms single or en suite; also small room to gentlemen. m13

1704 CHESTNUT ST—Double parlors unfurnished; will furnish up in any style to parties with references. m13

1816 MORGAN ST.—For rent a nicely fur. room, suitable for one or two gents; $10 per month.

1911 PARK AV.—Furnished rooms, bath and gas, near Lafayette Park. w13

1923 OLIVE ST.—Very pleasant furnished or unfurnished rooms, so. ex., single or en suite, private family, all conveniences. 113

2004 EUGENIA ST.—3 rooms; upper half of house to man and wife, without children. 13

2014 WALNUT ST.—Furnished rooms. Inquire at store. 13

2314 PINE ST.—Handsome suite of parlors, very nicely fur.; first-class location and all modern conveniences; other furnished rooms. 13

2324 OLIVE ST.—Furn. rooms for rent. 113

2327 NORTH MARKET ST.—Two rooms and kitchen in good location. Apply on the premises. m13

2327½ N. MARKET ST.—Three rooms; water in kitchen; new house, first floor. Rent $12. s13

2609½ WASH ST.—Furnished room for rent; southern exposure. m13

2639 RUTGER ST.—Half of house, including stable, $15. m13

2737 MORGAN ST.—Two unfur. front rooms, 2d floor, or one fur. front room; large rooms, very pleasant; private family. m13

2802 FRANKLIN AV.—Respectable man can have nice room in private family; $10 per month; good ref. m13

3152 EASTON AV.—Nice flat; 3 rooms, water, etc., $16. R. F. Miller. 113

3660 FINNEY AV.—3 unfurnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping for man and wife; everything first-class. f13

FOR RENT—A very pleasant, furnished front room to lady. Ad. D 50, this office. m13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

910 AUTUMN ST—7 rooms, gas and bath. Inquire as 1349 Menard st. Mrs. Kramer. f14

1220 CHAMBERS ST.—House of 7 rooms, with gas fixtures in all rooms; bath and water closet in house; rent $35. Keys at No. 1918 N. 14th st. 114

1317 HICKORY ST.—Three-story stone-front, 9 rooms; all modern conveniences; $40 per month. M. R. Collins & Co. 14

2135 EUGENIA ST.—Stone front, 7 rooms, kitchen and laundry, with all modern conveniences. Apply at 205 Center st., from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m. s14

2502 N. TENTH ST.—The most elegant little house in St. Louis; in perfect order; 7 rooms; bath, gas and water on every floor; can pass the door. Inquire next door on corner. m14

3135 SCHOOL ST.—Six-room house, southern exposure, with all modern improvements; moderate rent. 114

3700 AND 3702 COOK AV.—Stone front house for rent; all improvements. Apply at 3710 Cook av. m14

FOR RENT—New 2-story brick; seven rooms and stable; front and back yard; block west of Goode av. Ap. at 4309 N. Market st. m14

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

2310 BROADWAY—Natty little store and living rooms; $13 per month. Jno. Byrne, Jr. & Co. 17

UNION HALL—Southwest corner N. Broadway and Benton st., elegantly renovated, is for rent to professors of the art of dancing, and society entertainments for the coming season. Inquire at No. 820 N. Market st. s17

FOR RENT—1 large room suitable for an office. MARCH & ADAMS, Grocers, 17 208 N. Sixth st.

FOR RENT—Yard and stable room. MARCH & ADAMS, Grocers, 17 208 N. Sixth st.

FOR RENT—Large 3-story factory building, heretofore occupied as a furniture factory, with full machinery ready for use if desired. Apply to Herman Krembs, 622 Park av. 17

FOR RENT—A splendid place for light manufacturing, a 2-story brick building, 30x70 feet, with 15 horse steam power, well-lighted, either with or without office. Address Bird & Little, 1220 S. 3d st. w17

FOR RENT—A well established news depot and notion store, with two rooms, cellar and hydrant; rent $12. Apply at 2119 O'Fallon st. m17

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—A second-hand street sprinkler. Address box 564, Carrollton Ill. f28

WANTED—Fall styles now ready at Bauer & Lewis', 213 N. 4th st. 26

WANTED—A 2d-hand Rand drill No. 3; must be complete and in good order. M. M. Buck & Co., 209 and 211 N. 3d st. m26

NO end to the canes in the Cane Brake. No. 812½ Olive st. 26

WANTED—A good second-hand engine, ten horse power; state price. J 51, this office. m26

WANTED—By a lady thoroughly exp. at the late Centennial Exposition, 8 or 10 stands to have charge of and keep in order; if required to sell will furnish all necessary help, such as fine looking and handsome girls. Ad. for 3 days D 51, this office. m26

TRADE PROCESSION—Gentlemen, have your orders now for sashes for Trade Procession at the old place, Mrs. H. Fuch's, 317 N. 4th st.; a handsome souvenir given with each sash. m26

SPECTACLES
TO SUIT ALL EYES.
SOLID GOLD SPECTACLES, $3 75.
THEO. EAGLE, 204 N. Fourth St.,
Next to Globe-Democrat

WANTED—5,000 wringers to repair; work guaranteed; goods called for. Erie Wringer Co., 1349 Franklin av

ALL SORTS.

WANTED—You to try our $5 pantaloons, made to order. People's Tailors 213 N. 4th st. 32

WIGS AND TOUPEES—Call or send for circular and price list. St. Louis, Mo. 52

BLISS' Cockroach and Bed Bug exterminators will hereafter be manufactured and sold by Frank Bliss, Jr., at 320 Walnut st. m32

PRESERVATION OF WALLS.
Stone fronts cleaned and disintegration prevented. New brick-work kept clean and mortar joints preserved; old fronts renovated and made to look new; damp walls permanently cured. St. Louis Brick and Stone Preservation Co., 413 N. 12th st. 32

CORNS Extracted without pain 25 cents each. All troubles of the feet treated in a skillful manner by DR. J. W. ROTHSCHILD, 717 Olive street, near Eighth street. 32

THE largest assortment of canes in the West, at the Cane Brake, 812½ Olive st. 32

MECHANICAL drawing for machine-shops, also for patent office, with assistance in writing specifications and claims, by Geo. Crehorre, 22 S. 16th st. 32

DIAMONDS.
A large assortment of the best quality, sold as low as possible. Call and see before buying elsewhere.
THEO. EAGLE, 204 N. Fourth St.,
Next to Globe-Democrat.

VASEL & CO., 1317 Franklin av., invite the attention of the public to their world-renowned "Swiss Health Bitters." They also keep a full line of the finest wines and liquors, at wholesale and retail, to be found in the city. Give them a call. 32

D. STRAWBRIDGE, pattern and model maker; wood and metal. 411 Morgan st., city. 32

PARROTS, singing birds, pet and male gold fish, bird cages, bird seed, mocking bird food, etc. A. Bohne, 625 Olive st.

A THOUSAND business cards $1.
HOWARD SCOTT, Printer, 810 Olive st. 32

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—At a Bargain—A finely equipped book and job steam printing office; located in a desirable position in this city; or half interest disposed of to a good, practical man. Ad. J 41, this office. 2

FOR SALE—Flour mill for sale cheap, on easy terms of payment; favorably located, within 50 miles of Anoka, Minn.; good opening. Address P. O. Box 3418, St. Paul, Minn. 2

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Building lot on fashionable street at sacrifice of $10 a foot. T 50, this office. m8

BEST OPPORTUNITY TO BUY A HOME.—I have sold eight of those elegant and most desirable 8-room, stone-front, modern houses, 1 east and 1½ squares north of Lafayette Park, Second Carondelet av.; 11 feet sidewalk, 26 old shade-trees; all conveniences; decided by the most desirable houses and the choicest location in city; to close the estate I will sell one or two more on terms to suit buyer as to time, monthly or otherwise; interest 6 per cent if rented, rent may be considered capital on sale price. WM. S. POPE, Executor,
8 414 Olive st., room 8, second floor.

FOR SALE—Choice Rose Hill lot; 100x226 feet; Page av., near Goodfellow; excellent bargain if sold soon. Henry Hiemens, jr., 507 Chestnut. s8

ROSE HILL PLACE.
17 lots on Page and Florence avenues; double depth; 100x227; near Narrow Gauge R. R.; choice of lots at $10 per foot. s8 EDGAR MILLER, 716 Chestnut st.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Or Exchange—A suburban residence near Jerseyville, Ill. A splendid opportunity is now offered any one wishing a small farm, forty-three miles from St. Louis, on the C. & A. Road, Kansas City Division, eight trains daily, near Jerseyville, Ill., containing fifty acres, dwelling of 9 rooms, good barn and outbuildings, good orchard, etc., situated at the northeast corner of the Jersey County Fair Grounds, one mile from the P. O., three-fourths mile from C. & A. and S. J. W. Depots. This is one of the most desirable places now on sale. The farm is fenced and hedged in six fields or lots, no better place for dairy or stock purposes of any kind; a splendid place for a butcher, nothing to compare with it obtaining hereabouts for that purpose so near the city, and will be sold on favorable terms and possession given on short notice. Address ORVILLE A. SNEDEKER,
Real Estate Agent, Jerseyville, Ill.
Price, $12,500. 9

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—10 foot bar mirror, $28; 8 foot pier glass, $30, both new. All size mirrors cheap. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st. m5

CHEAPEST clothing in the city. Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

F. W. BUSSE (new) 1308 Franklin av., sells pictures and looking-glasses on time payments; pictures framed in good style at low prices.

FOR SALE—Parlor suits, new and second-hand, cost $125, $90, $25, $35, $45, $60 and $65, for cash or on time payments. People's F., C. and C. Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive. E. A. Steele, president. m5

NOTICE TO HOUSEKEEPERS—Persons wishing to dispose of their household goods at residence call or send postal.
5 BOYLAN, LEONORI & CO., 1005 Olive street.

FOR SALE—To Cash Buyers—If you want a parlor or a chamber set this week, come with your cash in your pocket to the People's, 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive. m5

FOR trunks, mirrors, wringers and fluters go to Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

A THOUSAND chromo cards or envelopes for $1.
5 HOWARD SCOTT, printer, 810 Olive st.

FOR SALE—Stoves and ranges, new and second-hand; gasoline sto

NOTHING TOO THIN.

A Wonderful Instrument Which Made a Sensation in Washington.

Graphic Picture of a Night Scene at the Washington Monument—New Device to Help Officers to Get Rid of Their Money—The Colored Work Exposition.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 25.—A curious little machine in the office of the Chief of the Stamp Bureau of the Post-Office Department is the cause of the cancellation of the contract of the New England firm with the Government for furnishing envelopes to the Post-Office Department. It is a queer-looking contrivance, a cross between a set of butcher's scales and ordinary grocer's scales, or, rather, a combination of the two. There is a large dial, like the face of a clock, with a little hand which flies around the face, pointing to the figures at the side, which are arranged like the figures on the clock face, with little dots between.

"YOU SEE THOSE DOTS?"

said a gentleman inquiringly, "Well, the space between those indicates one sixteen-thousandth of an inch. Getting it down pretty fine, isn't it? You see this movable piece of iron here which comes down with a smooth surface on to this other solid surface? Well, the raising or lowering of that moves the pointer which runs around the dial. To test the thickness of a sheet of paper, we simly place it between this movable piece and the solid surface below to where the movable piece of iron comes down on to the paper, the hand registers the true thickness of the paper. Delicate instrument? Well I should think so. Just give me a hair from your head, will you? He took a hair and slipped it defly between the iron surfaces.

The hand on the dial followed the motions of the screw until it stopped at the figures 20. "Just twenty sixteen-thousandths of an inch in diameter," he said. "Now let me try a hair from your mustache. They are generally much larger, especially if you have been in the habit of shaving." He took up a pair of scissors and, clipping off a hair from the mustache, placed it in position. The hand stopped at 50. "Fifty sixteen-thousandths of an inch thick," he said. "That shows the effect of shaving. I measured a hair from the hand of a gentleman a few minutes ago which was forty sixteen-thousandths thick, but those in his mustache were precisely the same thickness, the reason being that he never shaved. Yes, that is the machine that proved that the firm making our envelopes was not fulfilling its contract," he said, as he fell back admiringly. By this dial we can see the thickness. By this lever, which is very much like a pair of grocers' scales, we can tell just at what pressure the paper will break. "You see we have two more movable pieces of iron here, with a hole entirely through both, and a plunger which passes through that hole. Well, we put the paper between those pieces, which, when they are pressed tightly together by this lever, hold it firmly. The plunger which passes through the opening in the two pieces of iron encounters this paper thus, firmly held, and by the pressure necessary to force it through we determine the strength of the paper. To know what the pressure is, we have the plunger attached to a heavy scale lever with a weight attached, like an ordinary pair of scales, and by moving this weight out along the lever until the paper breaks, of course we can see just what the weight is that made it break. Very simple after you understand it. Well, that is what the paper-makers thought after they had lost an $80,000 contract by it. It was a new thing to them but they acknowledged that they were beaten when they saw it."

This delicate instrument, only recently invented, is a companion piece to the scales in the Assayer's office of the Treasury, recently described in this correspondence, by which the weight of a hair is accurately tested.

MONUMENTAL CURIOSITIES.

A portion of the work at Washington monument has been carried on of late by the addition of the electric light. This work has been that of putting in position a huge derrick, with which the roof of the monument is to be put in place, at this dizzy height, 550 feet above the earth. The light was thrown from the Smithsonian tower of the Treasury by two of the reflecting lights of the Brush-Swan Company. The difficulty of this work lay in the necessity of securing the eight immense beams upon which the derrick to be used to place the roof-stones in position is to be erected. These are 60 feet long and about 1 foot square. They stand within the 30 feet of diameter to which the top of the shaft has narrowed, uniting at the top. A mast, twenty-six feet long, will pass through the center, projecting some fifteen feet above them again. On this will be a horizontal bar twenty feet in length, which will form the derricks and be easily movable upon a center, turning on an ingenious adaptation of the ball-bearing in use on bicycles, and formed of a number of grape shot from the Arsenal, which are placed between two grooved plates. So readily does this respond to the application of force that even with a superincumbent weight of twenty tons a child can turn it. The scene from the monument top after nightfall was weird and wonderful. The effect was heightened by a singular phenomenon resulting from the reflection of the powerful rays of the electric lamps. Standing away over beyond Arlington was a colossal apparition of the monument, apparently sending forth rays of light, and reminding the beholder forcibly of the representations of the statue some time to be erected in New York harbor with its flambeau. This was the effect of the light from the Smithsonian tower. A similar but fainter figure was thrown to the south by the treasury lamp. This rose up in majestic proportions from the center of the lights in Alexandria, which were plainly visible. At the foot of the shaft these phenomena were reversed, the appearance in each case being that of a wedge-shaped shaft of darkness, bordered on either side by light rays, the smaller end seemingly dipping into the dark waters of the Potomac. A short distance away the scene again changed, the top of the shaft being apparently a luminous center of a star shooting off rays in the four opposite directions, the shaft of light sent from the two original sources being duplicated on the respective reverse sides.

THE COLORED CITIZENS' EXPOSITION.

Register Bruce of the Treasury is having a pretty hard time selecting commissioners for the New Orleans exposition. He has been appointed, as is well understood, commissioner general for the colored people's section of the exhibition. This feature of the exposition is expected to be a very important and interesting one. "I have been surprised," said Mr. Bruce to our correspondent in talking of the matter, "to find how rich our race is already in matters that would be interesting and valuable in this line. Of course the object is to make a display that will show so far as possible the progress that the colored race has made in the twenty years since it became free, and I think we shall surprise a good many people, too. The quantity of material from which to select is quite gratifying. Of course, the fact that we have good schools, good educational facilities is generally understood, but probably the result is not recognized by the majority of people in this country. Then I find that we have a much larger number of manufacturers and inventors among our race than I had supposed. I think we shall have no difficulty in getting together a display that would do great credit to the race. My chief difficulty now is in selecting commissioners from the various States. The number of names presented occasions an embarrassment of riches. 'Why' he laughed, "from the neighboring State of Maryland there are nearly a dozen names offered, and when you reflect that these men are expected to do this work for nothing you will see how much more remarkable is their anxiety to do something in behalf of the race."

THE MANIA FOR BETTING IN THE ARMY.

The mania for betting which pervades army circles was exemplified here recently at the War Department. A lot of "traveling beans" were sent from Mexico recently, to the State department. They are a small bean, inside each of which is a little worm, which by its peculiar motions when the bean is laid down on any smooth surface causes it to move about and travel along a considerable distance in a straight line. Some of these beans have been given to prominent army officers by State department officials merely as curiosities. To the surprise of all concerned, however, they have been turned into a means of gambling, and within the past few days a lot of army officers could at any time be seen gathered at a table each betting on his favorite bean being the first to get out of a circle drawn round the lot as they lay on the table.

Finest Goods and Lowest Prices.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

An Interesting Magazine.

A periodical which has for years been a veritable boon to the 50,000 blind citizens of America, is Kneass' Magazine for the Blind, a semi-monthly periodical, published at Philadelphia, in the embossed letters which serve that unfortunate class in view of ordinary type. The magazine is devoted to a branch of philanthropic education so noble, so productive of high results and so worthy of the patronage of all lovers of humanity, that it should receive the support of all. The publisher, himself a blind man, has successfully conducted the enterprise for sixteen years, and reports that there are many seeing persons upon his list of subscribers. It is earnestly hoped that this number may be largely increased among those who themselves have blind friends or who are willing to count as their friends all the afflicted.

THE AMBS FAILURE.

Two Additional Attachment Suits Filed To-Day—That Curious Transfer.

Two more attachment suits were filed to-day against the Ambs Distilling Company, who were virtually compelled to wind up their business last Saturday by an attachment sued out by the Continental Bank for $21,000. The company had been reported to be in embarrassed circumstances, but upon investigating the matter a member of the firm stated that the company was perfectly solvent and would continue the business as usual. This, it now appears, was not the case, but a mere ruse to hold off attachments until the company could wind up its affairs without the formality of an assignment.

"When we went down Saturday to make the levy," said Col. Dyer of Dyer, Lee & Ellis, attorneys for the bank, "we found the name of the Ambs Distilling Company had been taken down and Mr. Jacob Ambs' name put up in the place."

"By what right did he take possession?"

"Well, I believe they agreed to make some sort of a composition to their creditors. The company consists of the three Ambs, so they held a meeting and passed a resolution that after alloting a certain part of the assets to certain creditors they would transfer the balance to Mr. Jacob Ambs, to secure him for certain notes he had endorsed for the company in his individual capacity. It was rather a peculiar proceeding, especially as Mr. Ambs is the president of the company."

"You made the levy, however?"

"Certainly, and the Sheriff now has possession."

"Did they offer the bank anything?"

"Yes, some $4,000 in notes and accounts, but we refused to accept them."

"You do not think their transfer a valid one, then?"

"I won't say that, but at any rate we propose to test it."

The two suits filed this morning were by Anthony Roeslein and Paul Robyn, and were for $431 60 and $811 respectively. Messrs. Hermann and Reyburn, the attorneys in the cases, say they have not fully investigated the matter, yet they are inclined to look upon the attempted tranfers by the company as a fraud upon their creditors, and as such it will not be sustained by the courts.

Among the effects seized this morning were two handsome horses and wagons belonging to the company.

Silk Umbrellas, $3 to $15.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

JOHN H. O'NEILL.

Arrangements for the Funeral, Made by Several Legion of Honor Councils.

The body of John H. O'Neill, who met with a sad accident in falling from the window of his room, which resulted in his death, is lying at Undertaker Lynch's place on Olive street. Upon learning of his demise yesterday, Commodore Lyndon A. Smith, representing DeSoto Council No. 896, American Legion of Honor, took charge of the remains and immediately telegraphed his father, Judge John H. O'Neill, who was in Chicago. Judge O'Neill took the first train for St. Louis, arriving here this morning, and the scene was indeed sad as he was confronted with the dead body of his only son. He left instructions with Lynch to secure a grave in Calvary Cemetery, where the remains will be interred. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternon at 2 o'clock from Lynch's, and the friends and members of the secret orders of which deceased was a member, are invited to attend. Commander James Hickey of DeSoto Council, A. L. of H. met Judge O'Neill at Lynch's this morning and escorted him to the office of Mr. Robert Lucas, by whom the deceased was employed for twelve years. W. H. Cheetham, Ford Smith and another representative of Ivanhoe Council, No. 18, Legion of Honor, and representatives of the council of the Knights of Pythias of which he was a member, met at the undertaker's this morning, and made arrangements for pall-bearers. Each council will select four members as pall-bearers, and they will meet to-morrow at Lynch's. Commander James Hickey has selected the following to represent DeSoto Council: Commodore Lyndon A. Smith, Dr. Chas. F. Adams, Capt. John Lindsay and himself by virtue of his office. John O'Neill was the only son of a family of six, and he would have been 30 years of age had he lived to his next birthday—September 21. His parents were originally from Dubuque, Iowa.

KENTUCKY whisky, three summers old, $2 50 per gallon. Phil Pollack & Co., 701 Market street.

A Pitiable Story.

A story of a faithless husband and heartless father, a female interference in a domestic affair and her determination to bring the truant back is told in the following simple letter to City Marshal Thomas.

LEAVENWORTH, August 23.

CITY MARSHAL—Dear Sir: Will you please see if their is a stranger come there, he is a barber by trade. He will likely hang out in some barber shop. His name is Belch Hatez, if he gives his right name, he has taken money that don't beelong to him he left here three weeks ago. He pases off for a single man, but he has a wife and three children in Illinoy. If you can find him, and let me no, I will send on poticulars, and pay you for your trouble. Direct to Mrs. C. H. Tilford, 427 Delaware street, Leavenworth.

Spectacles Gold, Silver and Steel.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

The August term of the City Court of Record commenced this morning, but owing to sickness on the part of Judge Launtz an adjournment was taken till next Wednesday.

The East St. Louis Browns beat the St. Louis Spikers yesterday, the score being 7 to 0.

During a bar-room altercation on the Island last night, Henry Wilkens received an ugly knife wound extending across the right shoulder. Wilkins had his wound dressed by a physician, but refused to tell who did the cutting.

The East St. Louis Dramatic Club gave their initial entertainment at Vonnahm's Hall last night and attracted a very large crowd.

J. W. Rington of Bunker Hill, Ill., telegraphs to the police that his brown mare was stolen Saturday night and requests the police to be on the lookout for the thief.

Four cases against the Western Union Telegraph Company for obstructing the streets with their poles were disposed of this afternoon. City Attorney O. Melveny conducted the prosecution. The attorney for the defense consumed the afternoon session in arguing a motion to dismiss the case.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Horatio Davis, Boston, is staying at the Lindell.

J. P. Coulter, Kansas City, is registered at the Lindell.

S. B. Jewett and wife, Omaha, are guests at the Laclede.

J. M. Dickinson and wife, Seligman, Mo., are at the Planters'.

T. F. Fleming, Columbia, Tenn., is registered at the St. James.

J. B. Weaver and Geo. E. Bacon, New York, are at the Southern.

Chas. A. Sweetland and wife, New York, are stopping at the Planters'.

B. S. Ricks, Yazoo City, and E. T. Rulards, Henderson, Ky., are at the Lindell.

James R. Timberlake and wife and E. H. Miller, Liberty Mo., are at the Southern.

Louis Herman, Chillicothe, Mo., and W. H. Chapman, Kansas City, are at the Southern.

R. S. Alexander, Carrollton, Mo., and Geo. W. Pierce, Philadelphia, are at the Planters'.

S. L. Wood, Liberty, Mo.; W. A. Shorns, Springfield, Mo., and L. C. Alexander, Kansas City, are at the Laclede.

Frank H. Teguue, Franford; J. J. Fitzgerald, Warrensburg, and J. W. Middleton, New Orleans, are at the St. James.

J. W. Peeler and wife, Bonham, Texas; Wm. W. Murray, Buffalo, and H. Attaway, Lebanon, Mo., are at the Hotel Barnum.

H. P. Perouet, Cape Girardeau; Alex. Cramer, Sedalia; L. C. Stevens, Kansas City, and W. F. McClure, Newport, Ky., are at Hurst's.

H. Harrison, Henderson, Kan.; G. A. Shriner and wife, Charleston, Ill.; A. Hawkin, Charleston, and A. V. Rogers, Little Rock, Ark., are at the Everett.

Samuel Paxton, New Orleans; M. J. Hawley, Manchester, Vt.; C. N. McFarren, Washington, D. C.; Wm. D. MacQuisten, New York, and J. H. Bothwell, Sedalia, Mo., are at the Moser Hotel.

N. Scrout and wife, Cases, Mexico; Judge Wm. Carter, Farmington, Mo.; E. W. Harris, Greenville, Texas; J. A. Nangle, Mexico, Mo., and George A. Briggs, Bloomington, Ill., are at Barnum's.

F. M. Raley and C. H. Bristol, Chicago; S. R. Gregory, Salisbury, Mo.; S. L. May, Dallas; E. Mayer, Jefferson City, and Mrs. A. Maguire and daughter, Pleasant Hill, Mo., are at Hotel Hunt.

Table Cutlery, Lowest Prices.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

CAN'T COME WEST.

Neither Cleveland, Blaine nor Arthur Will Visit the Exposition This Fall.

But Several Other Leading Citizens of the Country Will Attend—Autograph Letters From the Political Leaders —Louisville's Delusion— Interesting Exposition Facts.

In common with other Expositions, the management of the Louisville show tendered an invitation to Governor Cleveland to be present during this season, and intrusted its delivery to Mr. Henry Watterson, who has recently reported through the columns of the Courier-Journal that, although he did not see Governor Cleveland, he found a channel of communication which enabled him to fall in more accordantly with his movements, satisfied with the assurance that he will give the invitation all possible consideration. The assumption is erroneously taken that the next President, though not able to make an immediate answer, will probably attend the Louisville Exposition later in the season. This assumption is being heralded in the pages of the Louisville press as a settled fact, when in fact it has nothing to rest upon but the inference drawn by Mr. Watterson, which, in the light of the following correspondence, will at once be seen to be premature.

Early in the summer communications were addressed to President Arthur, Gov. Cleveland and James G. Blaine, by the secretary of the St. Louis Exposition, expressing a hearty desire for their presence this fall. Letters in reply were received from the distinguished gentlemen, and are given below. Governor Cleveland's note—the only one of the three—was penned by himself, and is written in a firm running hand, decidedly neat and pretty. The signature is simply "Grover Cleveland," the only flourish attempted in the entire letter being a continuation of the last letter of his name which is extended so as to form a curved line beneath the two words.

THE TEXT IS AS FOLLOWS:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
ALBANY, July 20, 1884.

J. H. Johnston, Secretary:

DEAR SIR—Your kind letter conveying an invitation to attend the St. Louis Exposition is received. I should be very glad to accept the same; and I am sure that if it were possible, I should be both entertained and instructed. But my officiald uties, which should not be neglected, and the requirements of the campaign political, just opened, which all unyielding, will necessitate my remaining here. Thanking you for the consideration which prompted the invitation, and regretting my inability to accept, I am, yours sincerely,

GROVER CLEVELAND."

After this explicit statement that he will find no opportunity of coming to St. Louis, it is quite difficult to understand how he can arrange to attend a city only a few hours' ride further east. The report to the Louisville management of the Governor's intentions, dated August 12, show that it is altogether likely that the Louisville invitation was received after that of St. Louis, and that if Governor Cleveland comes West at all he will first honor with his presence the St. Louis Exposition.

THE LETTER OF MR. BLAINE,

evidently written at his dictation, and bearing no more of his pen except in the signature, contained the following:

BAR HARBOR, ME., August 15, 1884.

J. H. Johnston, Secretary of the St. Louis Exposition:

DEAR SIR—I sincerely regret I am not able to accept the very kind invitation of your association to visit St. Louis. My engagements for the summer preclude me from that privilege, which would be at the same time a very great pleasure. I am very truly yours, JAMES G. BLAINE.

THE REPLY FROM PRESIDENT ARTHUR

was tendered by his private secretary, and expressed the President's regret at his inability to attend on account of the engagements already entered into. Notwithstanding the inability of these gentlemen to attend invitations have been sent to a large number of other well-known public men and a generous acceptance by them is confidently expected at the time to witness the appearance of some familiar and famous faces on the night of the grand opening.

MERCHANTS' TICKETS.

With a desire to benefit the Exposition the management has issued a circular to the merchants of the city, making the following announcement:

"Our representative will call upon you to ask you to take and receipt for as many of these tickets as you may desire, the same to be returned or paid for; i. e., all not used may be returned after the Exposition is over, and all used to be paid for at that time at 25 cents each." This plan will enable merchants to show visitors or merchants the compliment of furnishing them a ticket to the Exposition. Also, it may be used by the merchant himself to avoid the rush and crush at the door. Those who desire to avail themselves of this opportunity must take at least twenty-five tickets. It will also be an advantageous plan for manufacturers or other large employers who may wish to compliment their employes with a ticket to the great Exposition, and such should at once send their check for the tickets. It will be impossible for a representative to call on all business men, and those who receive the above mentioned privilege should call on or address R. M. Scruggs, treasurer, Fourth and St. Charles streets. This scheme has already received the support of the Compton Letter Company, who this morning sent their check for 100 tickets for adults and fifty for children, with the intention of presenting them to their employes, as they feel assured the benefits they will each receive in studying the aggregations of art and industry, will make each man, woman and child better qualified to progress in his chosen vocation. It is expected that this generous example will be numerously followed.

PROGRESS AT THE BUILDING.

"If any one supposes that when we turn over space to exhibitors we at once shift the responsibility of its improvement upon them and pay no attention to what they do, he is very much mistaken. We not only expect but demand of exhibitors that they arrange their displays so that they shall be in keeping with the appearance of the building and of their near surroundings. It is astonishing how far a little taste in dressing a booth or bazaar will go, and how the Exposition's general appearance is enhanced by paying proper attention to artistic harmony. I shall insist upon artistic co-operation on the part of the exhibitors, and let me assure you that it requires eternal vigilance to save the show from the presence of an eyesore in the shape of a cheaply constructed and poorly dressed booth, whose lack of grace mars the effect of all the handsome ones within view. You probably have no idea of how a break in the line of beauty of this kind will spoil an otherwise fine coup d'oeil. In insisting upon the certain standard of finish and upon the cultivation of harmony in the general design, we may meet with some trifling opposition, but we shall be relentless in this regard, and when the show is complete we shall look for our vindication and get it from the very persons with whom, during the present week, we may enter upon warm controversies."

A vast amount of work still remains to be done on the building, but the managers remain confident that they will have the Exposition ready on time, and that, when the time comes for the oratorical gentlemen to launch their exordiums and perfect their perorations, they will be able, without any fears of practical contradiction by the surroundings, to call their audience's attention, with realistic arm-sweep and exultant utterance, to the unparalleled beauty of the building and the completeness of the display. Work was carried on yesterday—an innovation which was only decided upon when it became apparent that, otherwise, so much work would be crowded into the few remaining days that confusion would result, attended with positive danger to the workmen, many of them being engaged in tasks perilous under ordinary circumstances, and possible danger to the Exposition's patrons, should any of the work done so hurriedly not be well done. As it is, the managers now see their way clearly to having the work done on time, and in a proper manner, and when the opening day comes, will be able conscientiously to submit the building in all its parts to any strain which the surging throng of visitors may subject it to.

Contrary to a statement already published, the arched gas-light illumination will not extend from Fourteenth to Fourth street, but will simply be arranged along the Olive street front of the Exhibition building. The gas jets, which will shine through a variety of colored glass globes, will be arranged in graceful arches, about fifteen feet apart, so that people passing up the street, along the side-walk, will walk under a glimmering, vari-tinted canopy, which will dazzle and intrance those near, and present to those removed farther off a scene of unrivaled splendor.

EXPOSITION NOTES.

Two flags have been ordered—one a large regulation United States banner, the other a small "post" flag to be used on windy days when the larger one would be whipped to pieces by the gale's fury. They will float from the flag pole over the Olive street main entrance and their presence at the main-top will indicate that the building is open.

The Western Union Telegraph Company are engaged in bringing in their wires and Manager Brown has selected three of his handsomest lady-operators to attend to the business, thus insuring an exceedingly attractive exhibit which will not fail to prove intensely attractive.

Secretary Johnston has been notified by the Yale Lock Company that the handsome little post-office for the use of exhibitors during the Exposition is almost ready to set up in place. Like the Western Union's display it will combine the useful and ornamental in a striking degree, the only difference being that in one case the beauties displayed will be purely artificial, in the other, absolutely natural and life-like.

The Drew Glass Company will place around the lower end of the secretary's and directors' offices very beautiful scenes made of painted glass, the effect of which will be very pretty. Of these rooms one will bear the coat-of-arms of the State of Missouri; the other, the seal of the city of St. Louis, both worked on glass by the sand-blast process.

Up-stairs in the Exposition building everything has been completed except the art rooms which will be ready for the hanging of pictures by Wednesday. On the ground floor, in the machinery hall, all work has been accomplished except a portion of the Thirteenth street nave floor, which will probably be finished to-day.

Solid Silver Spoons and Forks.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

HE HAD NO TROUBLE.

A Witness Who Evidently Had the Benefits of a College Education.

City Attorney Glover agrees with Sidney Smith on the full understanding and correct use of words. This morning Louis Schuster and Frank Kuntz were on trial. Schuster took the stand as the principal prosecuting witness, when the following examination occurred:

"Did you have a quarrel with Kuntz on the 19th inst?"

"No sir."

"Did you ever have a quarrel with him?"

"No sir."

He was about to excuse the witness, when he asked, "How did you get those marks on your face?"

In explanation, he gave the details of a rough-and-tumble fight, with ear-chewing and finger-biting accompaniments. He had drawn a distinction on the meaning of the word quarrel, and did not consider that he was not telling the truth about the affair. Schuster was fined $3 and Kuntz was fined $20.

A SATIRICAL KNAVE.

Fining a Colored Gentleman Who Celebrated His Mother-in-Law's Death.

In Judge Cady's Court, Andrew Jackson, an old darkey accused of disturbing the stilly Sabbath in Paradise alley, "rang in" his mother-in-law in a new role. A case of drunk and disturbing the peace was made out, and Judge Cady, turning to Jackson, said:

"Andy, you drink too much whisky."

"Yes, yo' hono', I did yistiday, but I was in deep, deep trouble."

"Do you always drink, Jackson, when you get in trouble?"

"Yes, yo' hono', I does, I'm sorry to say."

"What was your trouble yesterday, Jackson?"

"My poor mother-in-law died las' week."

Jackson was fined.

WANT THE CHILD.

John H. Tracy and his Wife in a Habeas Corpus Proceeding.

John H. Tracy made application this morning before Judge Thayer for the care and custody of his child, Melville Tracy. The proceedings were begun last Friday by the Court granting a writ of habeas corpus in response to which Mrs. Tracy produced the child in Court this morning. In her return to the writ which is rather lengthy, she says that her husband has contributed nothing towards the support of herself and child, since the decision of the divorce suit which Judge Barclay passed upon at the last term of his Court, dismissing the petition of Mrs. Tracy. She further alleges that he is totally unfit to have the custody of the child as he mistreats it, uses improrper language in its presence and has no fixed home or abode. Judge Thayer gave the petitioner until next Saturday to make his reply and set the matter over until next Saturday.

Fine Vases, Elegant and Rich.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

Criminal Siftings.

Peter Paine was sentenced to six months in the Work House, by Judge Laughlin to-day, for larceny

Samuel Trott, charged with abandoning his wife, was permitted to depart on payment of costs.

Thomas G. Clarkson, an employe of the Street Department at City Hall, was fined $35 in the First District Police Court to-day for disturbing the peace and carrying a revolver.

Summer Saunterers.

Mrs. W. C. Parker, to Boston; D. L. Sloan and F. A. Lightner, to Pittsfield; J. L. Clay, to New Haven; Mrs. H. M. Fremont, A. A. Faulkner, R. S. Mason, C. T. Kellogg and daughter, to New York; William Briscoe, to Worcester; Clem Bromley and H. E. Rolland, to Buffalo; S. G. Keith and wife, to Westfield, Mass.; Mrs. Coppeck, to Cleveland, via Bee Line to-night.

Notifying St. John.

OLEAN, N. Y., August 25.—Governor St. John and Mr. Daniel have arrived and were met by the reception committee. The notification committee has not all arrived. Prof. Dickey, the chairman, is expected at noon.

Died from His Wounds.

SHARPSBURG, Ky., August 25.—Daniel Henry died yesterday morning from pistol shots received the night before from City Marshall Merriwether, who was trying to arrest Henry.

The Chinese Way.

From the North China Daily News, July 19.

A Japanese girl went to the Maloo Market to make some purchases, when a Chinese fish dealer, who was discussing his breakfast after having disposed of his wares, and who was probably inspired by international ill-feeling, brutally spat in her face. The woman resented this outrage, and a disturbance followed, in the course of which she got severely handled by the fishmonger, and lost a hand-bag which she had brought with her as a receptacle for her purchases. At this stage the police arrived on the scene, and the fishmonger decamped, leaving behind him, however, the sum of 7,000 cash. This the police took charge of, but in the afternoon the fish dealer made his appearance at the police station and demanded his money, whereupon he was taken into custody on the charge of having assaulted the Japanese woman. Yesterday the fishmonger was brought up at the Mixed Court, and sentenced to receive 100 blows for the assault. It was then suggested by the police that the 7,000 cash, the fishmonger's earnings of the previous morning, should be given to the Japanese woman as compensation for her lost hand-bag, and Mr. Giles, who was sitting as assessor, readily concurred in the suggestion, remarking that the prisoner would be all the more likely to duly receive his 200 blows if he had no money. His Worship also agreed to the suggestion, but on the money being inquired for, it was found that the fishmonger had handed it to a friend, who had made off with it with all dispatch. Eventually, however, the police obtained possession of the cash, and handed it over to the injured woman.

Saved by His Bredches.

From the Grass Valley Tidings.

Thursday morning, Eddie, the 9-year-old son of Edwin Whitburn, took a notion to explore the bottom of a 75-foot well. The well had just been repaired in the bottom, a bulkhead having been put in to prevent too much draining by a tunnel in the neighborhood. Eddie wanted to see how the job had been done, and so he got a young sister to lower him by means of a windlass and rope, a good, stout hook being on the end of the rope. After inspection of the bottom of the well, Eddie called to be hoisted up. He caught the rope about 12 feet above the hook, the balance of the rope being slack and in the water at the time of his catching hold. The hoisting proceeded until about half the distance to the top of the well had been accomplished, and there the boy's hands gave out, and he let go and fell. But in falling the hook caught him by the seat of his very stout breeches, and held him, and, hoisting help at the windlass having been procured, the young lad was safely landed on top of the ground.

The Dear Little Brute.

From the Cambridge Tribune.

A fashionable young lady at the Grand Union, in Saratoga, gives the following account of her silver poodle: "He's a daisy, he is. So nice and clever. He has his tooth brush and keeps just as still when the maid uses it with the powder. He barks to have his hair oiled and combed, and takes a shampoo with perfect delight. When he goes to bed he lays his head on the pillow and goes to sleep like a tired boy. It's lots of work caring for the brute, though. There's one thing I'm thankful for, he's always dressed in the morning."

A WANDERER.

Acushla! do not deem me false,
Nor dream that I forget
Thy fair young face, thy native grace,
The morn when first we met.
My precious pearl, my glorious girl!
Thou'rt true as truth to me,
And where thou art there throbs my heart
With love alone for thee.

I know not where thy lot is cast;
But this I know full well:
To me alway, where'er I stray,
Thy name's a nameless spell.
My fancy's fairy! wondrous Mary!
While ebbs and flows the sea,
And sunshine streams and moonlight beams,
I'll love no love but thee.

Heed not what venomed tongues may say,
Dread not the world's decree;
But dry thy tears to fright thy fears,
And trust, my love, in me.
My beauty bright! my heart's delight!
When startled eyes shall see
June roses blow mid winter's snow,
Then I'll be false to thee.

From mountain eyrie, mystic Mary!
At night, 'neath starry dome,
To lowland glen, mid haunts of men,
By day I've sought thy home.
If hope has fled—if thou art dead—
Come love, with angel kiss,
In crown of light and robes of white,
And bear my soul to bliss.

—[London Society.

COWBOY POKER.

An English Dissertation on the Great American Game.

From the Saturday Review.

It was with the greatest grief and sorrow and pain that one read in The St. James's Gazette of a recent date an article on the "Game of Poker," calculated to do an immeasurable amount of harm to those in England who have turned their attention and given their days and nights to the study of the great American game. From beginning to end the article in The St. James's Gazette was unsound, and rank with heresy against the canons of the true game. It purports to be based on the writer's experience of the play in the far West and among the cowboys of Texas. We have no desire to say anything against the cowboys of Texas, and it may be that their views upon this momentous question are properly represented in the article which we have taken as our text; but if so, the cowboys of Texas are addicted to the degrading vice of playing a debased perversion of a noble game. The very first assertion of the writer in The St. James's Gazette shows the enormity of their conduct; it is to the effect that "the game of poker is played with a pack of fifty-three cards," the fifty-third card being called the "joker." Now we do not mean to deny for a moment that the cowboy of Texas plays a game which he calls poker with a pack of fifty-three cards; very likely he does; the cowboy of Texas will do anything. But we do deny, with whatsoever of strength may in us lie, that the classical and scientific game of poker is ever played with more than fifty-two cards. It may be that in some of the upper hills of the Alps the Swiss herdsmen indulge in a game which they call whist, and that they use in this sport a regular tarok pack of seventy-two cards; but he would be a wicked person who would refer to their example as one to be followed by whist-players in England. It is true that American manufacturers of playing-cards are wont to include a blank card at the top of the pack; and it is, alas! true also that some thrifty person suggested that the card should not be wasted. This was the origin of the "joker," which has led astray many players of eucher and poker. And to a thoughtful mind no further argument is needed beyond the existence of the "joker" to prove the doctrine of the total depravity of man. Only a totally depraved man could ever have suggested the use of the "joker."

Throughout the article in The St. James' Gazette this heresy runs, and the whole article is vitiated by it. We note, also, other errors and blunders, especially in the treatment of that important subject, the "limit." The article may be recommended for study to those about to play poker with the cowboys of Texas—and to no others. To those who may chance to play it with Americans more learned in the law, the article in The St. James' Gazette can only do harm by unsettling their faith. Unfortunately, the laws of poker have not yet been codified with the certainty and the skill revealed in the codification of the laws of whist. As yet, poker may be said to be governed by the common law as modified by local custom and usage. More than one important point remains undecided, despite the obiter dicta, of self-constituted judges. The supremacy of the "straight-flush" has slowly got itself acknowledged at last. But a legitimate doubt exists as to whether "straights" beat "threes" or not; we are inclined to believe that they do; and in the proposed code drawn up by the distinguished American, once the guest of the coast of St. James, the same position is taken. There are those, however, who do not recognize "straights" at all, and there are others who accept the Mississippi obtrusion of "blazes." It is to be hoped that these vital questions may soon be settled authoritatively, for the game of poker, in spite of what the beginner may think, leaves less to chance than any other game into which chance enters at all. In other words, there is no game at which skill counts as high as in poker. And it is skill of an elevated order, since it is exercised chiefly in the study of the other players. If the proper study of mankind is man, then poker ought to flourish, for nowhere else may man be studied to such advantage. This is, indeed, the prime merit of poker, that it calls for the highest exercise of the human intellect, the study and the knowledge of one's fellow-man. In no other game is the personal equation so important.

MR. LANGTRY.

The Husband of the Actress Finds a Champion—Vulgar Gebhard.

New York Letter in Detroit Times.

Society over this way is thrilled by the announcement that Mrs. Langtry is going to become an American citizeness, sue her husband for divorce and come here to live permanently. The inference is that she means to get married to Mr. Gebhard. Mr. Langtry, so say the gossips, has at last consented that such a programme shall be carried out, up to the divorce part of it. He is not, of course, expected to know anything of the Gebhard item upon the programme. So much for gossip, which, as is quite often the case, knows nothing about it. Mr. Langtry would have been heartily glad if his wife had sought her freedom long ago. He has generally been held in rather light esteem by reason of the lady's curious conduct. As a matter of fact, there are points which ought to bring him some degree of sympathy. When Mrs. Langtry's beauty first became known, her husband, who was passionately devoted to her, had an income of about $10,000 a year. The flattery of the titled snobs who surrounded her, quite turned the woman's head, and she began to fly beyond her husband's means. He was weak enough in his affection for her to let her go her own way, and she practically ruined him. But out of the wreck of his fortune he has pulled enough together to get along upon in comfort, and the story that she sends him $15 a week to live on is only another of the lies that are spread about to beget sympathy for the precious creature and contempt for her husband. Long, long ago Mr. Langtry became convinced that his wife was not behaving in a manner exactly wifely, and since then they have not been together. But all this time, while his name has been on every tongue, while all sorts of vile insinuations regarding her good name and his manhood have been rife, even under the exasperation of the miserable Gebhard business, he has remained flent and reserved, too proud to make a sign, too full of chivalry to strike at the woman he once called his wife, and too manly to call attention to the ruin she has wrought in his fortune, his position and his honor. He would have been glad if she had sought to be clear of him before now, though he would take no step toward that end on his own account. Freedom from a woman whose vanity, whose love of adulation, and whose utter disregard for anything but the gratification of her petty whims has estranged her from him in spirit would now be a very welcome thing. I happen to know these things are true. Mr. Langtry is an amiable but rather thick-headed Briton, with a good deal of strength of character, very much spirit and a great amount of personal pride. So far as Mr. Gebhard is concerned, I fancy the divorce proceedings will be somewhat likely to cool his ardor. To be the partner of a woman like Mrs. Langtry in a national scandal is one thing; to marry her is quite another. Mr. Gebhard likes to be the hero of the clubs, where a notorious liaison is a big thing. But to marry the other party is not so fine among club men, who in New York seem to rather like that which is dishonorable and to frown upon anything savoring of better stuff. It is dollars to cents that Mrs. Langtry never becomes Mrs. Gebhard. Meanwhile, don't let any enthusiasic newspaper correspondents stuff you into believing he is a genteel, elegant young man. I see that one or two writers have lately started out on that lay. Gebhard is a vulgar, flashily-clothed, pimply, self-assertive, noisy dude. He never was anything else, and he never can be. It isn't in him.

TRAPPING A TIGRESS.

How the Handsome Bengal Fanny, in New York, was Got in Limbo.

From the New York Sun.

Charles Reiche & Bro., of 55 Chatham street, have recently landed from a Bremen steamer one of the handsomest Bengal tigresses ever imported to this country. She has been christened Fanny, but does not seem to care for that or for any other name. All she desires is to be fed plentifully with raw meat and left alone between meals.

She was captured about nine months ago, in obedience to an order sent to India by Mr. Reiche for one of her kind. A tiger track was found in the jungle leading to the reedy banks of a River. A pit about twenty feet deep was dug in the path and covered over with branches of trees and brushwood. The natives then concealed themselves, and at night the tigress, going down to the water, crashed through the covering, and lay, half stunned and wholly helpless, at the bottom of the pit. She was allowed to lie there a week. The mouth of the pit was again closed, and for seven days she lived in darkness, without food or water. Such treatment very often kills a tiger, but it is the only mode of reducing them from the savage frenzy succeeding their capture to anything like submission.

When at last the coverings were again removed the then unnamed Fanny was found to be anything but subdued. She was, however, weak, and her furious bounds to reach the mouth of the pit were short at first, and grew shorter with every bound. Then the natives began to ang

FAIRLEY,
THE GROCER,
820 & 822 FRANKLIN AV.,

Leader of Low Prices.

18 lbs. Granulated Sugar for $1 00.
14 lbs. Standard A Sugar for $1 00.
15 lbs. Standard C Sugar for $1 00.
16 lbs. Choice Yellow Sugar for $1 00.
18 lbs. Choice Brown Sugar for $1 00.

We have 100 barrels of Fairley's Jewel brand of Flour, made from old wheat. Price reduced to $5 50 per barrel. Our monthly price list mailed free on application.

CUT RATES
TO ALL POINTS.
J. W. STOCKBRIDGE,
Railroad Ticket Broker,
605 Washington Avenue, Lindell Hotel.

MILK THE Largest Retailers of Pure Illinois Milk in the city. Telephone No. 1,322.
BOWMAN & CO.,
818 and 820 Morgan st.

CITY ITEMS.

Turkish Baths.

We will until September 1 sell twenty-one tickets or $10, good until used, at 1117 Olive street and 615 under Lindell Hotel. DORA & THOMAS.

FURNITURE

Was never cheaper. New designs more beautiful than ever at GUERNSEY FURNITURE CO., 500 North Fourth street.

SMOKE J. I. Mayer & Co.'s New Nickle Cigar. One agent (dealer only) wanted in every town in America. Sales, 12,000,000 annually. Write J. I. MAYER & Co., St. Louis.

THE justly famous "Anderson" and Belmont Sour mash whiskies and all other liquors in quantities to suit, at lowest prices, delivered free by James Lupe & Co., 324 and 326 Olive street.

SHE has the complexion of a peach. Pozzoni's Medical Complexion Powder did it.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Jacques, 705 Chestnut street.

OLD Dr. Whittier, a regular graduate, 617 St. Charles street, as for twenty-five years, may be found from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m., where remarkable cures may be had of blood diseases, impediments to marriage, etc., all diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgences. Safe medicines; consultation free. Marriage Guide, 256 pages, sent sealed to any address, 50 cents, or at office. Call or write.

AMUSEMENTS.

The opening of the season at the People's last evening was marked with much *eclat*, Considering the warmth of the night, the splendid audience was a very high compliment to the house, the manager and to the attraction—which proved lively, sparkling and entertaining, and really far above the average of its class of performance. It is full of whimsical absurdities, and is entitled "The Electric Doll." Its chief features, however, were the number of very pretty solos, melodies, glees, catches, etc., with which it abounds, and which were arranged with musicianly tact and a knowlege of harmony, while they were delightfully rendered by the compact little company. Miss Lillian Brown is a charming little woman, a sweet singer and an actress of the "cute" order, doing her work in a very taking manner and without any vulgar obtrusiveness or straining for extraordinary effects. Harry B. Edwards, a robust and rational comedian, was very funny as the booby, John Bobble Twitt; and J. H. Chapman, A. C. Wheelan, Miss Julia A. Cervasco and Miss Ada Bryant filled out a cast which furnished one of the most amusing and clever extravaganza performances yet given here. The encores were numerous throughout the evening and "The Electric Doll" may be termed a thorough success. It will be repeated all the week, with the regular Wednesday and Saturday matinees.

* * *

The present will be the last week of the season at Uhrig's Cave, and "Billee Taylor" was withdrawn last evening in the midst of a very successful run. To-night the joint benefit to Miss Blanche Chapman and George Denham will take place, and these old favorites deserve a crowded house, and the mere announcement should suffice to bring all their friends to the front. They have afforded much pleasure and enjoyment to St. Louis audiences and now is the opportunity offered for the patrons of the Cave to show their appreciation of the services of these merry-makers. The performance to-night will consist of the favorite "Three Black Cloaks," with Miss Chapman and George Denham in their old parts. The ladies attending will be presented with a handsome souvenir programme with a photograph of Blanche Chapman enclosed. For the balance of the week "Three Black Cloaks" will be repeated to-morrow evening, "The Queen's Lace Handkerchief" will be revived Wednesday and Thursday, and the final performances by the Ford Company will be given Friday and Saturday, "The Orange Girl" being the opera.

* * *

The Casino had a crowded house last night. All the new faces, including Ella Wesner, Hanlan and Hart, Boyd and Sarsfield, Davenport Bros., and the old favorites, Annie Hart, Fritz Fichtner, Cardello and Van Auken and Nellie St. John, received a warm recognition of their merits.

* * *

A full change of programme is announced for Edwards' Theater Comique this evening and the company will comprise a large number of new faces. The performances at this house are uniformly large and embrace excellent features.

* * *

Broadway and Treyser open their new Dime Museum, on Sixth street near Franklin avenue, Saturday, August 30, presenting a big array of wonders and attractions for their lecture-room.

* * *

John C. Cousland and Milt Moore have greatly improved their club-swinging act, and will present it newly embellished at their testimonial benefit at the Pickwick, Friday evening. A fine bill is otherwise being prepared.

* * *

The regular dramatic season at the People's opens September 7. "Only a Woman's Heart," a fine realistic emotional dram, will be presented by a strong company.

* * *

The Natatorium continues to be a seasonable and pleasant resort. Those who have never visited this elegantly appointed establishment should not fail to do so before the summer closes.

* * *

The openings for the coming week will be Pope's, August 30, with Callender Colored Minstrels. The Grand, August 31, with Lizzie Evans in a new soubrette comedy; the Olympic, August 31, with Tony Pastor's Company; the Standard, August 31, with Adams Anglo-American Pantomine Co.

* * *

Frank Gregory's Dime Museum will re-open August 31 with a big array of fine attractions, of which due announcement will be made. The establishment has been renovated and improved, and will assume its place as a favorite resort.

* * *

Mr. C. F. Van Sicklen, in advance of Tony Pastor's company, is in town.

* * *

Donniker's Philharmonic Orchestra presented a fresh change of music at the Casino last evening. They furnish some of the best selections to be heard in our theaters.

* * *

The regular Tuesday matinees are announced at the Casino and Comique for to-morrow.

* * *

The excellent cornet soloist, W. M. Stephens, rejoins the orchestra at Pope's the coming season, and will be a strong musical attraction there.

CHERUB.

Despise Not the Day of Small Things.

Little things may help a man to rise—a bent pin in an easy chair for instance. Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets" are small things, pleasant to take, and they cure sick-headaches, relieve torpid livers and do wonders. Being purely vegetable they cannot harm any one. All druggists.

Readers of the Post-Dispatch

Remember that $100,000 worth of clothing, consisting of men's suits from $2 50 up, and boys' suits from $1 up, will be sacrificed at 50c on the dollar, to make room for fall stock, at the GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

THE HODDER HABEAS CORPUS.

Judge Thayer Lays Over the Disposition of Little Mabel Until Next Wednesday.

The Mabel Hodder habeas corpus case was called for a final hearing before Judge Thayer this morning. He said that he had fully considered the affidavit filed in the case upon which a continuance was asked, and had come to the conclusion that it was insufficient. If the petitioner in the case was a man of immoral or licentious character as to be unfit to assume the custody of the child, he thought the fact could be proved by more than one witness. The mere fact that Watkins had gone to Sedalia after he had been subpœnaed as a witness was evidence of the fact that it would be difficult to procure his testimony if it could be procured at all. He would, accordingly, overrule the motion for a continuance. The case was then taken up. Mr. Hess, attorney for Mr. John C. Mann, read the petition, which stated, in substance, that the father of Mabel Hodder, had executed an indenture during his lifetime transferring to him the care and custody of the child Mabel, who is now held and restrained by Mrs. Mary Hodder, fourth wife of Robert Hodder, and step-mother of the child Mabel. Mr. A. R. Taylor read the return, in which it was alleged that the petitioner was a man of immoral and obscene character and not fit to have the custody of the child. The reply denies these allegations.

The first witness called was Mr. John C. Mann, the petitioner in the case, who said that he lived near Carondelet, a half mile from the city limits. He was a florist and fruiterer, was married and his wife was living, though they had no children living. His income was between $600 and $1,000 per year and he owned the property he lived on. He had known Mr. Hodder twelve or thirteen years; he was an Episcopalian by religion. The witness was a Protestant. The mother of the child lived at his house before she married Hodder. She died last August three years ago. She was a Catholic, but never went to Church. He was told that the child Mabel had been baptised a Catholic. The present Mrs. Hodder was the fourth wife of Robert Hodder. There

WERE TWO CHILDREN

by the third wife, Mabel and Ada, aged 6 and 9 years.

Mr. Thomas Bastion, the half brother-in-law of Mabel Hodder, testified that Mr. Hodder left two houses on Elm street, in one of which the present Mrs. Hodder lived. Mr. Hodder's estate amounted to about $7,000, comprising four lots and these two houses. There are seven in all of Robert Hodder's children alive. He had only heard that Mann's character for morality was not good, but did not know it personally.

Charles Winkel, the husband of Lucy, the half sister of Mabel, testified that Mann's general reputation among his neighbors was bad. He was a soldier at Jefferson Barracks and lived about a mile from Mann's. He heard Mann was a bad character about two years ago. He had heard Mr. Watkins tell of his experience in Mr. Mann's house when Mann made an inmoral attack on him. He had also heard several other persons speak of Mr. Mann's character. Mr. Hoffmeister had said that Mann's reputation was good among bad persons and bad among good persons. Capt. Boyd had furnished him some names of persons who could testify to Mann's character. Everybody says Mann is a sober and industrious man. Mrs. Cleary, the mother of Mrs. Hodder, said that her daughter had taken good care of the children, both before and after the death of Mr. Hodder. She had heard Mr. Hodder say that his wife, Mary, would not like to have children separated, and he did not think he would do it. After Mr. Hodder's death the children lived a great part of the time with her.

Adolph Bohem testified that Mann's character for honesty was bad, but on cross-examination admitted that for the past few years his character was good.

Miss Mary A. Hodder, the respondent in the case, took the stand and said that Mabel had been baptized a Catholic as well as her sister. Mabel was 6 and Ada will soon be 8 years old. She was married to her deceased husband for two years. She presumed that he had made sufficient provision for her in his will to enable her to properly support the children. Besides the houses and lots, Mr. Hodder left $7,300, for which she holds a check at present. Before Mr. Hodder died he had called her to his bedside, and told her in the presence of his daughters that he wished her to take care of Ada and Belle, and that she was provided for. She would be willing to take the three children and support them by her own labor, even if they had no expectations. She had been married three times in all—Mr. Hodder being her last husband. The respondent here rested her case, and Judge Thayer said that he did not care to hear any testimony in rebuttal on the alleged immoral character of Mr. Mann. He was satisfied on that point. The entire case, would turn, he said upon the validity of the indenture executed during Mr. Hodder's life time. He would take the matter under advisement and pass upon it next Wednesday morning.

Fine Vases, Elegant and Rich.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Interesting Personal, Social and News Gossip from the Neighboring Towns.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

JOPLIN, Mo., August 24.—The intention of the "Frisco Railroad Company" to have their depot painted and improved gives much satisfaction.——Hon. John H. Taylor has made great improvements recently upon his residence at Eighth and Joplin streets.——Miss Shortess is now on a visit to friends at Webb City, Mo.——Mr. and Mrs. Oliver M. Sleight returned home yesterday.——Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Smith of Lehigh were here visiting friends yesterday.——Mr. and Mrs. Charles Krauch left last night for St. Louis by the Missouri Pacific.——Miss Virgie Van Meter of Shoal Creek is visiting the Misses Lake of East Joplin.——Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Middaugh of Columbus, Kan., Messrs. J. H. C. Gross of Weir City and M. Howard, esq., were guests at the Joplin Hotel yesterday.——Mr. F. R. Millman is about to go to Michigan to settle up his father's estate.——Mrs. M. Weller returned Thursday from visiting relatives at Cleveland, Ohio.——Prof. Arnold has relinquished his engagement with the News to assume the superintendence of the Lone Elm schools.——Mrs. N. J. Eggerman of Webb City was here yesterday selecting goods for her establishment in that flourishing young town.——Miss Ella Arnold of Carterville is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Bice.——Mrs. D. A. Loose and Miss F. A. Browne visited Baxter Springs on Thursday.——Mrs. Z. H. Lowdermilk and her daughters, Misses Etta and Angie Lowdermilk, of Galena, drove over here yesterday to do some shopping and see their friends.——Hon. Marsh Arnold of Scott County, candidate for Congress in the Fourteenth District, will visit Captain Bice this week.——Mrs. Thomas Doney is visiting her sister at Springfield, Mo. Mr. D. will join her to-morrow, to be absent several weeks.——Miss Gertie Elles and Master Clarence Shostep are making a return visit to Miss Jennie Howey at Smithfield, Mo.——Mrs. Nevins and her daughters, the Misses Cora and Eliza Nevins, have recently been visiting Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Brown at their residence north of Carthage.

LINCOLN, ILL., August 24.—The political campaign will be formally opened in this county, by the Democrats, with a grand Democratic rally on Tuesday, September 2. Hon. Carter Harrison, Democratic candidate for governor, will be present and speak on the political issues of the day. The Democrats intend it to be one of the grandest and most enthusiastic rallies of the campaign. Hon. Joe. B. Maun. of Danville, will also address the multitude in simon pure Democratic language. Joe is one of Illinois' ablest speakers.——The Cleveland and Hendricks Club held a meeting Saturday evening and the membership has increased to over 400.——The Democratic outlook was never better than at present, and indeed the same may be truthfully said of Central Illinois.——The Logan County fair opens Monday with the brightest prospects both as to a large attendance and exceedingly large entries in all departments and in the races especially.

MARSHALL, Mo., August 24.—Another industry and business enterprise has just been added to the already numerous ones which have contributed to such an extent to Marshall's prosperity during the present summer. This last one is the California fruit evaporator, erected by Wash, Folch & Co. at a cost of $5,000. The capacity is 120 bushels of apples per day, and is now running thirty hands day and night.——A match game of base ball was played here Friday between the Miami Quicksteps and the Marshall Browns, resulting in a victory for the home club by a score of 15 to 5.——Town Scott and Irving Menager got into a difficulty at Marshall's saloon, last evening, and Menager struck Scott over the head with a billiard cue, inflicting an ugly wound.——The 6-year-old son of Leverett Leonard, at Mt. Leonard, this county, while playing with an axe, let it fall, striking him squarely in the face and cutting him quite badly.

Gold Pens, Lowest Prices.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

Mrs. Alice Denny has returned from a long vacation in Northern Illinois.

Officer John Collins was transferred from the Fourth to the Central District this morning.

Thomas Wells, 1107 North Eleventh street, quarreled with his wife last night, and later appeared at the Dispensary with a couple of scalp wounds.

Large forces of men are at work in the glass factories putting the furnaces in order for resumption of work next Monday. The Laclede Rolling Mills will also start up at the same time.

The movement of rafted lumber on the Upper Mississippi for the North St. Louis yards is greatly delayed by low water. At several of the landings business is entirely suspended for the present.

Albert Talbott, colored, was sent to the City Dispensary by Sergeant Kohlund. Talbott was suffering with his left foot and ankle crushed, the result of being run over by a wagon. He boarded at the corner of Eighth avenue and Montgomery street.

The funeral of the late Herman O'Brock will take place at 2 p. m. to-morrow from the family residence, 3745 North Broadway. Deceased was for thirty years a grocery dealer of North St. Louis and leaves an estate valued at between $40,000 and $50,000.

The two hundred members of Jefferson Lodge, No. 147, A. O. U. W., will meet at their hall, Fourteenth and Benton streets, Wednesday night, and proceed in carriages to West Gate Lodge, in Rock Springs, where they will be entertained with a concert and banquet.

At 6 o'clock this evening the officers and members of Red Cross Lodge, No. 54, Knights of Pythias, will assemble at 1200 Madison street for the purpose of escorting the remains of S. S. Hersey to Union Depot, whence they will be forwarded to Wheeling, W. Va., for interment.

The Banner Fishing Club, at its meeting Saturday night, consolidated with the Bremen Fishing Club. The new organization now has fifty members, all business men. Arrangements are now in progress for a series of entertainments, balls and banquets to be given during the fall and winter months. The new officers are Wm. Schrieber, president, and E. H. Hymers, vice-president.

Better Than Ten Years' Doctoring.

A correspondent of *The Union*, New York City, for whom that journal vouches as a citizen of high standing and influence, writes as follows: "St. Jacob's Oil has done me more good than ten doctors and their prescriptions in ten years, which cost me on to $5,000, to say nothing of the pain, loss of time and business. I am as well a man now as I was before recourse to doctors. I can safely and conscientiously recommend the oil to sufferers from rheumatism and kindred evils, tormenting the human body. I have moreover successfully tried it on three of my favorite horses, that had been declared incurable by Veterinary Surgeons of note."—*N. Y. Weekly Union.*

THE great $2 50 boys' suit at the GLOBE.

CITY NEWS.

Mrs. L. E. Trenchie's residence, 1321 Chestnut, was slightly damaged by fire Saturday night.

A telegram from Leamington, England, reports Rev. Dr. Goodell's condition much improved.

Somebody entered Dr. Harrisby's residence yesterday and robbed Kate McDonald's trunk of $26.

Sam Brown was quite seriously injured last night by falling down stairs at No. 2023 Morgan street.

The Sect Wine Company's outbuildings on Seventh near Lynch street were scorched by fire on Saturday night.

Hon. W. R. Townshend of Shawneetown, Ill., was in St. Louis yesterday, and predicts that his State will support Cleveland.

At Koerner's Garden on Saturday night sundry parties dislocated Ed. Compton's jaw and knocked several of his teeth out.

Thomas Phipp, colored, was arrested yesterday for stabbing William Payne on St. Charles, near Eleventh, two months ago.

Angelina Carter is charged by Alexander Carter with bigamy in having married Elias Wilson, while still, in law, Mrs. Alex. Carter.

The Socialists, yesterday, celebrated the Twentieth Aniversary of the death of Lasalle, the Communist, by speeches, etc., at Turner Hall.

A boy named Herman Heuman disappeared from No. 1821 Benton street several days ago, and his parents are very anxious about him.

John Debolco had his foot crushed at Allen's foundry on Saturday afternoon and Ernest Zalley had an arm broken at the same place.

Mrs. Thomas Wells and Thomas himself disagreed yesterday and she had him hauled to the Dispensary with less blood but more sense.

Ben Van Wert, in a fit of melancholy consequent on a great bum, plunged into the river at the foot of Poplar street yesterday, and was dragged out very wet.

Ernst Ballman, a farmer from Troy, Ill., came here last Tuesday with a load of potatoes, and the police are now trying to ascertain what became of him.

A lamp exploded at No. 2714 Franklin avenue on Sunday afternoon and J. R. Conrad was quite badly burned. The furniture was damaged to the extent of $25.

An old lamplighter, named Chris. Weiss, whose home is at 1808 Division street, was seriously injured by a fall from the top of his lamplighting ladder on Saturday.

Dr. Buxton Thillitoe, a member of the British Association for the Advancment of Science, and consulting hospital surgeon of London, was in the city yesterday.

Louis Gordie stabbed his friend, Montun Reubsman, in Seboth's saloon, Carondelet, yesterday, as a result of a discussion of which neither has a very distinct recollection.

Officers King, Scully, Roach, Sullens and Gregory have all been added to the pilot squad for duty on Fourth and Fifth street, and Sergeant Murray has been placed in charge.

Adolph Dills, the Sioux City bigamist, who was captured in Rock Spring, started for Iowa in charge of a Sheriff last night, with a good prospect of speedy and capital punishment.

On Saturday night the police arrested Mrs. Fred. Rince at the Union Depot for deserting her husband at Bonne Terre. He pursued, and last night arrived here and took possession of her.

Frank Bray and Henry Morse fought yesterday, after many libations at No. 709 South Main street, and Bray inflicted several dangerous stabs on Morse, after which he disappeared. Bray is at the hospital.

Theo. Hearne, having an old score against Chas. Hearne, visited him at his home, 1223 South Tenth street, yesterday, pounded his scalp out of condition with a revolver, fired several shots into the walls of the room, and left.

At a very early hour this morning some dark girl on Christy avenue lost her temper and stabbed Thornton Payne (colored) in the legs, cutting the femoral artery. He was sent to the City Hospital and only the best treatment will save him.

Dr. John R. Lindsley, secretary of the Tennessee State Board of Health, and treasurer of the National American Public Health Association, arrived here yesterday to attend to business preliminary to the convention of that association, which is to meet here in October.

Margaret Clark died at the City Hospital yesterday morning from burns received at No. 1115 North Eighteenth street on Saturday night. Her injuries were the result of a strange accident. She was asleep in her room at the number mentioned, when a lamp set fire to her bed-clothes, and before she was fully awake she was fatally burned.

Because some esthete hissed her song and dance at the Crystal Palace Theater last night, the sensitive Ida Cummings went back of the stage flies and stuck herself in the arm with a pen-knife, for the alleged purpose of bleeding to death. They tied a rag around her limb and thwarted her purpose.

Collector F. W. Mott was walking along one of the Carondelet streets on Saturday evening, wondering whether he should run for Congress or not, when a secoundrelly billy-goat charged on him from the rear and butted the middle section nearly out of him. He was in a somewhat promiscuous state in the street when the goat hit him again, and then somebody distracted his attention. Mr. Mott is drawing up an ordinance about goats with horns.

John Keene and somebody else whom he does not now identify had a very personal discussion at Third and Christy avenue yesterday morning, which made Keene so tired that he went to sleep on a barrel or dry goods box right afterwards. While he was thus defenseless his opponent returned and flaved him with a club, making it necessary for the police, who found him, to send him to the Dispensary. Keene feels that he has been treated very wrong.

At the Ursaline Convent yesterday after high mass by the Rev. Father Muehlsiepen the following young ladies made professions as novices of the Ursuline order: Misses Annie Dreher, in religion Sister Mary Angela; Annie Ahren, Sister Celestine; Emma Kinkel, Sister Mary Martin; Annie Padburg, Sister Mary Placide; Matilda Bloemke, Sister Mary Justine; Mary Newman, Sister Mary Margaret; Kate Murphy, Sister Mary Veronica; Sophia Hines, Sister Mary Pauline; Frances Karcher, Sister Mary Stephen; Lizzie Maxwell, Sister Mary Genevieve; Annie Berg, Sister Ludwina. The services were very impressive, and the address of the Vicar-General was a most able one. An elegant breakfast followed the ceremony.

"Rough on Dentist" Tooth Powder.

Smooth, refreshing, harmless, elegant, cleansing, preservative and fragrant, 15c. Druggists.

Don't You Do It.

Don't pay Fifth street clothing houses $10 for boys' suits when you can get boys' splendid Union cassimere suits from $2 50 to $5 this week at the GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

The Nationalist Picnic.

The picnic of the Irish Nationalists yesterday at Lindell Park drew an immense crowd to that resort. Excellent order prevailed and the day was made pleasant by all the athletic sports ever devised. In the afternoon addresses were delivered by John Frogan, Nicholas Ford, the fusion candidate for Governor, Congressman John J. O'Neill, Congressman John F. Finerty and Counselor Garvey. The parties were about equally represented in this array and the speakers avoided discussion of Presidential candidates.

Don't You Forget It!

That we are selling men's good cassimere suits, worth $15, for $8 50, to make room for fall stock, at the GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

"UNEASY"

The anxious moment in the life of the American small boy will soon be at hand, and a few days more will find him at his desk in the school-room, wondering if he ever will be able to get "that hard lesson in arithmetic through his head." He looks out through the window and sighs for one more frolic in the country. The bright sunshine streaming in on his desk suggests a gallop through shady lanes, and he wishes there was not a school-house in the world. But this feeling of discontent soon wears off, and in a few days he is pegging away, trying to master the intricate problems of the "three R's." Three months of vacation have played sad havoc with his clothes, and he must have a complete outfit before entering school. We have had the reputation so long of being

HEADQUARTERS

For BOYS' OUTFITTINGS that we simply state to parents and guardians: We are ready for you with a grand and complete stock of

-SCHOOL SUITS-

For SMALL BOYS, AVERAGE SIZE BOYS AND LARGE BOYS, made up from choice woolens, selected with a special eye to

Durability and Strength,

And that our prices always mean the lowest in the Western market. Remember, we are complete outfitters in Boys' Supplies and carry extensive lines of

Shoes, Hats and Furnishings.

School Supply Headquarters.

FAMOUS
SHOE AND CLOTHING CO.

SIX STORES UNDER ONE ROOF.
CLOTHING, SHOES, FURNISHINGS, HATS, MILLINERY, CHINA.
ANNEX DEPARTMENTS:
Parasols, Books, Trunks and Satchels.

HAD TO SHOOT.

Urgent Reasons That Impelled Wm. Kessler to Kill Chris Barner.

The stories as to how Christian Barner met his death yesterday afternoon differ in some of the details, but they all agree in the main fact, that had he not been killed when he was he would have taken the life of Wm. Kessler very soon afterward if he could. The affair occurred in Kessler's saloon and grocery store at the northwest corner of Fifteenth and O'Fallon streets. Barner, who is the son of the proprietor of a feed store two blocks further west, and who has a bad record for violent assaults and evil company, entered the saloon in a maudlin condition with several companions. He had a pitcher and called for five cents worth of beer. Then he became abusive because the amount given him was insufficient, as he claimed. Seeing trouble brewing, Kessler went back into the grocery, and as to whether he got a revolver or not at that time there is a difference of statement. Anyhow, Barner followed him in, and drawing a large pistol, presented it and attempted to shoot, but it missed fire. Barner fired two shots. He claims that he fired the first into the floor to frighten the man, and then, seeing it was a case of life or death, fired the second to save his life. The bullet struck Barner on the left side of the head, near the ear, and he died in a few moments. Barner was locked up, as were Ed Dwyer and James Moran, who accompanied Barner.

Getting Ready for School.

10,000 Children's splendid Union cassimere suits will be offered at $1 50 and $2 50 this week, to make room for fall stock, at the GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

Death Through Delirium.

John H. O'Neil, jr., son of Judge John H. O'Neil, the attorney, formerly of this city, met a terrible death yesterday morning. For over a week he had been confined by illness to his room, at No. 706 Pine street, suffering from nervous prostration, but was in a fair way to recover. During Saturday night he became delirious, and at an early hour yesterday morning he got out of bed in that condition and walked or fell out of a third-story window, alighting in a little pave between the side of the building and receiving fatal injuries. His body was discovered soon afterward, and his father, now living in Chicago, was notified. Deceased was employed by R. J. Lucas as a book-keeper, and was a single man.

Silk Umbrellas $3 to $15.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

In Memory of Dr. Pavy.

A very large congregation attended the memorial services for Dr. Octave Pavy at Christ Church yesterday afternoon. The memorial sermon was delivered by Rev. W. W. Silvester, pastor of the church, was very able, and was largly biographical, and was exceedingly interesting. Mrs. Pavy was present, as was Rev. Morris Cole, of New Orleans, who officiated at the Pavy wedding; Rev. R. M. Richardson and wife of Maryville, Lieut. Geo. Doone and wife of Jefferson Barracks, Rev. Marcenas Stone, father of Mrs. Pavy, Dr. R. M. Stone and wife of Denver, and Mrs. John A. Fuller and Mrs. Minerva Fuller of Denver.

THE GRAPE CURE

SAL-MUSCATELLE
IN AMERICA.

The Crystallized Salts as extracted from Grapes and Fruit; a most wonderful product from Nature's Laboratory. Have it in your home, travels, summer resorts and seaside cottage. A Specific for the Tagged, Weary or Worn Out. Cures Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Stomach, Liver and Bowel Complaints.

Prepared by the
LONDON SAL-MUSCATELLE COMP'Y,
London, England.
For sale by Richardson Drug Company, Meyer Bros. & Co., George K. Hopkins & Co., St. Louis.

SCHOOLS.

KIRKWOOD SEMINARY
Suburban School for Young Ladies.

The twenty-fourth annual session opens September 2 in new and delightful buildings, with beautiful grounds. Prompt application is necessary to secure rooms. Best of home training for limited number. Collegiate, intermediate and primary, music, language and art departments; the latter includes oil, water colors, china painting, charcoal, crayon drawing, etc. For catalogue and particulars address MRS. ANNA ARNOLD CAIRNS, Principal, Kirkwood, Mo.

MANUAL TRAINING SCHOOL
Washington University, St. Louis.

Candidates for admission will be examined Friday, September 5, beginning promptly at 9 o'clock. No boys under 14 years of age will be examined. The school will open Monday, September 8. For catalogue giving conditions of admission, course of study, methods of instruction, etc., send to C. M. WOODWARD, Director.

NO POISON
IN THE PASTRY
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Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., Flavor Cakes, Creams, Puddings, &c., as delicately and naturally as the fruit from which they are made. FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.

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Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems,
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Mosquitos will not trouble you as long as you use the mpound—will kill fleas on dogs and relieve a nervous adache. Prepared only by

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The only house in the city run both on the

EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PLAN.

This hotel, newly furnished, thoroughly fire-proof, is beautifully situated on the finest avenue in America, and is the most elegantly furnished west of New York. Rooms single and en suite, with baths and closets attached.

Regular Rates $3 50 per Day.

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PRIVATE LYING-IN HOSPITAL
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CLINIC FOR FEMALE DISEASES.

Ladies who expect their confinement can be accommodated.

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DR. H. NEWLAND.

The Dudes Decide

To come with the tide,
And we will take pride
Their æsthetic forms to encase
In a suit, coat or a shirt.
Of ties and scarfs we have plenty.
Shirts, collars and cuffs a great many.
A shirt for a dollar, a tie for a half;
Collar and cuffs for another.
So come along, boys, we can give you a drive that
Will make you smile and thank us for style
That will cost you but a little more than
A dollar or two.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.
ARTISTIC CLOTHIERS,
BROADWAY, COR. PINE STREET.

N. B.—Just received 50 dozen fine White Linen Shirts which we sell for $1 each.

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Everything needed in House-keeping at lowest cash prices and sold on easy

TIME PAYMENTS.

Ward's Lightning Washing Machine, THE BEST ON EARTH, sent FREE OF CHARGE to any one wishing to see its marvelous work. The best hotels and over 600 private families are now using them in this city. Price, including Wringer, $16 00.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

UNIFORM IN ITS BENEVOLENCE—The undersigned takes pleasure in tendering her sincere thanks to the Provident Mutual Protective Association, 219 Chestnut st., for the free medical attendance given her by their physician in her recent illness, from which she has entirely recovered. MRS. ELIZABETH FURGESON. Formerly 1006 N. 9th st., now Gratiot st.

St. Louis, August 20.

OFFICE ST. LOUIS TRANSFER RAILWAY COMPANY, SECOND AND PINE STREETS.

A MEETING of the stockholders of this company will be held at its office on Tuesday, September 2d, 1884, from 9 to 12 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of acting upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said company from $200,000, its present capital, to an amount not exceeding $250,000, and to issue bonds not exceeding $250,000.

M. A. WOLFE,
R. J. LACKLAND,
MILES SELLS,
J. P. KEISER,
ALEX. HAMILTON,
Directors.

OFFICE BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS OF ST. LOUIS (Marine), No. 314 Chestnut st., St. Louis, August 22, 1884.—Receivers and shippers take notice that on the cargo of all boats running in the Missouri river, between St. Louis and points above, four tariff rates will be charged "net" if such boats do not have the certificate of this Board. JAMES BARNARD, Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.
OFFICE ST. LOUIS COTTON COMPRESS COMPANY, ST. LOUIS, Mo., August 8, 1884.

The regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of (11) eleven Directors, will be held at the office of the Company, corner Rutger street and the Levee, on Saturday, September 13, 1884. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 12 o'clock noon. C. M. DONALDSON, Secretary.

TRUSTEE'S SALES.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Under the provisions of a deed of trust, dated the sixth day of September, 1883, and on record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 709, page 322, executed by Chas. W. Thomas, and default having been made in the payment of one of the principal notes and interest, therefore I, the undersigned, as trustee therein, will, on

MONDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1884, at the east front door of the Court House in said City of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and three o'clock p. m. sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, the following described property, conveyed by said deed, to-wit: A lot of ground known as lot No. thirteen (13), in block number three (3) of "Prairie Place", a plat of which is of record in the St. Louis City Recorder's Office. Said lot having a front of fifty (50) feet on the west line of Bellefiade avenue by a depth of one hundred and forty-two (142) feet two (2) inches. HENRY C. BARNARD,
St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 8, 1884. Trustee.

WHEREAS Jos. Heinser and Caroline, his wife, by their deed of trust dated April 27, 1881, and recorded in book 650, page 467 of the St. Louis City Recorder's office, conveyed to the undersigned lot three in block two of the subdivision of block 20 of the St. Louis commons, and in block 1,611 of said city, said lot fronting 50 feet on the north line of Winnebago street by a depth of 125 feet and eight inches to an alley, which conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of the principal note secured by said deed, and the said John Heinzer has departed this life more than nine months since. Now, therefore, I, August Gehner, as trustee, at the request of the legal holder and owner of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, will, on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1884, at the east front door of the Court House in St. Louis City, Missouri, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. of that day, offer for cash at public vendue, to the highest bidder, the aforesaid real estate for the purpose of satisfying said note and interest and costs of executing this trust.
AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, John Gueigmann (now more than nine months dead) and Anna Maria, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated November 6, 1873, of record in book 484, page 329, of the Recorder's office of the then county, now city, of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to Bernard Heidacker, the following described real estate, lying and being situate in block No. 760 of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at a point made by the intersection of the southern line of Anna street with the western line of Columbus street; thence southwardly with the western line of Columbus street one hundred and forty feet as a point; thence westwardly parallel with Anna street fifty feet to a point; thence northwardly parallel with the western line of Columbus street 39 feet 8 inches to a point; thence eastwardly parallel with Anna street 7¾ inches to a point; thence northwardly parallel with said western line of Columbus street 18 feet to a point; thence in a straight line 32 feet 5 inches, more or less, to a point in the southern line of Anna street, distant westwardly from the intersection of the southern line of Anna street with the western line of Columbus street 49 feet 8¾ inches; thence eastwardly with said southern line of Anna street 49 feet 8¾ inches to the place of beginning; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes more fully therein described. And whereas the principal note with interest has been allowed to remain due, and together with taxes for several years advanced by the holder of said note still remains unpaid; And whereas furthermore, the said Bernard Heidacker has departed this life on the 30th day of July, 1880, without having executed this trust. And, whereas, on the 20th day of August, 1884, by an order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, the undersigned, Herman J. Kremis, has been duly appointed trustee in place and stead of said Heidacker. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on